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THE WEEKLY COURIER

C. B. BAGLEY,
PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR

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OFFICE —On Fifth Street, near Main

IN compliance with an invitation from Sheriff Billings we went out with him to Seatco, this week, to examine the new penitentiary, and the various objects of interest at that place That point was selected on account of its nearness to an excellent water power, a valuable coal mine, and the Northern Pacific railroad The water power is now used to run a small sawmill, but can also be used to drive other machinery, including a hydraulic ram that keeps an immense tank filled for use in the penitentiary building. This tank is built on a large framework as high as the roof of the building and pipes conduct the water wherever needed The building is 150 feet long, and two stories high, with a steep roof that will admit of an attic that will be excellent for workshops The lower story has a hall in the middle and cells to the number of 36, ranged on both sides Each cell will hold two persons conveniently, and if necessary three. One hundred prisoners can be given accommodations in the present condition of the building Access to the ground floor is gained by a stairway, inside, leading down from the second story, which, in turn, is reached by an outside stairway, from the ground A prisoner to cut his way out from a cell would have to penetrate one foot of wood filled with spikes at intervals of but two or three inches The outside walls of the structure are built up of planks three inches thick and one foot wide, laid flat, one on the other and spiked down with immense nails Over five tons of nails and spikes were used in the building The second story is occupied by the officers' quarters, a large hall for the use of the prisoners in the daytime, kitchen, dining-room, wash-room, etc All the rooms are well ventilated, and an excellent system of drainage has been secured Around the grounds a fence 12 feet high and four inches thick has been put up, with only one entrance that is kept constantly guarded. Five guards are employed and every precaution is taken, day and night, to prevent escapes, and as the safe custody depends more upon the vigilence of the officers than upon bolts and bars Mr. Billings has endeavored to secure competent and experienced men for those places Only about twenty convicts have, as yet, been confined there, the sheriffs of King and Jefferson counties having refused to surrender the prisoners in their custody. Proceedings have been instituted to compel these officers to give up their charges and we have no doubt they will soon have to do so. Next week Mr. Billings will go over to Walla Walla to bring down the convicts confined there. Those at present on the grounds are employed in clearing and grading, in putting up officers' buildings and in numerous other ways. There seems no reason to doubt that employment will be found for all who may be confined there and that the institution will soon become a manufacturing center of great value to this region A strong argument in favor of its present location is that the labor of the convicts cannot come in competition with that of mechanics and laborers as it would had the building been put up near Olympia

THOSE individuals who have been used as catspaws by the Ring will, no doubt, feel grateful to McElroy, Wheaton, *et al*, when they learn that the latter have endeavored to conceal their own agency in the preparation of the much talked of charges against certain Federal officials of this Territory. However, as some of the original papers and copies of others have been returned from Washington the fingermarks of the makers are as plain as the hand writing on the wall.

HON. A. S. Abernathy, chairman of the late constitutional convention, came into town last week, bringing the engrossed copy of the proposed constitution to place the same on file in the Secretary's office,

THE dead body of a German named A Arnold, was found floating in the bay a few miles below town, last Monday, and brought up on the steamer Zephyr Appearances indicate that he committed suicide as he left his outside clothing in his room and had on only his underclothes At one time he was insane and was confined in the asylum, but after a time was discharged. Of late he had been acting oddly and his friends feared that another attack of insanity was coming on. He was a potter by trade and had been working for Mr. Billings for some time past. The last time he was seen was Wednesday or Thursday of last week An inquest was held but no facts were elicited except as above

THE individual who, without paying a cent, avails himself of the benefit of the Tacoma Reading room, and then is so lost to shame and all sense of honor as to steal papers from the files, and mutilate others, should remember that the Good Templars keep that room open for the benefit of all, at considerable expense, and that no one individual has a right to appropriate its contents to his individual benefit We hope such contemptible acts may not be repeated.

THE constitutional convention appropriated $325 for the printing and delivery to members of pamphlet copies of the proposed constitution. It was decided to let the contract to the printer who would supply the largest number of copies and the bid of 8,000 copies by this office being the largest the work was accordingly given out here The pamphlets will be ready for distribution about the 1st of September, should no unforeseen delay arise

A CREDIBLE report comes that the Northern Pacific will be extended from the Missouri river to the Yellowstone, a distance of 200 miles. There is little reason to doubt that had the bill for the extension of its charter become a law work would now be going forward at both ends of the route. Both roads are operated with large profits, now, large quantities of lands are sold every month and the future of the road is bright indeed

A PETITION for the retention of Mr Painter in the land office at Walla Walla has been numerously signed, but his Ohio successor will undoubtedly get the place and keep it It would be a good thing for Federal officials if Ohio would "enlarge her borders" so as to include the rest of the United States Then all could be Ohio men

MR C. E PERRINE, of Oak Point, on the Columbia, was thrown from a load of hay, last week, and bruised his arm severely. However he continued to work until compelled to quit by the pain in the injured member. Elysipelas set in and was followed by mortification, resulting in his death, Friday, August 2d

WALLA Walla county makes a remarkable showing in the collection of her tax levy, which in 1877 amounted to $40,554 96. All but $877 65 of this has been collected. The local papers are very safe in challenging any other county on the coast to make so creditable a showing

"HIMES the Printer," now of Portland, but in the Lang Syne an Olympia boy, is now rusticating at his father's home near this place He gave us a call this week. George is very popular among the printers

IN a correspondence to the Portland *Bee*, mention is made that Mr. Wilbur, agent of the Yakima Indians, has been summoned to Washington to explain a discrepancy of $25,000 in his accounts

TATE and Rudge had another footrace in Seattle, last Wednesday. Tate was the man who won the race on the Olympia Fair grounds on the 4th of July and was again successful this week.

THE steamer Union was burned on Fraser river, this week A gentleman named Scott exhibited great bravery and was instrumental in saving the lives of the crew and passengers.

REV D N Macfie will conduct the usual public worship in the Presbyterian Church, next Sunday morning, and at Tumwater in the afternoon No evening service

A HEAVY squall, accompanied by drenching rain, swept over most of the Sound region last Monday About one-third of an inch of water fell in less than an hour.

THE O. S N Company have chartered the Steamer Northwest for the fall trade on the Columbia and Snake rivers.

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON.

PREAMBLE

WE THE PEOPLE, grateful to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe for our freedom, in order to secure and perpetuate its blessings, form a more independent and perfect government, establish justice, insure tranquility, provide for the common defense and promote the general welfare, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the State of Washington

ARTICLE I.
BOUNDARIES.

THE BOUNDARIES of the State of Washington shall be as follows

Commencing one marine league west from the mouth of the middle of the north ship-channel of the Columbia River, thence along the northern boundary of the State of Oregon, up said river, to where the forty-sixth parallel of north latitude intersects the same near the mouth of the Walla Walla River, thence, east along said parallel to where it intersects the middle of the main channel of Snake River, thence, southerly, along said channel of Snake River, to where it intersects the forty-fifth parallel of north latitude, thence, east along said parallel, to where it intersects the meridian thirty seven degrees and thirty minutes west; thence, north along said meridian, to where it intersects the crest of the Bitter Root range of mountains, thence, northwesterly, along the crest of said mountains, to where it intersects the thirty ninth meridian west, thence, north, along said meridian to the boundary line of the British Possessions, thence, westerly along the line of the British Possessions to a point one marine league west from the mouth of the middle channel of the Straits of Juan de Fuca, thence southerly, a distance of one marine league west from the east shore of the Pacific Ocean, to the place of beginning—including all islands and parts of islands within said boundaries, within the jurisdiction of the United States

ARTICLE II
EMINENT DOMAIN.

SECTION 1 The State shall have concurrent jurisdiction on all rivers bordering on the State, so far as such rivers shall form a common boundary to the State and any other State or Territory, now or hereafter to be formed and bounded by the same.

SEC 2 The title to all lands or other property, which has accrued to the Territory of Washington, by gift, grant, purchase, forfeiture or otherwise, shall vest in the State

SEC 3 The People of the State, in their Rights of Sovereignty, are declared to possess the ultimate property in and to all lands within the jurisdiction of the State, and all lands, the title to which shall fail from a defect of heirs, shall revert or escheat to the State

ARTICLE III,
DISTRIBUTION OF POWERS.

SECTION 1 The Government of the State shall be divided into three separate and distinct departments, to wit, the Legislative, the Executive and the Judicial

SEC 2 No person, or collection of persons, holding any position in, or exercising any authority under, one of these departments, shall hold any office in, or exercise any authority whatever, under either of the others, except such as may be expressly provided for in this Constitution

ARTICLE IV.
SUFFRAGE AND ELECTIONS

SECTION 1 Every male person, over the age of twenty one years, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the State for six months next preceding any election, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election

1st—Citizens of the United States

2nd—Persons of foreign birth, who shall have declared their intentions to become citizens, conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization, six months before offering to vote.

3rd—Persons of mixed white and Indian blood, who have adopted the customs and habits of civilization.

The Legislature may prescribe additional qualifications for electors of municipal and school-district elections

SEC 2 For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained a residence by reason of his presence, or to have lost it by reason of his absence, while in the civil or military service of the State, or of the United States nor while a student at any institution of learning, nor while kept at public expense in any poor-house or other asylum, nor while confined in prison

SEC 3 Voters shall, in all cases except treason, felony, or breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at elections, and in going to and returning therefrom

SEC 4 No person, except a qualified elector, shall be elected or appointed to any civil office in the State.

SEC 5 The general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November

SEC 6 All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and a plurality of votes shall elect, in all cases except where the person who shall receive them shall be ineligible, in which case the person receiving the next highest number of votes, and who is eligible, shall be declared elected Elections, by persons in their representative capacity, shall be *viva voce*, and a majority shall be necessary to an election

SEC 7 No idiot or insane person shall be entitled to the privileges of an elector

SEC 8 Laws shall be passed, excluding from the right of suffrage, all persons who have been or may be convicted of bribery, perjury, or of any infamous crime, and depriving every person who shall make, or become, directly or indirectly, interested in any bet or wager depending upon the result of any election, of the right to vote at such election

SEC 9. The Legislature shall pass laws to preserve the purity of elections, and to guard against the abuse of the elective franchise, and shall, for that purpose, have the power to pass laws of registration

ARTICLE V.
DECLARATION OF RIGHTS

SECTION 1 All political power is inherent in the People, and all free governments are founded on their authority.

SEC 2 The people of this State have the right to alter or abolish their Constitution and form of government, whenever they deem it necessary to their safety and happiness, *provided*, such change be not repugnant to the Constitution of the United States

SEC 3 All persons are by nature free, and equally entitled to certain natural rights, among which are, those of enjoying and defending their lives and liberties, of acquiring, possessing and protecting property, and of seeking and obtaining happiness To secure these rights, governments are instituted, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed

SEC 4. All persons have a natural and indefeasible right to worship God according to the dictates of their own consciences

No person shall be compelled to attend, erect or support any place of worship, against his consent, and no preference shall be given by law to any religious society, nor shall any interference with the rights of conscience be permitted No religious test shall be required as a qualification for office, nor is any person incompetent to be a witness on account of his opinions on matters of religion; but nothing herein shall be construed to dispense with oaths or affirmations, but the liberty of conscience hereby secured shall not be construed so as to excuse acts of licentiousness, or practices inconsistent with the peace or safety of this State

SEC 5 No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law, or be denied the equal protection of the law

SEC 6 No person, on account of sex, shall be disqualified to enter upon and pursue any of the lawful business avocations or professions of life

SEC 7 Every person may freely speak, write and publish his opinions on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that liberty, and no law shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or the press In all prosecutions for libel, the truth may be given in evidence to the jury, and if it appears that the matter charged as libelous be true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party accused shall be acquitted, and the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the fact

SEC. 8 No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense without due process of law, and no person, for the same offense shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor again be put upon trial for the same offense after having once acquitted by a jury, nor shall be compelled, in any criminal cause, to be a witness against himself All persons shall, before conviction, be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for murder in the first degree and treason, where the truth is evident or the presumption great, and the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended unless when, in case of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require The right of trial by jury of twelve persons shall remain inviolate in all criminal causes A jury in civil causes, in all Courts, may consist of less that twelve persons, as may be prescribed by law and the concurrence of three fourths of the whole number of the jury shall be sufficient for a verdict; *provided* that the right may be waived by the parties, in such manner as may be provided by law

Hereafter a grand jury shall consist of seven persons, any five of whom, concurring, may find an indictment, *provided*, the Legislature may change, regulate, abolish or re-establish the grand jury system

SEC 9 Every person in the State shall be entitled to a certain remedy in the law, for all wrongs and injuries which he may receive in his person, character or property; justice shall be administered to all, freely and without purchase; completely, and without denial, promptly, and without delay, and all Courts shall be open to the public.

SEC 10 The right of the people to be secure in their persons, papers, houses and effects, against unreasonable seizure and search shall not be violated and no warrant shall issue except upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation in writing, describing, as nearly as may be, the place to be searched, and the person or thing to be seized

SEC 11 There shall never be, in the State involuntary servitude, save as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted

SEC 12 No person shall be imprisoned for debt except in case of fraud in contracting the same, or of an absconding debtor having means legally applicable to the payment of his debts or some parts thereof

SEC 13 In criminal prosecutions, the accused shall have the right to appear and defend in person and by counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation; to have a copy thereof, to testify in his own behalf; to meet the witnesses against him face to face, to have process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf, and a speedy public trial, by an impartial jury of the county or district in which the offense is alleged to have been committed

SEC 14 No bill of attainder, ex post facto law, nor any law impairing the obligation of contracts, or making any irrevocable grant of special privileges, franchises or immunities, shall ever be passed by the Legislature

SEC 15 Private property shall not be taken or damaged for public use without just compensation, and no person's particular services shall be required without just payment therefor

SEC 16 The rights of the people to peacefully assemble and consult for the common good, and to petition for the redress of grievances, shall never be restrained or abridged

SEC 17 The military shall always be in strict subordination to the civil power.

SEC 18 All laws in relation to the possession, enjoyment and descent of property, shall be alike applicable to resident aliens and citizens

SEC 19 The right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed, but this shall not be so construed as to justify the carrying of concealed weapons

SEC 20 All elections shall be free and open, and no power, civil or military, shall interfere to prevent the free exercise of the right of suffrage

SEC 21 Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against the same, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort, and no person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on his own confession in open Court

SEC 22 No person shall be transported out of the state for any offense committed within the same, and no conviction shall work a corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate,

SEC 23 All lands within the State are declared to be allodial, and feudal tenures, with all their incidents, are prohibited Leases and grants for agricultural lands for a longer term than fifteen years, in which rent or services of any kind shall be reserved, and all fines and like restraints upon alienation, reserved in any grant of land hereafter made, are declared to be void

SEC 24 No law shall be passed, granting to any citizen or class of citizens, privileges or immunities which, upon the same terms, shall not equally belong to all citizens

SEC 25. The operation of the laws shall never be suspended, except by the authority of the Legislature

SEC 26 The enumeration of this Constitution of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny, impair or disparage others retained by the people

ARTICLE VI
LEGISLATIVE.

SECTION 1 The Legislative power of this State shall be vested in two distinct branches, the one to be styled the Senate, and the other the House of Representatives, and both together, the Legislature of the State of Washington

The style of all laws shall be "Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington"

SEC 2 The number of members of the House of Representatives shall never be less than eighteen nor more than sixty The Senate shall consist of one-third the number of the House of Representatives

SEC 3 The Legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of the State, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, and at the end of every ten years thereafter, and, at the first session after such enumeration, and also at each enumeration made by authority of the United States, the Legislature shall apportion and district anew the members of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the number of inhabitants, excluding Indians not taxed and soldiers and officers of the United States army and navy

SEC 4 Elections for members of the Legislature shall be held biennially When vacancies occur in either House, the Governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

SEC 5 Senators shall be elected for the term of four years, and members of the House of Representatives for the term of two years, *provided*, that the members of the House first elected shall hold their offices until the time fixed for the meeting of the next Legislature, but no longer.

SEC 6 No person shall be a member of the Legislature who shall not be a qualified elector of the district for which he is chosen, and who shall not, for at least twelve months next preceding his election, have resided therein, *provided*, that any person who at the time of the adoption of this Constitution is a qualified elector in the county or district for which he shall be chosen, shall be eligible to the first Legislature

SEC 7 The first Legislature shall divide the State into at least ten legislative districts in each of which one Senator and three Representatives shall be elected at the general election then next ensuing, and the districts shall be of convenient contiguous territory, to be bounded by county, precinct or ward lines, and the number may be increased, but shall never exceed twenty The Legislative districts shall be numbered in regular series, and the Senators chosen by the odd numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the second year, and the Senators chosen by the even-numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the fourth year; and thereafter the Senators shall be chosen for the term of four years

Representatives shall hold their office for the term of two years In all elections of Representatives, after such division, each qualified elector may cast as many votes for one candidate as there are Representatives to be elected in the district, or he may distribute the same, or equal parts thereof, among the candidates, as he shall see fit, and the candidates highest in votes shall be elected But the legislature may at any time after the year 1890, adopt the system known as the preferential system, in the election of Representatives, and enact such laws as will be necessary to carry it into effect The terms of office of Senators and Representatives, elected at any time subsequent to the first election, shall commence at the end of the term of those in office at the time

SEC. 8 Each member of the legislature, as a compensation for his services, shall receive four dollars for each day's attendance, and ten cents for each mile necessarily traveled in going to or returning from the seat of government, and shall not receive any other compensation, perquisite, or allowance whatever No session of the Legislature, except the first, shall exceed forty days The legislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer, agent, servant or contractor after the service shall have been rendered, or the contract entered into, nor shall the compensation or mileage of any public officer be increased or diminished during his term of office

SEC 9 There shall be biennial sessions of the legislature Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may prescribe

SEC 10 Each House shall have power to determine its rules of proceeding, and punish its members or other persons, for contempt or disorderly behavior in its presence, to enforce obedience to its process, to protect its members against violence, or offers of bribes, or private solicitations, and—with the concurrence of two thirds of all the members elected—to expel a member, but not a second time for the same cause, and shall have all other powers necessary for a co ordinate branch of the legislature A member expelled for corruption, shall not thereafter be eligible to either branch of the same legislature, and punishment for contempt or disorderly behavior shall not bar a criminal prosecution for the same offense

SEC 11 The Senate shall, at the beginning and close of each regular session, and at such other times as may be necessary, elect one of its members as President

SEC 12 Each House shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and may, in its discretion, from time to time, publish the same The doors of each House shall be kept open, except when the public welfare shall require secrecy Neither House shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting

SEC 13 Members of the legislature shall, in all cases, except treason, felony, violation of their oath of office, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest, during their attendance at any session of the legislature, and in going to and returning from the same, and no member shall be liable in any criminal action or criminal prosecution whatever for words spoken in debate

SEC 14 No act of the legislature shall take effect until ninety days after its passage, unless in case of emergency (which shall be expressed in the preamble of the act) the legislature shall, by a vote of two thirds of the members elected, otherwise direct No bill, except the general appropriation bill, for the expenses of the government, introduced in either House after the expiration of the first thirty days of the session, shall be a law, unless the same shall have been recommended by the Governor by special message, and no bill, except one so recommended, shall be considered or become a law, unless referred to a committee, returned therefrom, and printed for the use of the members

SEC 15 No bill, except for general appropriations, shall be passed, containing more than one subject, which shall be expressed in the title, but if any subject shall be embraced in any act, which shall not be expressed in the title, such act shall be void only as to so much thereof as shall not be so expressed

SEC. 16 Every bill (except one recommended by the Governor as aforesaid, and except a general revision of the statutes) shall be read at length at least once in each House, all substantial amendments thereto shall be printed for the use of the members before final vote on the bill, and no bill shall become a law unless a majority of all the members elected to each House shall vote in its favor, nor unless, on its final passage, the vote be taken by ayes and noes and entered on the journal

SEC 17 No law shall be revised or amended by reference to its title alone, but as much thereof as is revised or extended shall be re-enacted and published at length as amended The legislature shall not pass local or special laws in any of the following cases, viz for laying out, opening, altering, or working roads or highways, vacating roads, town plats, streets, alleys and public grounds, regulating county or precinct affairs, regulating the practice in courts of justice, regulating the jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace, police magistrates and constables, changing the rules of evidence in any trial or inquiry, providing for change of venue in civil or criminal causes, declaring any person of age, the protection of game or shell fish, limitation of civil actions, or giving effect to informal or invalid deeds, summoning or empaneling jurors, providing for the management of common schools, regulating the rate of interest on money, the opening or conducting of any election, or designating the place of voting, the sale or mortgage of real estate belonging to minors or others under disability; chartering or licensing ferries or toll bridges, remitting fines, penalties or forfeitures, creating, increasing or decreasing fees, percentage or allowance of public officers, changing the law of descent, granting to any corporation, association or individual, any special or exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever, allowing the redemption of real estate sold for taxes or under the final process of any court

SEC 18 The presiding officer of each House shall, in the presence of the House over which he presides, sign all bills and joint resolutions passed by the legislature, the title of which shall be publicly read immediately before signing, and the fact of signing shall be entered on the journal

SEC 19 The legislature shall prescribe by law the number, duties and compensation of the officers and employees of each House, and no payment shall be made to any officer or employee, who does not discharge his duties in person

SEC 20 The legislature shall provide by law that all stationery required for the use of the State; and all printing and binding authorized and required by them to be done for their use or for the State, shall be let by contract to the lowest bidder, but the legislature may establish a maximum price No member or officer of any department of the government shall be in any way interested in any such contract.

SEC 21 Any bill may originate in either House of the legislature, and a bill passed by one House may be amended by the other

SEC 22 The legislature shall never authorize any lottery, nor grant any divorce, the sale of lottery tickets shall be prohibited by law

SEC 23 The general appropriation bill shall embrace only appropriations for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial departments, interest on the public debt, and for purposes of education All other appropriations shall be made by separate bill, each embracing but one subject

SEC 24 No money shall be paid out of the treasury except upon an appropriation by law, and by warrant drawn by the proper officer in pursuance thereof

SEC. 25 The legislature shall not delegate to any special commission, private corporation or association, any power to make, supervise or interfere with any municipal improvement, money, property or effects, whether held in trust or otherwise, or to levy taxes or to perform any municipal function whatever

SEC 26 No act of the legislature shall authorize the investment of trust funds by executors, administrators, guardians or other trustees, in the bonds or stock of any private corporation.

SEC 27 No obligation or liability of any person, association or corporation, held or owned by the State or by any municipal corporation, shall be exchanged, transferred, remitted, released, postponed or in any way diminished by the legislature, nor shall such liability or obligation be extinguished except by payment thereof into the proper treasury

SEC 28 Every order, resolution or vote to which the concurrence of both houses may be necessary, except on the question of adjournment or relative solely to the transaction of the business of the two houses, shall be presented to the Governor for his approval, and if he disapproves, he shall return it with his objections, to the house in which it originated, when it shall take the course prescribed in case of a bill

SEC 29 A member who has a private interest in any bill proposed or pending before the legislature shall disclose the fact to the house of which he is a member, and shall not vote thereon

SEC 30 The legislature shall direct by law in what manner and in what courts suits may be brought against the State

SEC 31 The legislature shall determine what persons constitute the militia of the State, and may provide for organizing and disciplining the same in such manner as may be prescribed by law

SEC 32 In all elections to be made by the legislature, the members thereof shall vote *viva voce*, and their votes shall be entered on the journal

SEC 33 The legislature may, by general law, confer upon the Boards of Commissioners of the several counties, such power of a local, legislative character, as they shall from time to time prescribe

SEC 34 The legislature shall pass laws defining the personal and property rights of married women

SEC 35 The privilege of the debtor to enjoy the necessary comforts of life shall be recognized by wholesome laws, exempting a reasonable amount of property from seizure or sale for the payment of any debt or liability hereafter contracted

ARTICLE VII.
EXECUTIVE.

SECTION 1 The Supreme Executive Power of the State shall be vested in a Governor, who shall hold his office for four years, and shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term.

SEC 2. No person shall be eligible to the office of Governor unless he is a citizen of the United States, and shall have attained the age of thirty years, and has been for three years next preceding his election an inhabitant of the State

SEC 3 The Governor shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State, at the general election next preceeding the expiration of an executive term The returns of every election for Governor shall be sealed up and transmitted to the Secretary of State, directed to the speaker of the House of Representatives, who shall, immediately upon the organization of the house, and before proceeding to other business, open and publish the same, in the presence of a majority of both houses of the legislature, who shall, for that purpose, assemble in the house of representatives The person having the highest number of votes for said office shall be declared duly elected But if two or more have an equal and the highest number of votes for the same office, one of them shall immediately be chosen thereto by the house on joint ballot, and shall be declared duly elected Governor Contested elections for Governor shall be determined by the two houses of the legislature, on joint ballot, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law

SEC 4. The Governor shall be commander in chief of the military and naval forces of the State He shall have power to convene the legislature on extraordinary occasions, by proclamation, stating the purposes for which it is assembled But at such session, no business shall be transacted other than that especially named in the proclamation; and in case of invasion, or insurrection, or danger from the prevalence of contagious disease at the seat of government, he may convene it at any other place in the State He shall transact all necessary business—civil and military He shall expedite all such measures as shall be resolved upon by the legislature, and shall see that the laws are faithfully executed

SEC 5 The Governor shall have power to grant reprieves, commutations and pardons, after conviction, for all offenses except treason, upon such conditions, and with such restrictions and limitations, as may be provided by law Upon conviction of any person for treason, he shall have power to suspend the execution of the sentence until the case shall be reported to the legislature at its next meeting, when the legislature shall either pardon, or commute the sentence, direct its execution, or grant a further reprieve The Governor shall communicate to the legislature, at each regular session, every case of reprieve, commutation or pardon granted, stating the name of the convict, the crime of which he was convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the commutation, pardon or reprieve, with his reasons for granting the same

SEC 6 In case of the failure to qualify, removal from office, death, resignation, absence from the State, or other disability of the Governor, the powers, duties and emoluments of the office, for the residue of the term, or until the disability be removed, shall devolve upon the president of the senate, or if, for any of the above named causes, he shall become incapable of performing the duties of Governor, the office shall devolve upon the speaker of the house of representatives, with like powers, duties and emoluments, for the residue of the term, or until the disability shall be removed

SEC 7 Every bill passed by the legislature shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor for his approval If he approve, he shall sign it, but, if not, he shall return the same, with his objections, to the house in which it originated, which house shall enter the objections at large upon its journal, and proceed to reconsider it If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the members elected to that house should agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall also be reconsidered; and, if approved by two-thirds of the members elected to that house, it shall become a law In all such cases, the vote of each house shall be determined by ayes and noes, to be entered on their respective journals If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within five days (Sundays excepted), after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall become a law, unless the legislature, by its adjournment, prevent its return in which case it shall be filed, with its objections, in the office of the Secretary of State, within ten days after such adjournment, or else become a law

SEC 8 The Governor may require information in writing, from the officers of the administrative and military departments of the State, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, which information shall be given upon oath whenever so required He may also require information in writing at any time, under oath, from all officers and managers of State institutions The Governor shall, at the commencement of each session, and from time to time, by message, give to the legislature, information of the condition of the State, and shall recommend such measures as he shall deem expedient He shall also send to the legislature, at the beginning of each session, a statement of all moneys of the State, expended by him or under his direction, and, at the same time, present estimates of the amounts of moneys required to be raised by taxation for all State expenditures

ARTICLE VIII.
JUDICIAL.

SEC 1 The Court for the trial of impeachments shall be composed of the senate The house of representatives shall have the power of impeaching all civil officers of the State, for corrupt conduct in office, or for crimes and misdemeanors, but a majority of all the members elected shall concur in an impeachment On a trial of an impeachment against the Governor, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall preside No judicial officer shall exercise his office after he shall be impeached until after his acquittal Before the trial of an impeachment, the members of the court shall take an oath or affirmation, truly and impartially to try the impeachment according to the evidence, and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members elected Judgment, in cases of impeachment, shall not extend further than removal from office, or removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of honor, profit or trust under the State, but this shall not prevent the officer from being prosecuted and punished in the courts according to law

SEC. 2 The judicial power of the State, both as to matters of law and equity, shall be vested in a Supreme Court, Circuit Courts, Probate Courts; Justices of the peace, and such inferior municipal courts at may be provided by law

SEC 3 The Supreme Court, except in cases otherwise provided in this Constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction in all chancery causes, and jurisdiction in all actions at law, civil and criminal, upon writs of error, which shall be co extensive with the State, but in no case removed to the Supreme Court, shall a trial by jury be allowed The Supreme Court shall have a general superintending control over all inferior courts, under such regulations and limitations as may be prescribed by law, it shall have power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari and other original and remedial writs, and to hear and determine the same

SEC 4 For the term of four years and thereafter, until the legislature shall otherwise provide, the judges of the several circuit courts shall be *ex officio* judges of the Supreme Court, a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum; and a concurrence of a majority of the judges present shall be necessary to a decision, *provided*, that in the event the court shall be equally divided in opinion, the cause shall be continued for reargument, and if upon re-argument, the court shall again be divided in opinion, the judgment below shall be affirmed The legislature shall have power, after the expiration of said term, to provide by law for the organization of a separate Supreme Court, with the jurisdiction and powers prescribed by this Constitution, to consist of one chief justice, and two associate justices, to be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate. The Supreme Court, when so organized, shall not be changed or discontinued by the legislature, the judges thereto shall be so classified that but one of them shall go out of office at the same time, and their terms of office shall be the same as is provided for judges of the circuit courts

SEC 5 The State shall be divided into three judicial circuits, to be composed as follows The first circuit shall comprise all that portion of the State lying east of the summit of the Cascade mountains, except the county of Klickitat

The second circuit court shall comprise the counties of Chehalis, Clarke, Cowlitz, Klickitat, Lewis, Mason, Pacific, Skamania, Thurston and Wahkiakum

The third circuit shall comprise the counties of Clallam, Island, Jefferson, King, Kitsap, Pierce, San Juan, Snohomish and Whatcom.

SEC 6 The legislature may alter the limits, or increase the number, of circuits, making them as convenient and compact as practicable, and bounding them by county lines, but no such alteration or increase shall have the effect to remove a judge from office

In case of an increase of circuits, the judge or judges shall be elected, as provided in this Constitution, and receive a salary not less than that provided for judges of the circuit court

SEC. 7 For each circuit there shall be a judge chosen by the qualified electors therein, who shall hold his office as is provided in this Constitution One of the judges shall be designated as Chief Justice, by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the senate The judges first chosen under this Constitution, shall be elected at the first general election provided herein for members of the legislature, and shall hold their offices for four years The legislature shall, at its first session, provide by law, as well for the election of, as for classifying, the judges to be thereafter elected in such manner that one of said judges shall go out of office in two years, one in four years, and the remaining judge or judges in six years, and thereafter the judge or judges elected to fill the office shall hold the same for six years

SEC 8 In all causes submitted in the Supreme Court, and in all causes tried by the circuit courts, without a jury, the judgment or decree shall be rendered at the same term at which the causes are submitted, or within thirty days thereafter, *provided*, that the judgments and decrees may be rendered by judges of the circuit courts in vacation or upon default for failure to plead or answer

SEC 9 The circuit courts shall have original jurisdiction in all matters, civil and criminal, within this State, not excepted in this Constitution, and not hereafter prohibited by law, and appellate jurisdiction from all inferior courts and tribunals, and a supervisory control over the same They, and the judges thereof respectively in vacation shall have power to grant writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, prohibition, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari, and other original and remedial writs necessary to carry into effect their judgments and decrees, and give them a general control over inferior courts, officers and jurisdictions, and to hear and determine said writs at such times and in such manner as may be provided by law

Remedies at law must be administered separately from those in equity

SEC 10. There shall be a clerk of the Supreme Court, appointed by the judges thereof, who shall hold his office during the pleasure of said judges, and his compensation shall be such fees as may be provided by law

SEC 11 There shall be a clerk of the circuit court, in each county where such courts are authorized to be held, who shall be appointed by the judge of the circuit, and who shall hold his office during the pleasure of said judge, his compensation shall be such fees as may be provided by law

SEC 12 When a vacancy shall occur in the office of judge of the Separate Supreme Court, such vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the Governor, which appointment shall hold good until a successor is appointed, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, which successor shall hold his office for the remainder of the unexpired term.

SEC 13 When a vacancy shall occur in the office of judge of the circuit court, such vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the Governor; and the appointee shall hold for the remainder of the unexpired term.

SEC 14 The judges of the Supreme and Circuit courts shall not receive fees of office, or other compensation than their salaries, they shall not be eligible to any office of public trust, except a judicial office, during the term for which they are respectively elected, and all votes for either for any office except a judicial one, given by the legislature or by the people, shall be void. *Every judge shall, before taking his office,* subscribe and file with the Secretary of State a written pledge that he will not, during the term for which he was elected or appointed, accept any office of profit or trust—except a judicial office—under the government of the United States, or under any other state in the Union, or under any foreign power No person shall be eligible to the office of judge who shall not, at the time of his election or appointment, be a citizen of the United states, have attained the age of twenty-five years, and be a qualified elector within the jurisdiction for which he may be chosen

SEC 15 The Supreme Court shall hold at least one term annually, at the seat of government of the state, at such time as shall be provided by law; and the legislature may provide for holding other terms, and at other places, when they may deem it necessary The Circuit Courts shall hold courts at such times and places as now are or may be prescribed by law The judges of the Circuit Courts may hold terms for each other, and shall do so when required by law

SEC 16 The electors of the several precincts, at the time appointed for the election of county commissioners, shall, in such manner as the legislature may direct, elect justices of the peace, whose term of office shall be for two years They shall have jurisdiction as may be conferred by law, but they shall not have jurisdiction of any case wherein the value of the property or the amount in controversy exceeds the sum of one hundred dollars, nor where the boundaries or title to real estate may be called in question. The Supreme and Circuit courts shall be courts of record and of general jurisdiction. All inferior courts shall be courts of special and limited jurisdiction and not of record.

SEC 17. The style of all writs and process shall be, "The People of the State of Washington" All criminal prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the state

SEC 18 The legislature shall provide for the speedy publication of all laws, and of the decisions of the Supreme court.

SEC 19 There shall be elected by the qualified electors of each judicial circuit, at each general election for members of the legislature, a circuit attorney for each circuit, whose term of office shall be two years, and whose duties and compensation shall be as provided by law No person shall be eligible to the office of circuit attorney who shall not, at the time of his election, be a qualified elector in the circuit for which he is elected, and shall have practiced as attorney of a court of record

The Puget Sound Courier.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING BY
C. B. BAGLEY, Editor and Proprietor.

OLYMPIA, W. T.

A Child's Heart.

BY THE REV. FREDERICK LANGBRIDGE.

Give me thy heart, O little child!
Just for one golden hour,
Thine eyes by passion undefiled,
Thy soft cheek's peachy dower
Give me thy curls that float and fall
In tangles sweet and wild;
But more than all, oh, more than all,
Give me thy heart, O child!
O glad child's heart!

Give me thy heart of careless sun,
And I will give to thee
My present schemes, my triumphs won,
My dreams that might not be,
My precious hoard of garnered thought
Filed in the fruitful years,
My worldly wisdom, dearly bought,
With blood, and toil, and tears,
O glad child's heart!

He gives his curls a saucy shake
And blithely darts away,
Not all the promises I make
Will tempt the child to stay,
For if helent for one sweet hour,
That priceless boon I lack,
Full well he knows no earthly power
Could make me give it back—
O glad child's heart!

—*Sunday Magazine.*

Scraps From a Doctor's Note-Book.

Perhaps some one may remember Col H. J Kinney, of Texas, now dead, who started from New York with a load of emigrants, otherwise *filibusters*, for the purpose of civilizing Nicaragua and the adjacent Central American States. It was my fortune to be of the party, and an eventful voyage it was. Some time I hope to give some of the strange things that then occurred Completely shipwrecked once, without the loss of a man, we were on the verge of shipwreck half a dozen times. How I came to be in the party was always a mystery to me But a young physician, just commencing the practice of medicine, never knows one month where he will be the next, and that was my condition

We arrived at San Juan del Norte, and found that Col Walker (later General) had arrived from California, upon the other side, (that is, San Juan del Sud,) had captured Nicaragua, and in consequence we became cooped up in San Juan del Norte. As it is not my intention to give a history of those times, I shall skip all relating to it and go to the story which I started to tell. It occurred about six months after my arrival, when I had acquired a good knowledge of the Spanish vernacular, and had also obtained quite an extended local reputation as a successful physician.

I sat dreamily swinging in my hammock one day, smoking a cigar, watching the alligators rise, float and sink in the *laguna* in the rear of my habitation, and wondering at the scene My house was in the upper part of the town, and its rear opened upon the lagoon, as we Americans called it, and to a Northern-bred man like myself it was a strange view

The edge of the water was the washing place, and undeterred by fear of alligators the women of the place would gather in parties of two and three, and do their clothes' washing upon the flat stones lying around by beating them with a flat stick Some of these ladies, not having the fear of man in them, would remove their upper clothing, and in a short skiff, calmly perform their household duty, unnoticing, and unnoticed by me Others would laughingly salute me in going by "A dios, Senor" To which I would reply, "Como, se va, Nina?" and the answer would come drawlingly, "Bu-e-no"

The trees on the banks of the lagoon, on either side of the washing place, were usually filled with bright colored noisy birds, and the dark green woods upon the other side of the water, extending into unknown regions, and from which I could hear the howling of the monkeys, together with the floating forms of hideous alligators, gave a sombre and dark back-ground, setting off the brightness of the fore-ground of the beautiful picture with great effect

From this dreamy vision I was aroused by footsteps and the entrance of a tall, grave person, apparently a gentleman, as he was clothed well, yet plainly, and had on none of the gaudy ornaments so common in the place He was about thirty years of age, and with a pleasant yet deep voice he addressed me in Spanish.

"Good day, Senor, are you the physician?"

"Yes, Senor," I replied, "what can I do for you?"

"A young lady," (emphasizing the word "Señorita" slightly,) "is very sick and desires your presence immediately"

I arose, donned my out door habiliments, looked at my watch, (it was half-past ten in the morning,) asked what was the nature of the case, and received the unexpected reply, "you had better take your amputating case, Senor Medico"

Startled I asked for fuller particulars, but received evasive replies from my visitor, he only saying that I "would be more fully informed when I saw the Senorita," and "that I would be well paid for my services," at the same time showing me a purse well filled. A little dubious, I asked his name

"Juan Rivas, Senor Medico, and the name of the Senorita is Inez Rivas Our residence is near the forest, just back of the town," he responded, in a free, easy tone, that silenced the questions that had arisen in my mind.

It is astonishing with what ease an unsuspicious mind will pass over the most evident and palpable evidences of duplicity. I took my case of instruments in my hand, and we started At his suggestion we took the path that led near the lagoon, through a clump of trees, back of the houses Trying to converse with my companion, I observed a peculiar reticence in all his replies Trying, in a sort of blind way, to fathom his peculiarity, I noticed four or five men, standing, near where we must pass, in a place generally deserted. Wondering at this I remarked "Senor Rivas, what are those men doing there?"

"I know not," he replied, "but I see one I know," and as we approached, he said, "Buenos dias Carlos, what is going on to-day?"

The man addressed touched his sombrero and came forward as if to speak to him

Rivas at this moment directed my attention to the lagoon by a motion and an inquiry, "What is that?" and something flew past my eyes, settled around my neck, tightened, and I was drawn over backwards to the ground I *was lassooed* The other men sprang instantly forward, and in a moment my hands were tied, a bandage tied over my eyes and another over my mouth, and I was helpless. The quickness and unexpectedness of the whole thing prevented any kind of resistance, and although not afraid, I was, so to speak, thunderstruck with surprise. "Senor Medico," said Rivas, "fear nothing, no harm is intended you. It is, however, necessary that you be taken prisoner, for the case to which you are called demands the greatest secrecy and will necessitate your absence from San Juan, so be patient and do not fear" Of course I had nothing to reply I was taken up, carried to some kind of a canoe and deposited therein From the distance, I imagined it was in the lagoon, but no word was spoken save a few low directions from Rivas The journey that followed was long and tedious. Save the sound of the paddles and occasionally a direction from Rivas to the paddlers, nothing came to my ears but the voices of birds in the forest and other sounds of the woods. I knew we must have passed out of the lagoon into the river, but in what direction we went after that I could not guess Time passed very slowly Hours seemed like days, and when finally we stopped, my eyes unbandaged, my hands untied, my mouth freed, and I found myself sitting up in the canoe, surrounded by Rivas and a half dozen men, my first impulse was to consult my watch It was one o'clock We had travelled two hours and a half, we were fastened to a bank of the stream in a dense forest. I turned to Rivas.

"Senor Rivas, what means this outrage? I have no money of which to be robbed, I am no ways interested in politics, what does all this mean?"

"Senor Doctor," replied he, in deep, grave tones, at the same time drawing a pistol, in which action he was followed by two or three men, "you of course understand that you are in my power Resistance would be in vain, but no harm is intended you Your assistance is necessary to save life If you refuse to assist, your own life will be the penalty, without benefiting any one else You have been released to allow opportunity for refreshments If you will accept such fare as I can offer you, you are welcome Do not let us quarrel until there is necessity"

"Will you not, at least, Senor Rivas," said I, "inform me of the nature of the service I am expected to perform?"

"Not until the proper moment comes," he answered, "meanwhile, eat and rest yourself"

I submitted with the best grace possible, and went on shore, being closely attended by two Spanish gentlemen, such as we Americans familiarly called "greasers" A fire was built, some plantains roasted, some meat broiled, and we all ate our dinner Rivas and myself had bread with our meat, apparently provided for the occasion, and a separate flask of liquor I was in hopes the liquor would make some one talkative, but the sharp eye of Rivas was too watchful to allow much to be drank. Conversation was a nullity. I received respectful replies and the men conversed about their duties, but that was all. After eating, Rivas approached and said "Now, Doctor, I am again about to apply the bandage to your eyes, but it will not be for long" I looked again at my watch and wondered to myself if I should lose it before getting out of this nest of cutthroats It was fifteen minutes before two. My eyes were bandaged again and we started, this time through the woods On, on we went until I began to think we never should stop and to consider the propriety of begging for a rest. We finally halted and my eyes were loosed My watch informed me that it was half-past two We must have gone about four miles Where were we? I looked around We were in the midst of a dense forest, in front of a cane house, such as was usual in these regions, with a couple of men standing in front of the door, armed with guns A number of guns stood under a shed by the side of the house that evidently belonged to the party that had come with me, as they immediately took possession of them and I found myself surrounded by armed men Now I am not a coward, but I will confess my heart sank and I began to consider the likelihood of getting off alive I turned and said "Senor Rivas, this looks rather warlike Will you now explain?"

"Si, Senor, will you please accompany me?" The men scattered around, and we proceeded to seat ourselves at the side of a tree, together with a couple of his followers

"Senor Doctor, a young lady has betrayed her country, and incurred the penalty of death She is permitted to save her life with the loss of her right hand and right eye. You have been selected to perform the operation It is useless for you to resist Your life will be the forfeit For your aid, you shall be well rewarded"

I drew a long breath "Senor, this is remarkable What induced you to suppose I would act the part of a common executioner?"

"No, Senor," he replied, "you will perform a worthy act. You will save the life of a young lady to whom I am connected." (Here he grated his teeth) "You will relieve me from the necessity of becoming her executioner," and after a pause, "and yours"

"Truly a pleasant prospect," replied I, "but before coming to any conclusion, let me see the young lady"

At a motion from Rivas, one of the men near by went to the house, opened the door, and there issued a girl of about twenty years, followed by an old negress, that during all the scenes which followed never opened her mouth When I think over the ability that all these people had for keeping silence during that time, it seems to me they must have been bound by some very strong tie, or been under the most complete control of Senor Rivas The maiden was lovely Her black hair streamed over her shoulders, hiding yet revealing a face of wonderful regularity and roundness She was dressed in white, the fashion of the country, very simply, and her upper garment had fallen off her shoulder, showing a bust of dazzling beauty and whiteness

I rose as she advanced toward me, but she cast herself at my feet, clasping her hands and with tears streaming over her countenance, she cried in heart-rending tones

"Oh! Doctor, save me, save me. For the love of God, have mercy upon me. Have pity on me, for the love of the Holy Mother"

I attempted to raise her, but she resisted all my endeavors, grovelling at my feet, and crying for mercy.

"Child, what does all this mean?" I said, trying to calm her

"Oh, Doctor, they will kill me," she cried in a piteous voice

"Then they will kill me, too," I answered, all my manhood rising in me at the sight.

"Senor," said I, turning to Rivas, "I refuse to proceed" He sat there motionless as a statue, with his lips firmly compressed Muttered "carajos" met my ear from the men gathered around, knives were fingered, eyes darted fire, and I felt that death was near However, my mind was as firm as a rock

Rivas rose slowly and approached us As he advanced, Inez sprang to her feet, and throwing herself upon him, clasped her arms around his neck, saying, "Juan! dear Juan! is there no pity?"

Gently removing her arms, and seating her upon the ground, he said, "Inez, Carita! you know the penalty With my life would I save you, but the sentence is inevitable Be brave—be courageous. I have made you my wife I will ever cherish you Be strong and look to the future, in which there is love and happiness"

"But my eye," she cried, "must it be sacrificed?"

His head dropped "I will consider," he said

He called one of the men to him "Will it be permitted to give my own eyes as ransom for hers, think you, Senor Romeio?" he asked

"We will vote," was the reply

Rivas motioned the negress to lead the girl to the house As the door closed, three men of the party were called, and a consultation ensued in low tones They separated, and Rivas turned to me.

"It is settled," he said "You will deprive my right eye of its sight, and only deprive her of her hand"

"Senor Rivas," I answered, "I propose to do nothing that will injure that child My life is worthless to me if I should carry with me the knowledge of having done her wrong Further, I demand an explanation of the circumstances under which she is here."

"The whole thing is simplicity itself," was his answer "She was under penalty of death, for what, concerns you not I have redeemed her by making her my wife, she consenting to a partial punishment in addition

"I have further decided to lessen that punishment by taking upon myself a portion It must be fulfilled or she dies Will you aid me in saving her?"

His dark eyes seemed as if they would penetrate my soul

I turned the subject in my mind. As for his eye, I did not care. I might have been wrong, but I felt as if I could amputate his head with perfect equanimity. As for Inez' hand, there was the rub I turned to him

"Senor, if the lady desires me to amputate her hand, to save her life, I will do so, but on no other condition"

"Gracias, Senor," was the reply, and he turned and went into the house

Presently he returned, with a request that I should enter I found Inez reclining on the coarse couch of stretched bull hide, but in a more calm condition

"Senor," said she "it is necessary that I lose a hand to save my life Will it pain me much?"

"Not at all," I replied, "there will be no pain I have a vapor that, if inhaled, will cause you to sleep, and pain will be entirely absent, but do I understand you that it is absolutely necessary to save your life?"

"Yes, doctor, and but for my dear Juan, even that would not have been granted," she answered, casting her eyes full of tears, but with an expression of love and gratitude, towards Senor Rivas.

Of course I had nothing now to do but call for my instruments, administer chloroform and proceed The details of the operation, although interesting to a medical man, might not be so to my readers, consequently I omit it, but I flattered myself it was well done, and a very creditable operation When the effects of the anesthesia had passed away, she called me to her, kissed my hands, and blessed me in the choicest of Spanish

As for Senor Rivas' eye, I made short work of that I took my finest needle, passed it into the vitreous body, put on a wet cloth, and told him to "Va con Dios,"—his eye was destroyed He informed me that the old negress was an "excellent nurse, and could dress the stump of Inez' arm as well as a medico," which news was gratifying to me, as it ensured her speedy recovery

I looked at my watch—six o'clock. What prospect had I of returning? A serious question, and one over which I had no control. I ventured to suggest to Rivas the necessity of my presence in San Juan, but his request to stay for supper was equivalent to a command, and I was obliged to exercise my patience for something to turn up, and it came, for about seven o clock, he came to me with the information that, if I would consent to be again blindfolded and not ask questions, he would send a man to conduct me to my house I readily promised, and pressing upon me a purse containing about two hundred dollars, he bade me good-by with many wishes for my happiness. The long journey was retaken, and finally reached its conclusion, and I was left standing in darkness, with instructions to wait fifteen minutes before removing the handkerchief

At the end of that time, removing the blind-band, I found myself near my house, in the path upon which I had started in the morning. I went home, lighted my lamp, and looked at the time "Great Heaven!—can it be only twelve hours since I started this morning?" I could hardly believe it Everything seemed like a dream In fact, many of my friends call it a dream to this day; but it is a true fact The condition of my case of instruments attested it, my own personal condition the next day proved it, and although most of my friends call it one of my "yarns," the story is a true incident out of my life.

I never heard from or saw either Juan Rivas or Inez from that day to this —*H I, M. D, in Evening Journal*

Gambling at Agricultural Fairs.

Eli Stilson, Superintendent of the Wisconsin Agricultural State Fair Grounds, lately wrote the *Prairie Farmer* relating to "Gambling at Agricultural Shows," calling attention to facts concerning the large sums divided by sporting men and their accomplices in crime, meaning the society managers who tolerate this great wrong by sharing the spoils under the plea that it is for the society's treasury Read what Mr Stilson says

During the last four years, by a unanimous agreement of the executive committee of the State Agricultural Society, I have excluded all gambling and games of chance from the State Fair grounds Yet each year the number and prices offered for the use of the fair grounds show that these vampires must be meeting with success somewhere I have thus early before me, as superintendent of the State fair grounds, several letters and circulars, asking to rent for their hellish purposes One offers $500, and gives a list of fairs where he claims he practiced his abominations last year, and among them are the State Fair at Dayton, Ohio, and State fair at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and five district fairs in Illinois But the circular does not say one word about how the good sense and moral indignation of the people at one of those Illinois district fairs were so aroused that all the officers of the fair were indicted and heavily fined, just as they should always be, and likely will be in the future Another circular and letter wants to take the State Agricultural Society in as partner in its cut-throat depravity, and claims that it usually clears from $1200 to $5000, and one-half of this, the blood-money of the gambler, it will pay to the Agricultural Society, in behalf of humanity, in behalf of Western farmers, let me appeal to such fair managers to exclude such gambling from their fair grounds, and on failure to do so, may there be farmers or other persons enough who have the moral courage to follow the noble example set by Illinois, and present them to the courts for liscensing or allowing gambling Another party offers $800 for exclusive rights. It is a stain, a fraud, a libel on agriculture, and let it be wiped out.

Let agricultural society managers read, mark and inwardly digest the foregoing suggestions, in New England as well as in the West

WHAT nation produces the most marriages?—Fascination.

The Fat Contributor.

The "Fat Contributor" was in Utica yesterday He had been to Binghampton to take a Cincinnati friend, who was an unfortunate victim of drink, to the state asylum for inebriates Griswold's description of his Binghampton experience is quite touching Said he "After stopping in Binghampton over a night, at the Exchange Hotel, we took a carriage and were driven up to the asylum, which is situated on a hill commanding a magnificent view of the city and valley beneath The driver, as he held the carriage door for us to get in, gave me a sympathetic tap on the shoulder, and whispered hoarsely in my ear, 'If yer anyways shaky this mornin' I've a khrop of whisky in me great coat-pocket Long time afore ye get another chance maybe'

No time to explain the mistake he had made, so I said nothing and the man drove on. The road was muddy and our progress necessarily slow, so that people passing could take a long stare at us Singular, but they all looked at me, and shook their heads sadly Overheard one old lady remark, as she gazed at me, 'Poor man, I fear there's no help for him Too far gone'

When we arrived at the institution, a man came down the steps and stuck his head into the carriage window, gazing at my companion and then at me, with a somewhat puzzled air. In a moment, however, he nodded at me, smiled a kind of welcome, and said, 'Did you suffer from the journey?' Then, turning to my friend, he remarked, in a low tone, 'Will he come in quietly, or shall we need more help?'

Scorning to explain the true condition of things to a porter, for such he was, I got out with my friend, and we ascended the steps to a hall, where a number of distinguished inebriates were assembled As we passed through I heard one of them remark to another, nodding significantly at me, 'Tough case, that' We entered the reception room, and when the superintendent came he glanced hastily in, and then marched straight up to me with extended hand, saying, 'My dear sir, I am glad to see you I got your friend's letter and have been looking for you a couple of days How did you stand the trip?'

'Sir,' said I, annoyed by these continual blunders, 'I have come—'

'Yes, I see you have come,' cried the superintendent, briskly, 'and if you hadn't I am afraid it would have gone hard with you But we will put you on your feet again, never fear'

'But you mistake me,' I said with injured dignity, 'I have brought—'

'No matter what you brought,' interrupted the superintendent, 'you would not be able to drink any of it here if you brought a barrel of it.'

'Hang it, man,' cried I, 'let me explain'

'No necessity for any explanation now,' said the superintendent, cheerfully 'We have had plenty of cases just as bad as yours, so pray compose yourself If you feel like taking a chloral cocktail after a while you can have it, but you mustn't get agitated'

I began to fume and swear, and I really believe they would have had me in a straight jacket very soon had not my friend, whom I had brought there for treatment, came to my rescue, and explained the true situation of things If he had been maliciously inclined, he might have left me at the asylum, with orders to keep me under close surveillance for three months, gone back to town in the hack and had a high old time by himself. It was the narrowest escape I ever made in my life And a total abstinence man of four years' standing Now if any friend wants me to take him to an inebriate asylum again, he will have to go by himself.—*Utica Observer.*

Whims of Dress.

Some amusing facts are given in an article in *Le Sport*, on the changes which have taken place in French costumes since the days of Henry III. Marguerite de Valois, though she had an abundance of beautiful black hair, had a great fondness for golden locks and wore wigs of her favorite color. She selected as pages only those lads who had hair of this color, and did not scruple to have it cut off when she wanted a new perruque Under Henri IV, D'Aubigue speaks of no fewer than sixty-four new shades of color, among them being the "Dying Ape," the "Seven Capital Sins," the "Dead Man come to Life again," and the "Sick Spaniard" The length of the sleeves was so great that it was deemed necessary to invent spoons with very long handles, in order that ladies might be able to eat their soup without soiling their dress Under Louis XIII, the ladies of the old schools still retained masks, but the younger ones merely wore veils of black crape, "which served as a relief to the whiteness of their skin" Young and old alike made a plentiful use of perfumes, powder, rouge, and patches cut to imitate stars, flowers, and animals The perfumed gloves, red, green, and sky-blue stockings and morocco shoes of different colors, also continued to be the fashion. In Louis XIV's time, the mania for false hair was so great that a learned theologian, Jean Baptiste Thiers, wrote a long essay to show that "artificial hair was an outrage to God, because it distorted the person whom he had made in his own image"

In the eighteenth century France began to copy from other nations, and in 1710, "English ladies appeared in Paris with pannier dresses, the hoops having a circumference of twelve feet." During the minority of Louis XV, the ancient mode of dress remained in vogue, but Montesquieu introduced English fashions, and the *redingote* (riding-coat) made its appearance in 1730 Adversaries of what was termed Anglomania met the *redingote* with the *habit a la francaise*, and to show that they were no Puritans, they covered it with gold and silver lace At this period the ladies dressed in imitation of state shepherdesses, but, as a concession to nature, wore straw hats *a la Bastienne* (with broad brims) There were as many as forty-five varieties of wigs, and Dugue, the chief of the hair dressers, went his rounds in a carriage and pair Legros published treatises upon his art, founded an academy of hair-dressing, and exhibited upon the Cours la Reine and the Boulevards young women who had "lent their heads," as the saying was, for him to experiment upon Powder was used in such quantities that the Parliament of Paris declared the practice of employing flour for its preparation to be one of the causes which brought about the scarcity of food, while patches and rouge was as fashionable as ever From this epoch, too, date the introduction of the umbrella, the original form of which was the Oriental parasol held by pages over the heads of the great ladies when they went out on foot The parasol could not be closed, but in 1768 it was modified into its present form

The first years of Louis XIV's reign witnessed a great change in the mode of dress, which became much more simple, that of men in particular Ladies wore ears of corn in their hairs as symbolic of the plenty which was about to prevail The circumference of the hoops increased to seventeen feet, and in one year as many as 250 different kinds of trimming for dresses were invented.

HAVE enough regard for yourself to treat your greatest enemy with quiet politeness All petty slights are mere meannesses, and hurt yourself more than any one else

An American in Florence.

A noteworthy incident in Florence, Italy, every pleasant day, is the appearance on the fashionable drives of the team of a former resident of New York From the high box of a large open carriage an old gentlemen of fine appearance, slightly gray, guides with great skill through the narrow and crowded streets his team of ten, twelve, and sometimes fourteen horses. These have rich, gold-mounted harness, are all bright bay in color, and are matched with the greatest care Back of the gentleman who drives sit with folded arms two footmen in handsome livery

The owner and driver is Henry Brockholst Livingston His father, Brockholst Livingston, was a staff officer in the Revolutionary Army, afterward Judge of the Supreme Court of this State and later Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. Brockholst Livingston's father, William Livingston, in 1776 was made Governor of New Jersey, and continued in that position until his death in 1790 Governor Livingston was a grandson of the founder of the American family, Robert Livingston, who received, by royal charter from George I, a grant of land comprising most of the present Counties of Columbia and Duchess, and known as the Livingston Manor. Henry Brockholst Livingston is now somewhat over sixty years of age, and for thirty-five years has lived on the Continent of Europe For nearly twenty years he has made his home in Florence He married an Italian lady of rank, but has been a widower for several years Mr Livingston received a liberal education and is an excellent classical scholar He inherited an ample fortune, and has never devoted himself to any professional or business pursuit. In his youth he was fond of athletic sports, and the passion of his mature life seems to be the driving of fine horses

A relative who maintains a correspondence with him and who knows him intimately, said, recently "The last time I saw Brockholst Livingston was in Paris in—let me think—1848, and I am quite sure he has not been in this country since that year. He has lived in various places on the Continent, but for many years has resided in Florence When I saw him last he was a young man, tall, finely-formed, with straight Grecian features and very handsome He was a half-brother to the late Carroll and Anson Livingston, and is an uncle to young Carroll Livingston who is now in Europe The late Anson Livingston formerly managed his American property, but he has gradually withdrawn his money from this side and placed it in European investments He makes no new investments here, preferring to have his property nearer his home He is wealthy, fond of horses, and prides himself on his skill as a whip In his letters he frequently refers to his stable and to his driving a team of a dozen horses Fondness for horses and athletic sports is a trait in the Livingston family. He is a careful, provident man, and certainly not extravagant, unless the keeping for pleasure of a dozen or more horses may be considered an expensive habit But it is his passion, and in Florence probably not a very costly one. Whenever his relatives visit Florence he entertains them at his home He is distantly connected with the Jay family, his grandfather's sister having married Chief-Justice John Jay.—*N Y Tribune*

TEN THOUSAND AMERICAN PLOWS FOR RUSSIA.—The *American Agriculturist* for March says

One of the most noticeable of recent occurrences is the purchase of ten thousand American plows by the Russian government, for distribution among the farmers of Russia There is more in this than would seem to be at first sight It is certainly a great compliment as well as a valuable acknowledgment of merit to American agricultural implement makers, but it implies that the competition of American farmers in the European grain trade has touched what has been considered an invulnerable spot The wheat growers of Southern Russia supply what is known as the Black Sea trade, and being much nearer to the market than we are, their wheat has had a great advantage over ours But American wheat has displaced the Russian wheat, to a considerable extent, in the English market, and the Russian farmers have now to exert themselves to hold even a portion of that trade Hence it is determined to try the plows that we are using, with a view to produce wheat more cheaply than hitherto. But there is something else needed The man that holds the plow is of more account than the plow, and there are no farmers in the world who are more intelligent or more skillful than American farmers. But we cannot afford to rest upon what we have gained The important fact here noticed shows that our competitors are by no means idle, and intend to improve their methods of work as far as possible We must meet their improvements by others of our own.

DR JOHN BROWN writes that he never can forget an incident during the cholera in 1832 "One morning a sailor came to say I must go three miles down the river to a village where it had broken out with great furry Off I sat We rowed in silence down the dark river, passing the huge hulks, and hearing the restless convicts turning in their beds in their chains The men rowed with all their might, they had too many dying or dead at home to have the heart to speak to me We got near the place It was very dark, but I saw a crowd of men and women on the shore at the landing place, all shouting for the doctor. We were near the shore, when I saw a big, old man, his hat off, his hair gray, his head partly bald He said nothing, but turning them all off with his arm, he plunged into the sea, and before I knew where he was he had me in his arms I was helpless as an infant He waded out with me, carrying me high up in his left arm, and with his right levelling every man or woman who stood in his way It was Big Joe, carrying me to see his grandson, little Joe. He bore me off to the poor, convulsed boy, and dared me to leave him till he was better He did get better, but Big Joe was dead that night! He had the disease on him when he carried me away from the boat, but his heart was set upon his boy I can never forget how terribly in earnest he was"

BEWARE OF COLD.—A cold as often the precursor of serious illness and death Whatever weak place we have, whatever constitutional disease we be subject to, cold will surely discover We take cold because our vitality is too low to ward off the effects of the reduced temperature around us As a matter of the first importance, then, to resist cold and the various derangements of the system consequent, it is necessary by proper nutrition to maintain our natural animal heat, second, to retain this heat by a sufficient quantity of clothing; third, to regulate with care the temperature of the air we breathe Contrary to the opinion current among lovers of cold weather, a fire in the bedroom in winter is cheaper and better than a doctor's bill, for, owing to our inactive condition during sleep, the circulation of the vitalizing blood is both slow and imperfect, and hence the danger of taking cold by breathing cold air is greatly increased Never neglect a cold, it is a dangerous liberty to take with the healthiest constitution.

England's Great Holiday

The ninety-ninth Derby was run yesterday. The Epsom races are run in the week which proceeds Whitsuntide, and the Derby is run on Wednesday of that week. Thousands of families take a pride in saying that they have never failed to send a delegation to the Derby, and many who live in the north of England always come to this famous race It is eminently a people's day, but nobility and royalty also delight in it

Epsom is fifteen miles from London, and the race course is a mile and a half beyond the town The favorite way of going to the Derby is by the ordinary road. The great feature of it is that persons attend it as they would a picnic A great picnic is exactly what it is, and those who enjoy the day in its purity take their dinners along, and eat them in the open air No tickets of admission are required to the race

Probably half those who attend the Derby go from London, and nearly all these go by the one main road to Epsom, which passes Clapham Common Before 9 o'clock in the morning Loudon is pouring its many thousands into this main artery, and at Clapham the scene is that of a vast miscellaneous caravan, all hurrying in a common direction

The race grounds are on what are known as the "Epsom Downs," high, rolling ground The track is the ordinary turf, close shaven, but with not the slightest appearance of a road It is very tough and seems to answer the purpose perfectly The grounds are large, and well planned for the vast encampment that is located there during a large part of the week of the races. At the finishing-end of the course is a dozen different tiers On either side of this are smaller stands, where a handsome sum is charged for a seat On each side of the course are low barriers, and outside of these were encamped the multitude that came to see the Derby The course is not circular, the starting place being a mile and a half from the winning post

Beer flowed like water It is safe to say that half of those who go to the Derby return more or less intoxicated This is in no wise an exaggeration, and does not except the gentler sex, although they were certainly more temperate than the men Probably three-fourths of the men are more or less drunk Some were only happy, more were in that state where ideas and words were incoherent and their senses are somewhat asleep Not many were so drunk as to fall down There was not much fighting, and the crowd was usually good-humored Betting seemed almost universal Fully three-fourth of the English look upon betting as legitimate, for a man who objects to betting on a race or a game of cards is thought overnice or foolishly conscientious. Women who seem cultivated take money made in bets with the coolness of the practiced man of the turf

At ten minutes past three the Derby was run Entries for this race are made nearly a year in advance of its running, and for each entry a payment of fifty pounds is deposited If a horse which has been entered for the race is withdrawn, half the money is forfeited. If all run, the stakes are made up of the sums paid for each entry, and the half forfeit of those which do not run makes up part of the stakes It is a race of three-year olds Practically, not more than ten per cent of those entered appear on the course at the time of the race.

For this race there were 232 entries Only 22 ran The entrance fees and forfeits amounted to $31,750 Of this the second in the race gets $1,500, and the third $750 The rest goes to the winner There are additional sums from other sources which makes this purse still larger The winner of the Derby really generally carries off over $30,000, and it sometimes amounts to $35,000

As soon as the Derby was won, the homeward procession began, and between 5 and 6 o clock the whole great cavalcade took up its march and moved toward London through falling rain and roads heavy with mud If you do not attend the Derby, it is thought the next best thing to go to Clapham Common and see the return In the morning they go along briskly and soberly, much as they would go to business At night the scene is very different The first comers are mostly sober, and hurry forward to their homes, looking neither to the right nor left, and give no entertainment to the looker-on As time wears on toward 7 o'clock, the throng becomes greater and merrier The odd mixture of vehicles, horses, and persons is grotesque enough in itself, but on the homeward journey all seem to prepare themselves for the most extravagant kind of pantomime The most utter abandon possesses them all As the hour grows late the number of vehicles becomes greater, and their occupants drunker The wildest merriment prevails Many have masks and wigs, or wear huge artificial noses, and their hats are dressed with fancy-colored paper Clowns' hats of colored paper are in almost every vehicle, and the women take nearly as active a part in the pantomime as the men More than fifty thousand persons must have been on the Common and the main road passing it, all well given up to wild license Years ago it was common to take little bags of flour and use them freely, striking any one who passed The flour bags have disappeared and little tin foil packets, called "tormentors," have come in their place These are filled with water, and a gentle pressure on the tin-foil sends the water in a jet over the clothes or into the face of the passer-by Men, women, and boys run along selling these for a penny, and calling out, "Only a penny for all the jolly fun" Although a very vulgar kind of fun, three-fourths of all the throng seemed to be using them No one was safe from the tormentors A silk hat or good coat was only a better reason for giving the wearer a jet It is of no use to object to it It must be endured, if you want to see the return of the Derby. At 9 o'clock the scene is at its very wildest.—*J W, in N Y Sun*

WESTERN CYCLONES.—Our recent severe hail storms in New England, are so completely put in the shade by the doings of the winds in the West, in Wisconsin in particular, that they hardly deserve to be mentioned at the same time The visitation in and near Madison was almost unprecedented since the settlement of the country Fifty persons were killed outright, and large numbers were maimed in various ways What should so suddenly precipitate a wind-storm like that upon an unsuspecting population the students of such phenomena must be at a loss to explain Unless there is a falling off in the number and severity of them, people may be naturally warned off from migrating thither with a view to settle in that country The stories of the suffering caused are some of them absolutely terrifying We occasionally have our severe storms here, but they do not usually carry horses and cattle an hundred feet into the air.—*Mass Ploughman*

ENTIRE success is claimed for the enterprise of subterranean telegraphy in Germany The wires between Berlin and Halle have been in use twelve months, and their conducting power has increased, no fault having yet been detected in the insulation

He Knew Too Much.

AN OSHKOSH INCIDENT WHICH SHOWS THAT HUSBANDS OUGHT TO KEEP OUT OF THE KITCHEN

Of the numerous eminent citizens of Oshkosh there is none who is more deserving of respect than Mr Johnston Not only is he an amiable and upright man, but he is gifted with remarkable inventive genius At least such is his opinion, and those who are not personally acquainted with him rarely deny that his opinion is right Mrs Johnston, however, does not regard her husband as an able inventor She admits that he means well, but she asserts with much emphasis that when one of his inventions comes in at the front door it is time for her to fly out of the nearest available window, if her life is really worth saving

Mr Johnston has always maintained that his wife's lack of faith in him was due to an unfortunate accident that occurred in connection with an attempt made by him to manufacture rice griddle-cakes As he justly says, cooking has nothing to do with invention, and that it is unjust to discredit his inventive genius simply because he once made a mistake in cooking The circumstances of the affair were these Mr Johnston, who had repeatedly found fault with his breakfast, remarked on one occasion that his wife was absolutely incapable of learning to make rice griddlecakes Whereupon that indignant woman announced that she should refuse to have anything to do with the next day's breakfast, and should lay the whole burden of its preparation upon her husband's shoulders "Of course," she added, "you know how to make rice cakes better than the Angel Gabriel, and you can just show, for once, what you can do"

With great courage Mr Johnston undertook the unwelcome task thus thrust upon him, and made his preparations with intelligent care There were eight persons in his family, and, as he estimated that each one would eat a pint of rice, he decided to use four quarts of rice in mixing his griddlecakes To the rice he added four quarts of buttermilk and a quart of hot water, besides a few handfuls of flour and Indian meal, in order that the cakes should look brown He then reflected that it would be necessary to add to the mixture something that would make it light, and, accordingly threw in a teacup of cream of tartar, an equal quantity of saleratus, and half a paper of baking powder Having thus mixed his cakes to his satisfaction, he placed the pan containing the mixture in a warm corner of the kitchen and left it to "rise" during the night.

There is no doubt that it did "rise" Moreover, the rice swelled On going into the kitchen the next morning, Mr Johnston found that his rice cakes overflowed and covered the floor to a depth of at least a foot, while in the immediate neighborhood of the pan a pyramid of batter reached nearly to the ceiling. That morning he breakfasted on dry bread and water, and subsequently employed three Irish women to clear the kitchen, and an Irishman to carry away the miraculous batter Naturally his wife taunted him with his culinary failure, but the unprejudiced mind will admit that it ought not to have cast any discredit on his inventive powers.—*N Y Times.*

MR JOHN G WHITTIER has a sterner religious belief than most readers of his poems would have imagined He writes to a correspondent, "I think I understand thy inquiry I am not an Universalist, for I believe in the possibility of the perpetual loss of the soul that persistently turns from God in the next life as in this But I do believe, also, that the Divine love and compassion follow us in all worlds, and that the Heavenly Father will do the best that is possible for every creature that He has made What that will be must be left to his infinite wisdom and goodness I would refer thee to a poem of mine, 'The answer,' —'Spare me, dread angel of reproof,' etc, —as containing, in a few words, my belief in this matter"

THE Alexandria (Va) *Gazette* says that correspondents in Loudoun, Fauquier and Rappahannock counties inform us that the luxuriance of the foliage in those counties is such that it looks black, that the wheat is higher than the fences, as thick as it can well stand, and that its golden heads, under the influence of the breezes, wave in the sunlight like sheets of flame, that although cattle graze on a thousand hills, hundreds of cattle graze on a single hill, and flocks of sheep on every hillock, that eggs sell for sixpence a dozen, and the best of butter for ten cents a pound, that the land is flowing with milk, and would with honey, were it time—and that every prospect pleases, and only man is vile

Science.

Attempts have been made by anthropologists to trace some connection between the Bushmen of South Africa and the prehistoric race which has left so much evidence of its former existence in the ancient caves of Southern and Western Europe The rock paintings of the Bushmen have been particularly studied with reference to this supposed relation They disclose considerable talent and would undoubtedly repay further study than has yet been bestowed on them Unfortunately, however, they are rapidly being destroyed The South African herdsmen drive their sheep and cattle into the caves in which are the pictures, and these animals, huddled together and scrambling about, rub them out In order to preserve some record of them, Mr Stow of the South African Geological Survey, has drawn over thirty cartoons of the best of these paintings he has met with, employing an active young Bushman to hunt for them while he prosecutes his geological work He hopes to add largely to his copies, and thus secure valuable material for the examination of ethnologists at home

MR FRANCIS GALTON advances a number of interesting arguments in favor of his plan for taking composite portraits, by combining a number of different photographs in the same picture One of the most effective is its usefulness in enabling us to obtain by photography a really good likeness of a living person "The inferiority of photographs to the best works of artists, so far as resemblance is concerned, lies in their catching no more than a single expression If many photographs of a person were taken at different times, perhaps even years apart, their composite would possess that in which a single photograph is deficient" The experience of Mr Appold, an English mechanician, is cited on this point. He was in the habit of combining two photographs of himself under the stereoscope. In one he had assumed an expression of sternness, in the other he was smiling, they blended into an effective and satisfactory likeness

Professor B A Gould writes to the editors of the *American Journal of Science* from the astronomical observatory under his charge at Cordova, in the Argentine Republic, that the weather in that part of South America has not been as favorable lately as it was during the earlier years of his residence there Last year, for example, there were only ten clear nights at the observatory in March and April, and only seven in June and July; while in the present year, up to March 20th, there had been but one night without clouds to interrupt or prevent observation. Professor Gould thinks this contrast with the clear weather which he experienced at first, is due to some periodical variation of climate not yet accurately ascertained In the same letter he says that the normal clock of the observatory has been stopped twice during the last year by earthquake waves, although the tremors do not seem to have been felt at Cordova by any persons there.

A Japanese resident of Corea, on the Asiatic mainland, writing from that hitherto exclusive and inhospitable State to a journal in his own country, mentions an animal called Tonpi by the

Paris Letter.

HOTEL DU LOUVRE, PARIS, June 12, 1878.

Much sincere sympathy is felt for the Emperor William, whose years alone ought to cry for pity. There is no socialism in France; there is no sect professing political assassination as the best of reform bills France, no more than America, or any other free country, will not join any league of crowned heads for crushing any particular form of ism; if natives or refugees conspire on her territory, she will apply the law vigorously, if the law fails to meet the case, she will amend the law—but nothing more France has bitterly found out, that error cannot be crushed by force, but that it can be conquered by reason, patience, and good sense

For the fair sex, the rotunda, or concert hall, the Trocadero, has been opened So far as acoustic effect and elegance of decoration is concerned, it cannot be surpassed The official concerts will never have a higher price per place than 4 francs, a hint that other establishments might take, and prefer to become bankrupt rather than try modern prices The exhibition and grounds sadly want the enlivening stimulant of military bands; it is no secret, that the distant annexes, called "Nova Zembla or the Lord knows where," have to make their whereabouts known by the exhibitors in their out-of-the-way regions, engaging the Tziganes to execute some of their strange music, which is not only fascinating, but the rage. The out-lying agricultural section has since a fortnight been subjected to a course of military music, thanks to which, its latitude, longitude, and special population, have been revealed. Indeed, cynics say, that the bull which strayed a few days ago very nearly into a "China-shop," in the French ceramic section, without presenting either his carte de visite or a franc ticket, was purposely "let go" as a means to draw. It was a Spanish wine merchant who captured the runaway, by throwing a horse-rug over the animal's head, and which proved as effective as a wet blanket. The science of bull-fighting has its useful side also, apart from the killed animals being converted into soup for the poor

The English colonies will be officially opened by the inauguration of the "Canadian trophy," which has grouped around the pedestal, and up the sides, specimens of the natural products of the Dominion; the Australian colonies filling up the corners of the court with bales of wool, sheaves of corn, barrels capable of containing enormous big drinks, and specimens of ores. I suppose all trophies must be of the Tower of Babel proportions, the top reaching heaven, I confess this mass of wood work, a minaret under a glass case the least prepossessing feature in the otherwise beautiful English collection The English flower gardens commence to blossom like the rose, and some neighboring fountains are being fitted up with tall lamps; suggestive of coming electric marvels

The 20th of July will be a national holiday; no bills will be paid on that day, everyone is to eat, drink, and be merry. In the evening the Government will supply Paris with fireworks that will put the memory of the 15th of August into the shade. The Americans intend to fete the 4th of July with all honors, the committee will invest largely in illuminations and a Pantagrulean banquet, it is time, as there has been no Independence Day publicly celebrated since the Republic took possession of France.

Having seen Dr Berg's various connivances for the prevention of cruelty to animals, in New York, I could not refrain from calling at the pavilion containing similar exhibits here. The various improvements by which the animals are allowed to shake off their mortal coils are numerous. By means of winkers and a hole in the centre, a child can fix a marline spike, and drive it with a blow into the brain of an ox, this is equivalent to painless extinction. A Dutchman exhibits a cart for conducting cattle to the slaughter-house, it is far more luxuriously fitted up than that in which Marie Antoinette was conveyed to the scaffold The guillotine has also been reformed by the abolition of the steps There is exhibited a special traveling bag for cats, there are files to blunt the teeth of dogs, and so prevent the virus of hydrophobia entering the flesh From London there is quite an Oriental process for getting rid of unclaimed wandering dogs; here they are simply strung up; the new process is to invite the dogs to walk into a parlor, like what the spider said to the fly, then allow the condemned to play for a while, and, when the animals are dreaming of mutton bones, as fishermen dream of fish, then turn on an extra stream of laughing gas, and, in a twinkling of an eye, the batch of vagabond fiends of man enjoy the sleep that knows no waking.

Every one is loud in their praise of the noble manner France is maintaining her hospitality; the ministers must be cash out of pocket, despite the extras voted by the parliament, they can have no savings At a glance, the invited can perceive that cheese paring is not the order of the day, the decorations are costly, the refreshments of the most superior quality, and come in right line from cornucopias. There is but one drawback to all their brilliant gatherings, they are oppressively hot, though windows are kept wide open, the gas-lights and wax-lights do the business The electric light is but partially introduced to play on a piece of statuary, this was witnessed with supreme elegance at the ball given at the Louvre, by the Minister of Finance last week. It is rumored that ladies are death upon the electric light in ball-rooms; if so, what woman wishes the gods wish. The ball just given by the Minister of Public Works, was charming, also, the walls of the room formed a series of grottoes, the entrance to which were veiled by tiny cascades of iced water. France is truly able to pay for all her glories. I notice at these balls and receptions, that the royalists are slowly coming round to mix with Republicans.

Visitors may remain satisfied that the press, with its determined attitude, has stamped all attempts on the part of hotel-keepers to revel in extortion If a visitor knows just how to go about the matter. he can live just at the same rates as formerly, which at no time was cheap. The safe rule is, to secure the tariff of prices, and act accordingly. The only nuisance connected with the exhibition is the want of transport services, it is the thought of coming back, and the inability to find a cab that tries the temper and one's patience Nothing is better than to take the train resolutely, the run is long, but it is a rest, and on arriving in Paris, a cab is certain to be obtained It is proposed that every vehicle for hire, when disengaged, shall expose, as in Vienna, a little flag, or sign board, announcing that fact

The apothecaries now supply on the wrappers for their bottles, the addresses of the doctors in their immediate vicinity, and the civil officer to apply to in case a death is to be registered—a sad company altogether.

LOUIS

Smile

EVEN murderers will be gathered into the fold. Scaf fold

SOME men are so awful slow that the only time they get ahead is when they buy a cabbage.

WOMEN and milk when soured are much alike Both bound to have their whey, you understand

To make picnic lemonade—Take a barrel, fill it with water, put in two pounds of sugar, add one lemon, and refill with water as often as the barrel is empty

"How does the new cow answer?" asked one man of another who had lately purchased an animal "I really can't say," he replied, "for I've never asked her any questions"

A DOOR knob fitted to receive and exhibit the photograph of the head of the house has been invented They will probably have a slow sale until families can determine who is the head of the house.

AN orator, who was much in demand in political campaigns, being asked by an admirer the secret of his success, replied, "When I have facts, I give 'em facts; but when I haven't, I yell and saw the air"

THE Lowell *Courier* evidently knows how 'tis A "charitable operation" is hiring a boy-printer to do your programmes and circulars, and then getting the newspapers to give you a gratuitous notice

ACCORDING to the elder Quincy, the sturdy patriots of his day were mainly subsisted on bread from rye and corn The modern statesman takes these cereals in different shape, but their tendency is equally elevating.

CONVERSATION at the breakfast table —Smith "Ain't John late in bringing the mail this morning?" Jones "I guess there's something on the postal cards he does not understand He's probably reading them over twice"

AN optical delusion—Traveller "Hi! Guard! Have you seen a man walking about with one eye of the name of Walker?" Guard, musingly: "N-no, sir; I dunno as I 'ave What was the name of the other eye, sir?"—*Judy.*

AN Illinois man, with a foresight worthy of a better cause, popped the question on the railroad train, and now the maiden is at a loss to decide as to which county she had better commence proceedings in for a breach of promise

BEFORE AND AFTER —A dreamy writer says it would be curious to follow a pound of silk from its spinning until it becomes a lady's dress No doubt, but most men would prefer to follow it after it becomes a dress, and while the lady was in it

No, no, Lucien, don't write poetry, start a bank, steal a horse, educate a mule, travel with a side-show, go West, join a base ball club, whip your wife, or do something else ennobling. Poetry, my boy, leads to an early grave, and the jury always return a verdict of justifiable homicide.

A GOOD CONDUCTOR —As two ladies were walking along the street, one exclaimed, as the sky suddenly darkened "There's a thunder-storm coming on I'm so afraid of lightning!" To which the other calmly replied "Very well, my dear, then let us step into this car, which seems to have a good conductor"

A GEORGIA farmer smeared his hogs with tar to rid them of fleas, and turned them loose in the woods At night they did not return to the pen as usual, and in the morning he found them stuck together, the tar making them adhere in a mass. They might have gone home, nevertheless, by concert of action, but it isn't in a hog to harmonize

HE was an entire stranger to the girls present, and the boys were mean and would not introduce him He finally plucked up courage, and stepping up to a young lady, requested the pleasure of her company for the next dance She looked at him in surprise, and informed him that she had not the pleasure of his acquaintance "Well," remarked Cazenovia, "you don't take any more chances than I do."

ON the death of Lord Kennet, in 1786, Sir William Nairne was raised to the bench under the title of Lord Dunsinnan—a circumstance which called forth a *bonmot* from the Duchess of Gordon. Her grace, happening to meet his lordship shortly after his elevation, inquired what title he had assumed "Dunsinnan," was, of course, the reply "I am astonished at that, my lord," said the duchess, "for I never knew that you had begun sinning."

Funeral of an Egyptian Princess

Princess Hanem Zeinub, only fifteen years of age, a favorite daughter of the Khedive of Egypt, and wife of Ibrahim Pasha, died recently in Alexandria, of typhus fever Of the demonstrations incident to her burial, the Cologne *Gazette* gives this description.

The Khedive and his family, as well as his guest, the Sultan of Zanzibar, and the whole city of Alexandria, were much disturbed by the sad event, and the theatre was closed for three days The body was taken to Cairo the same day, and placed in the Kasrel-Nile palace An immense concourse followed the body to the depot in Alexandria, and hundreds of thousands of *lire* were distributed among the poor people The interment took place in the Rifah mosque on the following morning Twenty-four bullocks, thirty camels, and twenty wagons were in the funeral procession These animals were laden with bread, dates, cooked meats and vegetables; the wagons carried casks of water and syrup, and all along the route distribution of the provisions was made to the poor Eunuchs, meantime, threw 150,000 pieces of silver coin to the people who thronged the street Three thousand priests, some clad in rich vestments of gold and silk, others half naked, followed the wagons, repeating prayers as they marched, and clapping their hands After them came the family of the poor young Princess and the high officials of state, and then the coffin, borne by officers of rank. Behind this walked three eunuchs, bearing on golden shovels copies of the Koran, to be buried with the deceased The coffin was of simple, rough-hewn wood, and the corpse was sown up in linen cloth Upon the coffin were placed the jewels of the Princess, worth a million and a half of dollars After the burial the priests slaughtered the twenty-four bullocks before the mosque, roasted them, and ate them up The priests remained in the neighborhood of the grave to pray for the soul of the departed The Khedive was so overcome with grief that he could not receive any visits of condolence —*The Churchman*

BE not delivered from your study by any idle reflections the silly world may make on you, for their censures are not in your power, and consequently should be no part of your concern

THE Richmond *Dispatch* figures it out that the returns from the Moffet register for the year, in Virginia, will reach $326,401 56

Curiosities of a Post-Office Report

The annual report of the Postmaster-General might seem, at first sight, to be a dry document, because it bristles with figures But in reality the report for 1875, which has just been published, is an amusing picture of the folly, of the forgetfulness, the ignorance and the frivolity which must fill a large place in the life of every nation, as well as of the qualities which give a nation dignity, stability and wealth

We might reasonably think, for example, that mercantile men would seldom or never neglect to address letters containing either money or the equivalent of it, yet £5,000 in cash and bank notes, and nearly £6,000 in checks, were found, in blank envelopes Other instances of carelessness are only one degree less heinous "An unregistered letter was recently received at Liverpool in a very thin cover bearing an almost illegible address, and was delivered to a firm to whom it was supposed to be directed On being opened, the letter and its enclosures, five £1,000 notes, were found to be intended for another firm, to whom they were eventually delivered "

Sometimes, on the other hand, letters go astray because the writers repose an absolutely sublime trust in the sagacity of the officials "The following is a copy of a letter which also reached Liverpool, the names of persons and places being here omitted 'This letter is for Mrs. M——. She lives in some part of Liverpool From her father John ——, a tailor from ——, he would be thankful to some postmaster in Liverpool if he would find her out' The addressed, unfortunately, could not be found, and the letter was sent to the Returned Letter Office "

Not the least interesting part of the report is the illustration of the multitude of uses to which the mail-bag would be put if a check were not placed on eccentricity "The Post-office, we are told, "while fulfilling its first duty to the public by affording means for the rapid transmission of correspondence, is also made the vehicle of conveyance for small articles of almost endless variety Of these, the following were observed passing through the post during the year, viz Silkworms and gentles flowers, fruits, and vegetables, various kinds of game, wearing apparel, models of metal-fittings and toys, leeches, snails, eggs, six white mice, a sparrow, two snakes, a crayfish and a dog. Several of these being prohibited articles, were sent to the Returned Letter Office The dog was posted at the Lombard street office, and, having fallen into the bag affixed to the letter box, was not discovered until the contents were turned out at St. Martin's le-Grand "—*From the London Times*

Putting up Fruit.

I think I can answer the editor's request for information regarding the preparation of fruit. I have a large quantity to put up every year and have always had good luck so far I think canning the best way to keep fruit I use glass cans (Mason's are best) and proceed as follows, Cleanse the cans thoroughly and test to see if any leak or are cracked. Fruit should be selected carefully and all that is imperfect rejected Large fruit, such as peaches, pears, etc, are in the best condition to can when not quite fully ripe and should be put up as soon as possible after picking. Small fruit, such as berries, should never stand over night if it is possible to avoid it. Use only the best sugar in the proportion of half a pound to a pound of fruit, varying the rule, of course, with the sweetness of the fruit When ready to can, first place the cans in a large pan of warm water on the back of the stove, put the sugar in a nice clean porcelain kettle, add just water enough to keep it from burning, let it boil to a nice clear syrup, add the fruit and let it cook until boiling hot all through. Let peaches, or pears cook until tender, try with a silver fork so as not to blacken the fruit, a lemon sliced with pears is an improvement By the time the fruit is done the water in the pan will be hot and the cans ready for use Take a large towel and lift a can from the water, wrap the towel well around it, drain the water out and at once pour in the boiling hot fruit, but not too fast When the can is filled to overflowing put on the top at once and screw down tightly, and as the fruit and cans cool, causing contraction of the glass, turn down again Canned fruit should be kept in a cool, dark place Light injures fruit very much—especially tomatoes Cans should be examined two or three days after filling and if the syrup leaks from the rim the cans should be unsealed and the fruit scalded over, using new tops that will allow no leakage The rubber rings must show an even edge all round, for it it slips back out of sight at any point air will be admitted If, after using the cans a few years, the rubber rings harden with the heat, they can be easily replaced at the dealer's

THE TRUE WIFE.—What do you think the sweet word "wife" comes from? It is the great syllable in which the English and Latin languages conquered the French and Greek I hope the French may some day find an expression for the idea in lieu of that dreadful word *femme* But what do you think it comes from? The great value of Saxon words is that they mean something. Wife means "weaver" You must either be house wives or housemoths remember that In a deeper sense, you must either weave men's fortunes and embroider them, or feed upon and bring them to decay Wherever a true wife comes, *home* is always around her The stars may be over her head, the glow-worm in the dewy grass may be the fire at her feet, but where she is dwells the spirit of home; and for a noble woman it stretches far around her, better than houses ceiled with cedar or painted with vermilion, shedding quiet light for those who else are homeless. This is woman's truest place and highest power

APPLE FRITTERS —Peel three large apples, core them and cut them across in slices rather less than half an inch thick, put them in a flat dish with half a tumbler of brandy and strew plenty of powdered loaf sugar over them; let them remain covered for a couple of hours, then take each piece separately, dip it in butter so that it is well covered with it and fry a golden color in plenty of hot lard. Lay the fritters in front of the fire, and when all are done pile them up on a napkin, shake plenty of powdered loaf sugar over them and serve

YOUNG man, listen to the advice of the St Louis *Journal*, and choose a wife by the music she plays, and the way she plays it If she manifests a predilection for Strauss, she is frivolous, for Beethoven, she is impractical, for Liszt, she is too ambitious; for Verdi, she is sentimental, for Offenbach, she is giddy; for Gounod, she is lackadaisical, for Gottschalk, she is superficial, for Mozart, she is prudish; for Flotow, she is commonplace, for Wagner, she is idiotic The girl who hammers away at "Maiden's Prayer," "Anvil Chorus" and "Silvery Waves" may be depended upon as a good cook, and healthful, and it she includes the "Battle of Prague" and the "White Cockade" in her repotory, you ought to know that she has been religiously and strictly nurtured But, last of all, pin thou thy faith upon the calico dress of the girl who can play "Home, Sweet Home"

Sunday in England.

One of the jolliest sights to be seen on Sunday, is a wagon with the family, bound for a day in the country There is the husband, the wife, the baby—and quite often two babies—and from three to a dozen children of all ages, sizes and sexes, packed in like herring, and all aglow with excitement and anticipation! Under the seat is a basket, plethoric with sandwiches, cold chicken, bottles of beer and a flask of choice old brandy

Away they go, rattling cheerily over the London pavements! A proud man is *paterfamilias* as he draws the reins over his powerful nag and dexterously touches him up occasionally with a flick from a whip, long and imposing enough for a six-in-hand turnout A proud mother is *materfamilias* as she admires the horsemanship of her husband, and adjusts the multifarious white wrappings of the chubby, blue eyed flaxen-haired baby Proud are the older children as they exercise a commanding over-sight of the younger ones, whose hats are ever getting loose or awry, who are ever on the eve of being jolted into the street, who are twisting and changing to see this, or hear that, and who are ever a cause of profound anxiety to the mature miss of twelve or the lordly boy of sixteen

Away out into the country they go at a slapping pace. They select the quietest roads and travel along at a famous rate, between trim green hedges and skirting fields of barley, coming suddenly to brows of hills where a vast panorama unfolds itself of fields yellow with ripened grain, green groves glinting with sunlight above a maze of slumbering shadows, low, vine clad farmhouses with their red-tiled roofs and their yards ablaze with gorgeous flowers, while here and there a stately residence, with columned piazzas and pointed gables, its stretches of lawn and its winding walks bordered with geraniums and rarest of plants

By and by a grove is reached, a halt is made, the jolly load is tumbled out, and all the sunny day the husband lounges, lies, smokes beneath the trees, the children rare and romp, the wife nurses and cares for the baby and keeps a vigilant oversight upon her numerous brood When the shadows lengthen there is a return The tired young ones sleep with head pillowed on each other, and faces veiled with wandering curls; the elders discuss the events of the day, and an hour or so after the darkness has shrouded the great city they are at home and demonstrative in their belief that it has been the jolliest day they ever saw in all their lives

Proposals of Marriage.

In Europe, marriages are arranged to the satisfaction of the parents The parties themselves are supposed to be pleased with what pleases their fathers and mothers.

Once, a certain chevalier, a member of the Savory nobility, was anxious that his daughter, no longer young, should be married His sister, the wife of a nobleman, was equally anxious that her only son Henry should marry. An idea occurred to the chevalier, which he thus gallantly expressed

"My dear sister, if you wanted my daughter Genevieve to be your daughter, I was just going to ask you for your son Henry to be my son."

The cousins were married, and a few weeks after, the bride, in writing to her Henry, who is absent in the army, addresses him as the "most tenderly beloved of all husbands since the time of Adam, who, notwithstanding his complaisance, did not deserve to be loved so tenderly as you "

Of course, "Young America" curls his lip at even the suggestion of parental interference The European custom may be absurd So may the American custom, which allows boys and girls to form on the basis of passion or fancy, a contract that is to be for life—unless broken by the divorce court

We recently heard of a father, himself not a professed Christian, who, when a young man, an avowed atheist, asked permission to marry his daughter, answered,—

"No, sir, you cannot marry my daughter with my consent I don't care to commit the happiness of my child to a man who denies God and devil, heaven and hell "

A year or two after, another young man, a church-member, was a suitor for that daughter's hand The father, being a thorough business man delayed an answer until he had satisfied himself as to the young man's character

He first inquired as to the young man's reputation among his social and business associates It was satisfactory. Then he went to the officers of the church with which the youth was connected, and asked how he discharged his duties as a church member Their report was satisfactory, and the young man was accepted as a son-in-law.

That father was judicious He thought a proposal for his daughter's hand was worthy of as much cautious consideration as he would give to a proposal to purchase, on six months' credit, a hundred boxes of dry goods.

Was he not right?

How to Laundry Blue Linen Suits "Doing Up" Straw Hats.

My laundress, last summer, used gum-arabic entirely in starching colored linen suits, making blue linen, which, when starched in the usual manner looks "horrid," have the appearance of being quite fresh and new And this is the way she did it Put a tablespoon even full of gum-arabic in a saucer or bowl, pour on warm water, adding more water as the gum dissolves With her finger or with a cloth, she dampened the fabric in places not over half a yard square at a time, as she proceeded with the ironing, as the gum starch quickly dries, iron on either side of the goods as is found to be most convenient A little practice will teach one more "how to do it" than a yard of directions Of course, the quantity of gum-arabic required depends upon the amount of surface to be starched A tablespoonful will stiffen a very great deal

I also use gum-arabic for stiffening straw hats, which only need to be "pressed over" and not re-shaped It is economical so to do, and oftentimes a decided convenience. As often as otherwise I use my mucilage bottle for this purpose, pouring in hot water to thin the mucilage to the required consistency (a few grains of gum added afterwards will make it all right again for other purposes), and with the brush I give the hat a coat of mucilage on the outside. I then lay a pasteboard along the edge of a table, and iron the brim of the hat on the wrong side, the right side being on the pasteboard Of course, the hat must be turned around as the ironing proceeds To press the crown I devise various expedients, but as I usually do things in a "jiffy," as the boys say, and without much circumlocution, I often make a large towel or piece of cloth into a bunch, and holding it in the crown with my hand, press it over that The hat, when done, looks fully as well as if it had been sent to the milliner's; while the cost is about two cents worth of gum-arabic and fifteen minutes of time. This, for black straw; I never tried "my hand" on a white one.—*Rural New Yorker*

Eggs—How Increased.

If an increase of eggs be desired in the poultry-yard, before large sums of money be expended in the purchase of everlasting layers, we would recommend the system of keeping no hens after their first or, at the most, their second year Early pullets give the increase, and the only wonder is that people persist as they do in keeping up a stock of old hens, which lay one day and stop three, instead of laying three days, and stopping one. In some parts of England it is the invariable rule to keep the pullets only one year Feeding will do a great deal (a surprising work indeed) in the production of eggs, but not when the old hens are concerned They may put on fat, but they cannot put down eggs Their tale is told, their work is over Nothing remains to be done with them but to give them a smell of the kitchen-fire, and the sooner they get that the better Of course, there are some old favorites whose lives ought to be spared as long as they can send forth their representatives Judicious mating—by which we mean the advantage of a comparatively youthful cockerel—may be the means of even exhibition poultry making their appearance from the eggs of the good old hen, and here we have the exception to the rule upon which we insist—*London Agricultural Gazette*

GOOD horse judges understand the importance of the foot It should be of medium size, either extreme being suggestive of disease It should be longer at the ground surface than broad, the heel neither very high or very low. The outer surface of the hoof should be smooth, the slant about fifty degrees, and the frog large, elastic and healthy-looking The latter must never be tampered with "Nature knows how important this cushion is, and she will make it just as the animal needs

PLACE salt on the plate, not on the table cloth

Blindly Groping

For some medicinal alcohol resuscitant of physical energy which should take the place of the heady and frequently adulterated stimulants of commerce, the medical practitioners of a quarter of a century ago were electrified on first observing the reviving effects upon the system of a tonic then recently introduced, but which has since become the most popular medicine sold on this continent, viz Hostetter's Stomach Bitters Their astonishment and admiration were increased when experience farther disclosed that this botanic remedy effected results which the mineral drugs of the pharmacopœia often utterly failed to produce,—among others, the permanent restoration of vigor, the removal of digestive, secretive and evacuative irregularities, and the eradication and prevention of periodic fevers Speedy recognition of the merits of the Bitters by unprejudiced and enlightened physicians naturally followed this revelation of medical facts, which have since received such frequent and positive confirmation

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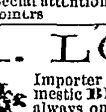

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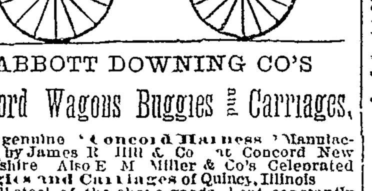

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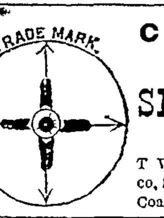

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Oil For Family Use. NONPAREIL OIL, 150 deg Fire test ASTRAL OIL, 150 deg Fire Test In 1, 2, and 5 gallon cans DEVOE'S BRILLIANT OIL Faucet and Plain PRATT'S RADIANT OIL STANDARD OIL CO, Successors to GEORGE M BLAKE 123 CALIFORNIA ST., ROOM 13 - SAN FRANCISCO

CAMPING TO YOSEMITE and BIG TREES. A DELIGHTFUL, INSTRUCTIVE HEALTHFUL and inexpensive trip Parties take the most direct route for Coulterville thence by a good road (45 miles) to Yosemite, passing Bower Cave and Pilot Peak through Merced Grove Big Trees and Merced River Canyon, by and in near view of Cascade, Ribbon, Bridal Veil and Yosemite Falls, and the mighty Granite Cliffs and Domes of the Canyon and Yosemite Valley—the grandest mountain, forest, rock and water scenery in the world

DIVIDEND NOTICE. SAN FRANCISCO SAVINGS UNION, 532 California St., cor. Webb FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDING WITH 30th June 1878, a Dividend has been declared at the rate of Eight (8) per cent. per annum on Term Deposits, and Six and Two thirds (6⅔) per cent. per annum on Ordinary Deposits, free of Federal tax, payable on and after Tuesday July 16 1878 LOVELL WHITE Cashier

100,000 lbs. CHOICE SMOKING TOBACCO, Packed in two, four and eight ounce sacks from Forty to Sixty-Five Cents per Pound These Tobaccos will be found superior to any in the market or the price. We will send them to any one address in lots of not less than five (5) pounds, C O D Address E. BRIGGS & CO., Tobacconists. 525 and 527 Market St. San Francisco

SOMETHING NEW, LIGHT, DURABLE, Comfortable, free from dirt or vermin, warranted for 10 years packed in bundles for shipment. Largest size weighs only 50 lbs Prices from $4 to $8, according to width Send for Circulars to LATTIN SPRING BED COMPANY 1029 Market Street, San Francisco.

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Also, Agents for W W GREENER'S Celebrated Wedgefast Choke bore Breech loading DOUBLE GUNS and all kinds of GUNS, RIFLES and PISTOLS made by the Leading Manufacturers of England and America AMMUNITION of all kinds, in quantities to suit

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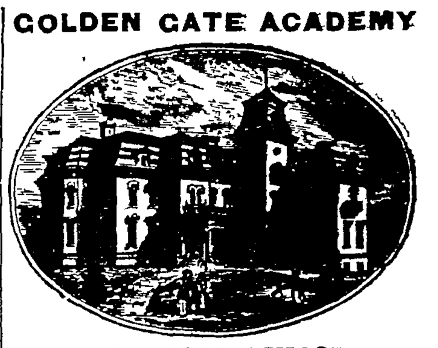
GOLDEN GATE ACADEMY



AND CADET SCHOOL. Next year will commence July 30th, 1878 For circulars address D P SACKET, A M, Principal, Oakland Cal

Fine Upholstery, Cabinet & Frame Work A SPECIALTY. OUR CARPETING, UPHOLSTERY AND BEDDING MATERIAL are all of the first quality Having increased our facilities and enlarged our Furniture Manufactory, we are prepared to execute orders for ANTIQUE, MEDIEVAL and MODERN FURNITURE from Original Designs. CHARLES M. PLUM.

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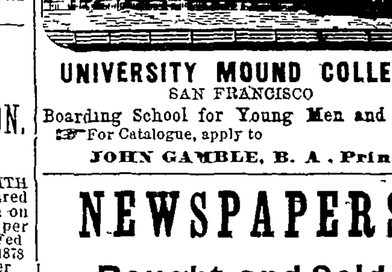
THE UNIQUE BOON! LADIES and gentlemen, save your money Avoid humbuggery and the chances of being crippled All who are afflicted with hard or soft Corns Bunions, Warts Moles, &c. &c. SURGEON S MASS will remove them completely and at once, and without knife, pain, soreness or scarification One application only required Recommended by leading families. Price, post paid, $1 50 N B—Fetid or offensive Arm pits, Feet, &c which arises from diseased perspiratory ducts Try the HERB-DISINFECTOR, an actual and the only remedy of the kind. Price, $2. Orders sent to all parts of the country on receipt of price Address P R LOPEZ, M D care of M. Doctus Ferdenanderz S F Laboratory Agent. 215 Kearny St., S F



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CENTENNIAL PATENT ADJUSTABLE BUGGY TOP.

THIS BUGGY TOP IS LIGHT, STRONG AND durable Adapted to seats of all classes of vehicles. Six different sizes. Price $15. Orders filled by express C O D Liberal discount to the trade Agents Wanted in California Oregon Nevada, Colorado Utah, Wyoming Washington, Idaho, Arizona and New Mexico Address J F PLUMBE, Manufacturer and Proprietor corner Main and Folsom Streets San Francisco Cal

Barnard's BUSINESS COLLEGE 120 SUTTER STREET, SAN FRANCISCO Personal Instruction In Business Department by PROF BARNARD Penmanship by PROF ESPINA French Spanish, Telegraphy Two days free of charge.

MENZO SPRING, Manufacturer of ARTIFICIAL LIMBS Office and address, 9 Geary Street, San Francisco Descriptive circulars, blanks for measurements, with instructions and price list free on application.

Garden Hose 1-2 in 3 ply 9c pr ft 3-4 " 3 " .. 11c " 1 " 3 " . 15c " IRON WATER PIPE AND FITTINGS, Brass Water Cocks, all sizes, Pumps, Lead Pipe, Sheet Zinc, Bath Tubs, etc Send for Price List. W. R. ALLEN 819 Market Street, SAN FRANCISCO

The Stiles Rotary Engine

We illustrate herewith a new form of rotary engine recently patented through the MINING AND SCIENTIFIC PRESS Patent Agency by W C Stiles, of San Francisco The arrangement is such that both the force and expansive power of the steam can be exerted to drive an endless chain or belt, provided with suitable pistons which pass through the cylinders, and thus produce a rotary motion of the pulleys over which the belt passes, and from which the power may be taken

As shown by the engraving, the engine consists of two horizontal cylinders mounted upon a suitable frame At each end of the cylinders is a peculiarly constructed pulley, or wheel, around which travels an endless steel belt or chain, which passes through the cylinders, and which is provided with pistons These wheels are provided with recesses in their rims, which serve the double purpose of providing a seat for the pistons on the endless belt while they are passing around the pulleys, and also for preventing the belt from slipping on the wheels The endless belt passing around these wheels has pistons attached to it at regular intervals so constructed and packed that they will fit snugly in the cylinders One cylinder being placed above the other, the action of the steam on one cylinder is in the reverse direction to its action in the other The cylinders consist of simple tubes, inside of which the pistons fit closely, being provided with proper packing to make them steam tight while passing through At one end of each cylinder is a steam chest provided with a cut-off valve and gates These gates are operated by an automatic sliding bar, a cam motion being given to a lever from the wheel upon which the belt travels, to open the gates of the cylinder at the proper instant to allow the pistons to enter Just as they enter, the gates close behind them, making a steam-tight compartment, and the steam being admitted by the same action, the piston is forced through the cylinder, the other end of which is open, a continuous rotary motion of the pulleys thus being maintained One piston is going through one cylinder as the other is going through the other in an opposite direction The pistons are so arranged that one is taking a full head of steam, while the other is running on expansive steam The exit of each piston allows the steam to escape freely, leaving no back action whatever As the endless belt expands when heated, the slack is taken up automatically by having one of the pulleys set on a sliding carriage

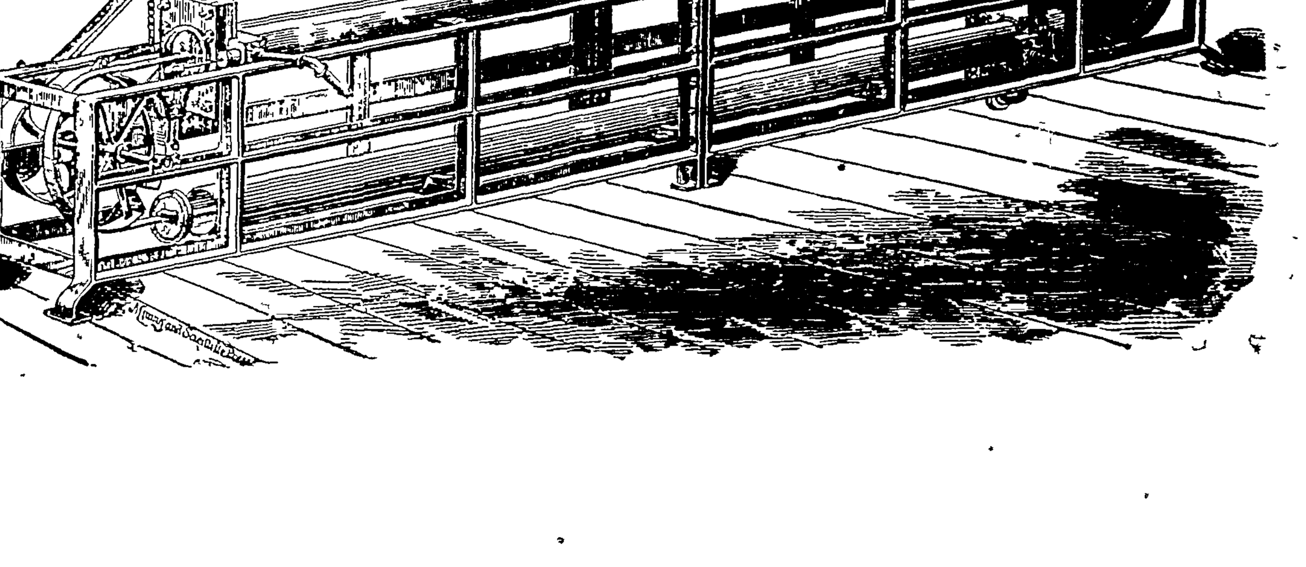
Mr. Stiles has one of these engines, an experimental one, now at work in the basement of the Cosmopolitan hotel, corner of Bush and Sansome streets, San Francisco This has two brass cylinders five feet long by three and one-fourth inches bore, the pulleys being three feet three inches in diameter Mr Stiles states that this indicates 15 horse-power, running 300 feet per minute under 100 pounds of steam The endless chain is 25 feet long, and is really a linked piston rod, passing through suitable stuffing boxes in gates

An engine of this class can be moved at any time there being no heavy bed frame, but simply good strong framework The inventor proposes to build one with two cylinders 20 feet long, 10 inch bore, to run 400 feet per minute, the whole engine to weigh about four tons. Steam may be cut off at any desired point and allowed to work expansively the rest of the way By this means the full force of the steam can be utilized, there being no opportunity for any back pressure whatever By the peculiar construction described, a rotary steam engine is provided in which the full expansive force of the steam can be utilized, and the difficulties heretofore encountered in the practical working of rotary engines are avoided

As to the advantages claimed by this style of engines over the reciprocating engines the inventor makes the following points "That for instance in a small reciprocating engine of three to six inches bore of cylinder the length is five, six or eight inches, and there is a certain amount of back action every time the pistons go from one end of the cylinder to the other, hence in running the distance of 10 feet there would be 20 back actions Now by taking the lowest back action laid down by the ablest writers, 3 per cent. has been lost every six inches run, which in 10 feet run would amount to just 3 per cent. of the whole power Every time the piston moves from one end of the cylinder to the other the valve is opened to let the steam in and then closed, the valve to let the steam out is also opened and closed This requires the moving of these valves twice each time the piston moves six inches, making or taking power 40 times in 10 feet There is also loss when cutting off steam in this class of engines, and in the crank motion and power required to run a large fly-wheel."

In this new rotary engine there is no back action of steam The cylinders may be made of any desired length to 40 feet and upwards The power is always given off at full leverage and pound for pound secured, less the friction The steam ports and gates are moved but four times in going the length of a ten foot cylinder, or any length of cylinder, while they are moved 40 times in going that far in a small reciprocating engine, as above referred to If there are any leaks they may be remedied at once The steam may be cut off at any point and works expansively to the end of the cylinder. The exhaust may pass off up the pipe, shown in the engraving, on top of one end of cylinder, or may exhaust into a case containing the pulley

In marine engines, for which the inventor considers this one specially adapted, heavy bed plates and working beams are done away with, and there is no extra iron and bracing required to strengthen the vessel The first cost alone would be a great saving, to say nothing of the economy of working The engine is well adapted to any kind of work A company called the "Stiles Hercules Engine Co," has been formed to manufacture these engines, and further information may be had from the inventor at the Cosmopolitan hotel —*Scientific Press*



Local and News Items

A HEAVY shock passed over the community last Wednesday, as the report spread over town that two children had just been drowned near the Swantown bridge. It appears that a little boy named Thomas W, son of Mr. Robert Mack, and Lulu Dean, a granddaughter of Mr. Peter Cook, each aged about 10 years, were playing on the logs in the boom owned by Mr. Varner, and slipped from their footing and before help could reach them they were dead The little girl was recovered in about 45 minutes and the little boy half an hour later. Long continued but unavailing efforts were made to resuscitate the little girl. Her mother came to a violent death by reason of an explosion in Virginia City, several years ago, and she then came up here to reside with her grandparents. The afflicted relatives have the unbounded sympathy of everybody in their hour of sorrow The funeral took place from the Presbyterian church to-day and the whole services were affecting in a more than ordinary degree.

THE coal mines at Seatco, owned by Messrs. Coulter, Shedd, Heacock and Brown, is now opened about 200 feet into the hill The coal from this vein is the best of any ever taken out in the Skookum Chuck region and is excellent for steam and domestic purposes The vein is large and in excellent workable position and should coal take an upward tendency in the market its owners have a fortune in their grasp. The opening is only about half a mile from the track of the N. P. R R. and advantageous rates have been offered to ship it to New Tacoma for the 'Frisco market and to Kalama for the Portland market By extending the Olympia and Tenino track four or five miles to the mine a large and profitable carrying trade can be built up, valuable alike to the road and to the owners of the mine.

THE United States Signal office for Olympia has kindly furnished the following memoranda for the month of July, 1878 Mean barometer, 29,971 inches, highest 30,236, on 13th, lowest 29,663, on 16th. Mean thermometer 61 03 degrees, highest 82 on 7th, lowest 45 on 14th and 21st. Greatest daily range of temperature 32 degrees on 7th, least 8 deg. on 16th and 18th, mean 21 23 degrees Total rainfall 0 98 inches Prevailing wind north, total movement 2688 miles; maximum velocity and direction 20 miles, south, on 2d Number of clear days 12, fair 10, days on which rain fell 4, cloudy days on which no rain fell 5. Solar eclipse on the 29th, ingress 12 deg, 33 min and 56 sec Egress 3 deg. and 4 sec.

THE board of county commissioners appointed a commission consisting of Messrs. McMicken, Treadway and Glover to make an examination of the track, road bed, etc, of the Olympia-Tenino railroad These gentlemen, accompanied by the commissioners, officers of the road and a large party of invited friends, went out to Tenino and return, last Thursday. This morning a report of the examination was made declaring that the terms of the contract on the part of the railroad have been complied with, with the exception that part of the necessary ballasting and lining-up remains unfinished.

In accordance with an act of the last legislature the commissioners have divided Thurston county into three commissioner districts as follows All that portion of the county lying east of De Chuttes river and Budds Inlet, excepting the corporate limits of Olympia shall constitute district No 1. All that portion lying west of the said river and inlet, except Olympia, shall constitute district No. 2, and Olympia shall constitute district No. 3.

DURING the past week the regular trips of the cars to Tenino and return was interrupted, in consequence of the locomotive being needed for the transportation of ties and other material used in ballasting and lining up the track. Monday it is intended to resume regular trips, going out in the morning and returning in the afternoon. When the track is put in good condition, two daily trips will be made.

THE commissioners had not taken action in regard to accepting the railroad and issuing the county bonds, when this paper went to press, but it is understood that it will be ordered that the bonds shall be issued as soon as the ballasting and leveling of the track is finished.

LAST Tuesday the cars were thrown off the track at the curve this side of Bush prairie, by a rail overturning The end of the rail had been cut off and the fish-plate holding it was only bolted on the other rail. An accident of such nature surely must be the fault of the engineer in charge of the work.

THE Commissioners have ordered that the guns distributed to members of the Olympia Light Guards be called in on or before September 15th, and at the expiration of the time mentioned the receipts for guns not returned will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection

PORTLAND is soon to have a phonograph.

IT is reported that the Democrats have called their Territorial convention to meet on the 5th of September, next Our private opinion is that this is a sham and that, as usual, they will delay all action until after the Republican convention has made its nominations

AT the election of railroad directors, this week, Messrs Pattison and Judson were re-elected and Mr Geo. Barnes was chosen in place of Mr J. T. Brown, resigned The new board of officers has not yet been chosen.

THURSDAY, August 8th, was the anniversary of the "big fire" in Olympia, that consumed half a block in the center of the town Most of the burned district is again covered with good substantial buildings

ADDIE L BALLOU, a pleasant lady of much ability as a speaker and writer is now in Portland She made Olympia a visit about four years ago and was very favorably received by the public and press

IN response to calls from the county authorities Governor Ferry sent, last Monday, 100 breechloading rifles to Yakima county and 40 to Klickitat county, accompanied by ample supplies of cartridges

A TUMWATER cow attempted to throw the cars off the track this week. The result was that she was so badly used up that her most intimate friend could not have recognized her.

DISTRICT court is in session in Steilacoom. There is a large docket and the full time allowed by law for the term will likely be required to dispose of the business

CAPT. Tom Mountain has sued Dr Jones for malpractice in setting a broken leg for the complainant, July 4, 1876. The accident occurred in Portland

LAMPSON, who, we believe, was doorkeeper of the Council, last year, has just been sent to the insane asylum, in consequence of using opium to excess.

MARRIED.—At Port Townsend, July 16th, Mr. J. J Hunt and Mrs. Louisa Watson. At the same place, July 28, Mr. T. N Stuart and Miss Annie Frost

REPUBLICAN officials contribute from their own private incomes to form a campaign fund Democratic officials steal the public money for that purpose.

DURING the three months that the cheese factory has been in operation at Chimacum, in Jefferson county, it has turned out 40,000 pounds of cheese.

MR Frank Kimball, brakesman on the Seattle railroad, was caught between a post and car and badly injured about the hips, one day this week

PETER Anderson, employed in the camp of Mr. Impett near Port Madison, was killed, this week, by a log rolling over him.

CHURCH OF THE UNITY.—No services next Sunday, except the Sunday School which meets as usual at half-past twelve

THE Washington monument is to have its base enlarged and strengthened and will then be run up to the hight of 500 feet.

HARRY SABIN has moved his gunshop and household effects into his new building adjoining the town hall

JUDGE GREENE left town for Oystervilla, yesterday. Court will convene in that place next Monday.

MR J. W. FIFE, of New Tacoma, will act as temporary mail agent on the Sound route.

M. E CHURCH.—Preaching Sunday at 11 A M, and 7½ P. M by Rev A Atwood.

REV DAVID SIRES returned to the Sound from east of the Cascades, last Tuesday

HORTON is running trenches all over town in which to lay down water-pipe

NEWSPAPER DEFAMATION.

From the Puget Sound Dispatch]

We know of no greater social nuisance, or a more malignant and infamous member of society than the editor of a newspaper who devotes his ability and opportunities to assailing the public reputation and maligning the private character of reputable citizens, for no other purpose than to gratify a base and malignant spirit, or to promote the sale of his newspaper by pandering to the most grovelling passions of our common nature, in comparison to which the vocation of a pimp or procurer for a brothel or stool-pigeon for a gambling hell, is respectable, and entitled to more toleration from all who recognize the sanctity of private rights or respect the decencies and proprieties of social intercourse, the thief, the burglar, the hired assassin, are not so dangerous, because their designs may be thwarted by due precaution or checked by the terrors of the law, while no personal precaution can avert the blow, no criminal code defend the victim of the more criminal assassin of private character. No citizen stands so high in the confidence of his fellowmen that he cannot be hurt by defamation, no domestic circle is so secure in blyssful purity that it may not be made to suffer from the poisoned shafts of calumny aimed at its natural protector. The vocation of a public calumniator of private character is that of a fiend, it is demoniac, hellish; he strikes at his victim only to inflict pain, regardless of the much greater torture inflicted upon the pure, the innocent, the helpless, who suffer most when their natural protector is assailed. The poisoned shaft of calumny which may glance from the man of the world inured to strife without inflicting a wound, never fails to reach and rankle in the hearts of the innocent and unoffending who look to him as their only earthly shield and protector.

To illustrate the above propositions, we have a case in point in the person of one H L Blanchard, the ostensible editor of the *Democratic Press*, a young lawyer of limited education, of light mental calibre and with small advantages of breeding, therefore inoffensive because of his social insignificance, who was inveigled by more designing men into the establishment of a newspaper under the misapprehension that he could make it an instrument in his political promotion. Thus far he has only succeeded in exhibiting himself as a cat's-paw in the hands of his knavish advisers who seek their own profit by the burning of his nugers Ostensibly democratic, the paper has never yet contained an article advocating or elucidating a democratic principle or idea, or in any way calculated to bring a sensible man to the support of the democratic party Professedly devoted to the exposure of official corruption, it has been utterly reckless in its charges and denunciations and has in no instance backed its charges by any proof. From first to last, the principal portion of its editorial yapoings have been devoted to personal defamation having no relation to any matter of any public interest Its last essay was a windy and violent attack upon Mr H G Struve, a private citizen, whose sole offense to the editor is in his acting as the attorney of Gov Ferry in prosecuting said editor for a gross and malicious libel. Mr Struve is arraigned solely on matters long since past, fully understood, and so far as any blame was attached to Mr Struve, have in the minds of all honest men, been amply condoned by an honorable career and blameless life from the time he attained the years of manhood to the present time, and never involved any moral turpitude The charge upon which the greatest stress is laid is that Mr Struve is a "deserter." We have before explained the circumstances connected with this charge. Mr. Struve is a German by birth; at the age of 17, he landed in New York fresh from a German University with the education and breeding of a gentleman, and failing to obtain other employment he enlisted in the army. His company was soon after ordered to California where the young German boy was assigned to menial service in a hospital, at which degradation his gentle instincts and refined culture revolted, and he took the risk of desertion More than twenty years thereafter, when the deserter had, by his own unaided efforts, achieved a leading position at the bar, and by his talent and integrity commanded the suffrages of his fellow-citizens for several of the highest offices within their gift, envy of his popularity and position instigated his enemies to report him to the war department as a deserter, from which, after a full investigation, he received an honorable discharge in consideration of his subsequent honorable and useful life as a citizen, and none but a coward and a sneak will now taunt him with a youthful escapade which has been so nobly condoned

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

The Northern Pacific Railroad

BISMARK, Aug 2.—A party of explorers with military escort, and headed by Gen Rosser, chief engineer of the Northern Pacific Railroad, left this morning for Fort Keogh The object is to ascertain the value of the Northern Pacific land grant between the Missouri and Yellowstone rivers. Drillus Morrison, of Minneapolis, accompanying the party, will report on his return to certain New York capitalists who think of building the road to the Yellowstone and accepting from the Northern Pacific Co 5,000,000 acres of land as their consideration

Death of Michael Reese.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug 3.—The Bank of California this morning received a dispatch from Carlsdad, Germany, that Michael Reese, millionaire, died at that place yesterday He leaves an estate approximated at $10,000,000 or more, and, with the exception of Senator Sharon, was the largest real estate owner in the city Some years ago he made a will leaving the great bulk of his estate to benevolent institutions

Pacific Mail and Union Pacific.

NEW YORK, Aug 4.—The World says A large shareholder and prominent director of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company said yesterday, after consultation with a lawyer of the company, that it had been decided that there does not exist any binding contract with the Union Pacific railroad. The reason assigned is that the form of agreement which was drawn up by which it was intended to establish pro rata rates and limit the number of steamers to be dispatched by the steamship company was never legally ratified and sealed Henry Hart said the company had not received any notification of advance in freights made by the Union Pacific railroad He also contended that the company ought not to be compelled to conform to the increased schedule for that reason A circular, he said, had been issued to merchants and shippers saying that freight would be taken at the old ruling rate of $5 per 100 pounds There has been nearly a sufficient amount of engagements already made on that basis for the next steamer to give her full cargo. It was also the intention of the company, Hart said, to grant favorable concessions to large shippers, if contracts were made for large shipments, or if merchants were willing to engage to ship all their goods by the North Pacific steamship line prompt connection with the Panama railroad would be guaranteed and reduced rates would be made Hart also added that when connection between the company and railroad is formally severed on the 1st of September the Pacific Mail Steamship Co will be run on an independent basis and entirely in the interests of eastern merchants

Another Dishonest Indian Agent

NEW-YORK, Aug. 6.—Specials have the following from Bismark, Dakotah Territory, of date Aug 5th Indian Inspector Hammond has completed his Standing Rock Indian agency investigation, and another, Hughes, of Chicago, has come to grief He was permitted to resign Hughes is the agent that the Indians wanted to drown a days ago. Hughes is the fifth that has succumbed to Hammond since he was made inspector last winter. Every agency inspection has resulted in somebody's decapitation The so called Columbia river pirates fear the worst

Shocking Railroad Accident

PITTSBURG, Pa Aug 7.—The fast train on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St Louis Railroad which left this city at 11 47 last night met with a terrible accident at a point one and a half miles west of Mingo Junction, Ohio The train was composed of two sleepers, one hotel car, one baggage, two postal cars and two coaches, one of the latter being occupied by emigrants At 1 A M at the point named, the last train which was 20 minutes behind time and running at the rate of 40 miles an hour, collided with a freight train The entire train, except the hotel cars and sleepers, was thrown from the track and fearfully wrecked Eleven or 12 persons are reported killed, and 15 to 20 seriously wounded All the passengers in the sleepers escaped without serious injury Loss of life was confined to those in the forward cars occupied by postal clerks and emigrants

LATER—The Cincinnati postal was thrown over an embankment 30 feet and completely demolished Postal clerks Frank D Graham, A. W Andrews and W Johnston were killed. The St Louis car was thrown over the embankment on its end and badly wrecked Postal clerks G W Weast, W H Houston and G. C Mathews were injured, but it is supposed not fatally The baggage and emigrant cars were thrown from the track and badly wrecked, while the last coach and sleepers remained on the track and the occupants escaped almost unhurt

☞ The National Gold Medal was awarded to Bradley & Rulofson for the best Photographs in the United States, and the Vienna Medal for the best in the world 429 Montogomery Street, San Francisco

A Remarkable Result.

It makes no difference how many Physicians, or how much medicine you have tried, it is now an established fact that German Syrup is the only remedy which has given complete satisfaction in severe cases of Lung Diseases It is true there are yet thousands of persons who are predisposed to Throat and Lung Affections, Consumption, Asthma, Severe Colds settled on the Breast, Pneumonia, Whooping Cough, &c, who have no personal knowledge of Boschee's German Sprup To such we would say that 50,000 dozen were sold last year without one complaint Consumptives try just one bottle Regular size 75 cents Sold by all Druggists in America

The Crust of Tartar.

Speedily leaves the surface of teeth upon which the cleansing and preservative influence of SOZODONT is daily exerted No form of decay can infest a set of "ivories" upon which it is used It has, moreover, a most refreshing effect upon the mouth, in which it leaves a very agreeable taste, besides rendering the breath fragrant If the mouth be rinsed with it after smoking, the taste of the tobacco is entirely dissipated As an auxiliary to personal comeliness it cannot too highly be extolled Sold by druggists

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HOW IS THIS FOR LOW ?

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO GET BARGAINS in Furniture at Chilberg's As he is closing out his stock of Furniture he sells
Walnut Extension tables at $1 25 per foot
Large Arm Cane-seated rocking chairs $1 75.
Nurse chairs, cane bottom $2 50.
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" " cottage " $2 25
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Maple cane Chairs from $1 10 to $1 90
Wooden seat Chairs 90 cts
Child's high " cane bottom $1 25
" rockers " wooden $1 25
Walnut Stools 24 in high $1 65
Oak " 18 in " $1 75.
And every thing else in proportion Call soon and examine his stock before it is all gone He has two new American Sewing Machines which he will sell at cost price
Don't forget the place, at
ISAAC CHILBERG'S

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, AT the annual session of the stockholders of the Thurston County Railroad Construction Company, on Monday next, the polls will be open from 10 o'clock until 12 o'clock A M The election will be held at the office of J P Judson, President

L P VENEN, Secretary.

Olympia, Aug 2, 1878.

SHERIFF'S SALE

In the District Court of the Second Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Olympia, for the Counties of Thurston Mason, Chehalis and Lewis

Jno. C Schaefler, *Plaintiff.*
vs
N H. Bloomfield, *Defendant*

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to and by virtue of a decree and order of sale issued on the 2nd day of July, 1878, by the Clerk of the above named District Court, to me directed and delivered, I have levied upon and taken into execution the following described real estate, viz The South East quarter of Section (14) fourteen, in Township (13) thirteen North, Range (1) one West, in Lewis county, Washington Territory, and on the 24th day of August, 1878 at 2 o'clock P M, of said day at the Court house door, in Lewis county, W T, I will sell the said real estate to satisfy a judgment of $215, gold coin, and for interest and costs and increased costs, rendered against the above named defendant and in favor of the above named Plaintiff

H C SHOREY,
Sheriff of Lewis county, W T.

July 26, 1 w

A. FARQUHAR

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS

HARDWARE, WILLOW WARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, STONE WARE, PAINTS & OILS, WINDOW GLASS,

FLOUR, MIDDLINGS, BRAN, SHORTS, FEED CORN MEAL OIL CAKE MEAL, CHOPPED FEED, CHOPPED BARLEY, WHEAT, OATS, BALED HAY, AND

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

☞ GOODS DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY. ☜

On Seventh & Adams Sts, Olympia, W T

THE P. S. T. CO.'S STEAMER MESSENGER,

CAPT. J. G. PARKER,

Leaves Olympia for Seattle and way ports on **Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays** at 7 o'clock, A M

NATHAN S. PORTER

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC & CONVEYANCER

OLYMPIA, W T.

THOMAS M. REED,

TERRITORIAL AUDITOR,

Office Masonic Hall. Entrance from East end of building.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

C. R. TALCOTT.

—o—

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

AND DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, Silverware, Cutlery, Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes Notions, &c., &c.

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

Singer Sewing MACHINE,

The STANDARD MACHINE of the world, over 280,000 of these popular machines sold by the Company in 1877 Machines sold on note and lease plans Needles, Oils and Attachments for all Machines

C R TALCOTT.

Olympia, W T No 19-tf

SEATTLE STONE YARD.

—o—

JOHN KEENEN,

—o—

WORKER IN MARBLE MONUMENTS HEADSTONE & TOMBS

☞ Also furnishes Stone for Building Purposes Cemetery Work of all kinds executed All orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed Persons lying at a distance by sending a description of what they wish, can have Designs, Prices, etc, sent to them to choose from

Shop on Crawford and Harrington's Wharf Seattle, W. T.

OLYMPIA DRAY COMPANY.

This company is prepared to execute all orders for hauling merchandise, lumber, hay, grain, brick, sand, etc, in any part of the city or vicinity It is well supplied with heavy trucks and such facilities as will enable it, in speedy and expeditious manner to move heavy castings, iron safes, &c, at short notice, and upon reasonable terms

Drays can be obtained at any hour of the day or night, and without extra charge

Teams sent to the country on short notice, and upon the most reasonable terms.

Among the many good things possessed by the Olympia Dray and Truck Company, is their

CITY EXPRESS,

On the arrival of steamers, teams and drays will always be on the wharf, in readiness for speedy transmission of freight or baggage to any part of the city or Tumwater

JAMES BOWLIN, Proprietor

C. B. MANN

—KEEPS—

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY, TOILET GOODS AND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF LAMP CHIMNEYS

GARDEN SEEDS

SUCH AS LETTTCE, ONIONS, CABBAGE, RADDISH, BEET, &c

2ND GRADE OF SULPHUR,

SALTS, COPPEAS, SALT-PETRE, Good for Stock in the Spring

PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY,

TURPENTINE AND RUBBER PAINT

Castor Oil

FOR AXLE GREASE

ALWAYS ON HAND

"Centennial Heave Remedy"

FOR COUGHS AND HEAVES IN HORSES.

Eagle Brand of Condensed Milk.

Fishing Tackle,

HOOKS, SNELLS, LINES, &c

Compounding Prescriptions

MADE A SPECIALTY AT THE

PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

NOTICE

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stock-holders of the Thurston County Railroad Construction Company will be held in Olympia on Wednesday, the 15th day of August, 1878

L P VENEN, Sec'y.

Olympia, July 6th, 1878.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY MARKET,

D. J. CHAMBERS & SON, Prop'S.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

LIVE STOCK

Fresh Meats and Vegetables.

Barrelled Beef and Pork

Smoked Meats & Small Goods,

Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Bacon, Pure Leaf Lard

(put up on the premises)

FRESH SAUSAGES DAILY

and Every class of Goods belonging to our business.

All Orders Promptly Attended

READ! READ! READ!

—o—

ABOUT TO MAKE A CHANGE IN OUR busines We offer our entire Stock of

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, & NOTIONS, &c., &c.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Come early and secure bargains

T N FORD & CO

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS FOR **SPRING & SUMMER** AT **E. N. OUIMETTE'S**

Where you will find a fresh stock of

DOMESTICS,

DRESS GOODS,

CASSIMERES,

FLANNELS,

SHAWLS,

SKIRTS,

LININ GOODS,

WHITE GOODS,

EMBROIDERIES

QUILTS,

HOSIERY,

GLOVES,

VEILINGS,

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS

HANDKERCHIEFS,

CORSETS,

NOTIONS,

LACES,

HATS,

BONNETS,

FRAMES,

FLOWERS,

FEATHERS,

Hats and Bonnets made and trimmed to order

Also, Gents' Furnishing of all kinds Such as

WHITE SHIRTS,

COLORED SHIRTS,

UNDER SHIRTS,

DRAWERS,

CUFFS,

COLLARS,

BOOTS,

HATS, &c.

Pants of Oregon made Casimere

NEW STORE.

JOSEPH CHILBERG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN CHOICE

GROCERIES,

CONFECTIONERY,

CIGARS, and TOBACCO,

FLOUR and FEED, &c

He would be pleased to have his old friends and a great many new ones call and examine his new stock of

CHOICE GOODS,

Which he will sell at the very lowest rates

California Crackers received fresh by every steamer.

He keeps constantly on hand a large supply of

GROUND BARLEY,

for Logging Camps, also

Flour, Wheat, Oats and Bran.

☞ Highest price paid for Country Produce Give him a call and be convinced of his

BED ROCK PRICES.

Feed Store Corner Fourth & Columbia Street Grocery Store Corner Fifth and Main.

Feb 1, tf

SAMUEL G. WARD.

DEALER IN

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

Crockery, Glassware, and Silver-plated Ware, and Wooden Ware, Tobacco and Cigars.

—o—

AGENT FOR

WHITE'S SHUTTLE

SEWING MACHINES.

☞ All Goods Delivered

Olympia, W T April 25,-w-tf

FARMER'S MARKET.

THE PUGET SOUND FARMERS' CO-OPERative Association has purchased the Market on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, Olympia formerly owned by Halzeman & Co, and will hereafter be ready to supply the public with the best of

Meats, Vegetables,

FRUITS, PRODUCE, ETC

STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER FROM THE Hon Judge of the Probate Court of Pacific county, of Washington Territory, dated July 21, 1878, I will sell on the 31st day of August next, 1878, at Public Auction, 40 acres of land belonging to the Estate of Nells Olofsan, deceased, described as follows, to wit the south west quarter of the south west quarter of section 9 in township 10 north of range No 8 west of Willamette meridian Sale to commence at one o'clock P M, on the premises Terms cash.

SAML E BARR.
Administrator,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WOODRUFF & VAN EPPS,

Successors to A. J. Burr & Co.,

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS,

AND DEALERS IN

CIGARS & TOBACCO, FANCY GOODS, NOVELTIES, SHEET MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c

BOOKS.

We have a carefully selected library of Story Books, History, Travels and Adventure, Poems, Novels and a large stock of school Books always on hand

STATIONERY.

The latest styles of Fancy Papeteries in boxes, Letter Note, Foolscap, Legal Cap, Bill Cap, Letter and Note Heads, and Mourning Paper All grades and prices Marriage Certificates, Blank Books, etc

MUSIC.

We are Agents for the WEBER, Stone, Steadman, Sherman & Hyde, Mansfeldt & Notni, and other Pianos, and the Standard and the Estey Organs all of which we sell on the Installment plan, thereby placing them in reach of all We also have a large assortment of Musical Instruments, such as Violins, Banjos, Guitars, etc We are agents for Sherman & Hyde, San Francisco, and G Schirmer, New York, therefore we are enabled to procure almost any piece of music published

CIGARS & TOBACCO.

We carry the finest brands of Tobacco and Cigars to be found in the city Call for the Professor Morse or Mermaid Cigars, of which we are Sole Agents in Olympia

MISCELLANEOUS.

A large and well selected stock of Holiday Goods, Toys, Cuttlery, plated or solid Gold and Silver Jewelry, Watches, etc, in fact we carry everything to be found in a first-class Book and Stationery Store

Orders by mail, no matter how small, will be promptly attended to

Give us a call

Post Office Building,

MAIN ST., OLYMPIA, W. T.

June 14, 1878 tf

HOLIDAY STOCK

The largest and most attractive stock of

NOTIONS, TOYS & HOLIDAY GOODS

ught to the place are now offered for sale at the

OLYMPIA BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

Keep constantly on hand

SCHOOL BOOKS

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS

STATIONERY, TOYS,

Musical Instruments, &c.

Wall Paper in Great Variety,

PRINTING PAPER, FLAT CAP

AND DRAWING PAPER,

Constantly on Hand.

☞ We are Agents for M Gray, of San Francisco, the largest Music Store on the Pacific coast Any instrument required—from a simple whistle to a piano—ordered upon short notice We have samples of organs and pianos now on exhibition at our store

HAND MADE HARNESS.

I. B. EASTMAN,

TUMWATER, W T

THE PROPRIETOR HAS REFITTED HIS old stand for the purpose of receiving his new stock of goods from San Francisco. He intends to reduce the prices in all kinds of Harness and Saddles in his line of business.

no 21-tf

L. A. TREEN

MANUFACTURER OF GENTS'

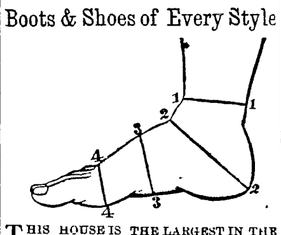
FINE CALFKIP & STOGA BOOTS,

Olympia, W. T.

OF EVERY VARIETY. ALSO

Ladies' and Misses

Boots & Shoes of Every Style



THIS HOUSE IS THE LARGEST IN THE territory, with a heavy stock of the BEST BRANDS OF LEATHER on the coast, consisting of **French Calf and Kip, and Philadelphia Calf and Kip.** I also keep on hand a

Full Assortment of Boots & Shoes

Which I will sell for less money than they can be sold by any other house on Puget Sound

Orders respectfully solicited, and strict attention paid to details, etc ALL OF MY WORK AND STOCK are warranted to give satisfaction Repairing neatly and promptly executed

Thankful for the very liberal patronage extended to me for the past ten years, I hope for a continuance of the same

GO TO BNJ. VINCENT,

For the Finest Varieties of

CUSTOM MADE BOOTS & SHOES

LATEST STYLES OF

Boots & Shoes Made to Order.

All Work WARRANTED and SATISFACtion Guaranteed

☞ MANUFACTURER of Custom Made boots and shoes, either wholesale or retail The best of French stock and oak tan sole leather used and all work warranted

☞ Also agent for the Weed Family Favorite Sewing Machine, for perfection, durability and cheapness unrivalled Orders from every where solicited

MAIN STREET, OLYMPIA, Next to Transcript Office

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

W. H. SHOUDY,

SEATTLE, W. T.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

WHITE LEAD,

LINSEED OIL,

TURPENTINE, VARNISHES, All Kinds), SHELLAC, CAN COLORS, DRY COLORS, PUTTY; Full Assortment of GLASS, WINDOW, PARIS WHITE, KALSOMINE and Glue. Also a full assortment of BRUSHES, GOLD LEAF and BRONZES

Painters call and examine my Stock before purchasing elsewhere

PAPER HANGINGS.

I have the largest and best assortment on the Sound, at prices to suit the times

Constantly on hand,

RUBBER PAINT,

Acknowledged to be the best paint in the world by all who have used it

☞ Prompt attention paid to orders from abroad

A Branch of this Establishment has been Established at **New Tacoma**, under the management of Mr C H. Wood

Northern Pacific Railroad

Pacific Division

IS NOW COMPLETED FROM COLUMBA RIVER

TO

Kalama & Tacoma the Terminus

Tacoma to Wilkeson.

(COAL MINES)

MAIL LINE TRAINS

DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED).

GOING NORTH		GOING SOUTH.	
Kalama - - 11 20 A M	—	Tacoma - - 7 00 A. M	
Tenino - - 3 40 P M	—	Tenino - - 8 45 "	
Tacoma - - 5 20 "	—	Kalama - - 12 30 P M	

PUYALLUP TRAINS.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE
Tacoma - - 6 45 A. M	—	Wilkeson - - 9 00 A. M
Wilkeson - 3 30 P M	—	Tacoma - - 5.50 P. M.

CONNECTIONS,

At **Tacoma** with Pacific Mail Steamships for Victoria and San Francisco, and with Sound Steamers for Seattle, Olympia and all points on Puget Sound

At **Lake View** with stage for Steilacoom

At **Tenino** with the **Olympia-Tenino Railroad** for Olympia

At **Kalama** with O S N. Co's Boats for all points on the Columbia River

At **Portland** on Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M with steamers for Port Townsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, west Minister and Fraser River

Through tickets for sale at the principal offices of the Company, and at the office of the O. S. N. Co, in Portland, Oregon to Victoria and, Seattle, and via P M S S Co, Steamships from Tacoma and O S N Co's and P C S S Co's Steamships from Portland to San Francisco

Through tickets to Portland, Oregon, for sale at Victoria, Seattle, Tacoma and Tenino

SAM'L A. BLACK,
General Superintendent.

W. WAYNE VOGDES,
Genl. Ticket Agent

NOTICE

To all whom it may concern.

WHEREAS THE COMMISSIONER OF THE General Land Office, in letter dated July 8th 1874, ordered that the lands in township 15 North, Range 1 West in the district of lands for sale at Olympia, W. T., should be withheld "from disposal as agricultural lands until the nonmineral character thereof shall have been fully established" And whereas, WILLIAM F YANTIS of Lewis county, W. T., who made homestead entry for land in said Township and Range viz S½ of NW¼ of Sec 27—now makes application to make his final entry of said land, and has filed in this office his affidavit declaring that there is not within the limits of said land, to his knowledge, any coal or other valuable mineral deposit, and that said land is essentially nonmineral land.

Now, therefore, in accordance with instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, it is ordered that testimony touching the character of said described land shall be taken before the Register and Receiver of the United States District Land Office at their office in Olympia, W. T., on the 16th day of August A. D. 1878, beginning at 10 o'clock A M, at which place and time all persons having interest in the matter of the character of the above described land are required to appear and there and then to present such evidence as may serve to fully establish the character of said tract of land

Given under our hand, at the United States District Land Office at Olympia, W T, this 6th day of July A. D 1878

J T BROWN, Register
R G STUART, Receiver.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT, OF WASHINGTON TERRITORY, Holding terms at Olympia, Thurston County.

James Delgardno,
vs
O Roland

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to, and by virtue of an Execution issued on the 22nd day of June, 1878, by the Clerk of the above described District Court, to me directed and delivered, I have levied on and taken into Execution the following described Real Estate, viz the NW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of Section 13, and E½ of SE¼ of Section 14, and the NW¼ of Section 17, and the NE¼ of Section 18, Township 18 N, Range One West, which on the 10th day of August, 1878, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the door of the Court House, of Thurston county, W T., I will sell the said real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy a judgment of $65 40-100, gold coin, and for costs rendered against the above named Defendant and in favor of the above named Plaintiff

WILLIAM BILLINGS,
Sheriff of Thurston County, W. T.

NOTICE.

To all whom it may concern:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, ON the 8th day of June, A. D 1878, my wife Antonia Mauermann, left my bed and board without just cause, and against my will, and I hereby notify all persons, that I will not be responsible for any debts or contracts made by her, after the date hereof

Dated at Chehalis, Lewis Co, W. T, this 8th day of June, A. D 1878

JOSEF MAUERMANN JR.

No 24

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON TERRITORY Holding terms at Olympia, Thurston County

W. L. C. Neate,
vs
O Rowland.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That pursuant to, and by virtue of an Execution issued by the Clerk of the above described court, to me directed and delivered, I have levied on and taken into execution the following described real estate, viz the NW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of Sec 13, and E½ of SE¼ of Sec 14, and the NW¼ of Sec. 17, and the NE¼ of Sec 18, Township 18 North Range 1 West, and on the 10th day of August 1878, at 1 o'clock P M at the door of the court house, of Thurston county, W. T, I will sell said real estate to satisfy a judgment rendered in the above entitled court and cause, for the sum of $37 49, and for interest, costs and increased costs

WILLIAM BILLINGS,
Sheriff of Thurston County, W. T.

NOTICE.

NOTICE, TO THE STOCK-HOLDERS OF the Bay Center Oyster Company is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the stockholders of said Company, on the seventh day of August, 1878, to be held at Bay Center, for the purpose of increasing the Capital Stock of said Company, five thousand dollars ($5000)

L. H. BROADS, Secretary.

Puget Sound Weekly Courier.

VOL. VII. OLYMPIA, W. T. FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1878. NO. 33

THE WEEKLY COURIER

C. B. BAGLEY,
PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

THE WEEKLY COURIER is issued every Friday morning, and is furnished at the following rates:

For one year	$3 00
Six months	1 50
Single copies	10

ADVERTISING RATES

$2 00 per square for the first insertion, and $1.00 for each subsequent insertion

A liberal reduction will be made to regular advertisers.

Ten Nonpareil lines make a Square.

LOCAL NOTICES, 10 cents per line for the first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion No notice less than 50cts.

AGENT AT PORTLAND, OGN—L SAMUELS

AGENTS AT SAN FRANCISCO—THOMAS BOYCE, No 25, Merchant's Exchange, L P FISHER, rooms 20 & 21, Merchant's Exchange, California street.

AGENTS AT NEW YORK CITY—S M PETTENGILL & Co., 41 Park Row, cor. Beekman, and GEO P ROWELL & Co., 41 Park Row

TO CORRESPONDENTS —All communications intended for insertion in THE COURIER must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a guaranty of good faith

OFFICE —On Fifth Street, near Main.

REPUBLICAN TERRITORIAL CONVENTION.

Pursuant to call, the Republican Territorial Committee met in Tacoma, on the 18th inst. The members present were Daniel Bagley, chairman, Byron Barlow, H. G Struve, T T Minor, H W Fairweather, S W Brown, N. H. Bloomfield.

Byron Barlow was elected Secretary, vice H W Fairweather, resigned.

The chief business of the meeting was the calling of a convention for the nomination of a Delegate to Congress

The following is the call as issued:

By order of the Territorial Central Committee duly assembled pursuant to notice, this 18th day of July, A. D 1877, at New Tacoma W. T., notice is hereby given that a Republican Territorial Convention is called to assemble at Vancouver, Clarke county, on Wednesday, the 9th day of October, 1878, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Delegate to Congress, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it

The Committee has fixed the apportionment of Delegates to said Convention as follows: One delegate at large for every County in the Territory, and one additional delegate for every one hundred votes and for every majority fraction of one hundred votes cast in each county at the general election of 1876, for the Republican candidate for Delegate to Congress Upon this basis the various Counties of the Territory will be entitled to representation in said Convention as follows.

Chehalis	2	Clallam	2
Clarke	6	Columbia	4
Cowlitz	3	Island	2
Jefferson	3	King	9
Kitsap	3	Klickitat	2
Lewis	3	Whatcom	3
Mason	1	Pacific	3
Pierce	3	San Juan	2
Skamania	1	Snohomish	3
Stevens	2	Thurston	5
Wahkiakum	1	Walla Walla	5
Whitman	4	Yakima	3
Total			75

The Committee also recommends, subject to any change to be made by the respective County Committees, that the various County Conventions be held at the County seat on Saturday, the 28th day of September 1878, at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., and that the primary meetings to elect delegates to the county conventions be held at 1 o'clock P M, of Saturday the 21st day of September 1878, at the voting places in each precinct This recommendation is intended only for those counties which have no County Central Committee, or when they fail to act

By order of the Republican Territorial Central Committee

DANIEL BAGLEY, Chairman.
BYRON BARLOW, Secretary

COUNTY CONVENTIONS.

The Republican Territorial Committee recommend that all County Conventions be held on or before the 7th day of September, instead of the time first designated

DANIEL BAGLEY,
Chairman.

CONSISTENCY OF THE TRANSCRIPT.

The *Transcript* laments that heretofore the town has been under the control of the ring, and its having a majority in the conventions has by that means run the county. It announces however to its readers that a movement is on foot to give a majority to the out precincts Hence we were about to conclude the ring organ was happy, but, alas, no! It puts on its war paint and announces to the world at large that the Republicans of Thurston county will not be satisfied with such a movement. Now, *Mr. Transcript*, will you enlighten us as to what will be satisfactory to you? We are anxious to know what will please you. Your strict integrity, high sense of honor and, above all, wonderful political consistency, make it imperatively necessary that you be pleased. The great service you have rendered the party, the wonderful ability you have brought to the work, places you in a position to command and demand, to say to one come, and he cometh, to another, go, and he goeth The party throughout the whole land should feel grateful, while the party in Thurston county has peculiar cause for gratitude. You should not only be consulted, but should control its actions and dictate its policy To ask less would indicate a morbid modesty on your part. To grant less would be the blackest ingratitude on the part of the Republicans of this county. They must not forget that there has scarcely been an issue of your paper since you "sold out," but what you have kindly informed them that they are run, and controlled by the ring—in other words, that they are bound hand and foot, that they have neither intelligence nor independence of character to act for themselves. At the same time you have warned these ignorant, blockheaded citizens that if they submit to it the "people" will repudiate their actions. Oh! yes, by all means, satisfy the *Transcript*, heed its advice, listen to the voice of wisdom blended with consistency. On the other hand your mighty pen and commanding influence has been silent as to anything done, or left undone by the Democracy. Let the logic of your course answer whether it is your love for the Democrat or your hate of the Republican that has influenced you.

THE CHIEF OF THE RING.

Reticence is sometimes a virtue and is commendable, and at other times it is not, but may be carried to such an extreme as to excite suspicion,

S. W. Hall, the head center of that dastardly and unscrupulous clique, composed of himself, McElroy, Wheat, Hewitt, Dennison, Bloomfield and Gunn, has lived in this community for eight years, and in addition to his other virtues has practiced the most remarkable reticence that has ever come under our observation. Who is he? where did he come from? what are his antecedents? These questions are as difficult to answer as the riddle of the Sphynx. Can none of his confrees play the role of Odipus and lift the impenetrable veil which covers the past history of their leader? Hall has become a public character. He is the actual editor of the *Transcript* and the writer of the malignant and scurrilous articles against many of the best citizens of the Territory, which have disgraced the columns of that paper, and he is the acknowledged chief of the McElroy ring McElroy is famed for his sagacity in shoving his tools, but in this instance he made a grand mistake and found his master. Will the Ring give the public a short autobiography of their chief, or is it possible that they have been on terms of more than brotherly intimacy with one whose past history is to them a sealed book?

GRATITUDE is a virtue that seems entirely wanting in Gunn's composition. We could recite almost numberless instances but will now only give a notable one. A few years ago Mr. T. F. McElroy was the holder of an execution against the *Transcript* office and spared no effort to crowd it to a sale Everything that the most malignant spirit of enmity could devise was done to hurry up the sale and to prevent any one from coming to Gunn's rescue. Mr. Billings, the sheriff, gave the unfortunate debtor the benefit of every delay the law allowed but the last day of grace had nearly expired when Mr H. G Struve and some personal friends whom he had persuaded to join with him, generously came forward and became responsible for the debt and enabled Mr. Gunn to relieve himself from impending ruin To-day, we find the latter in league with that self-same McElroy, in a personal and political fight against the man who then befriended him. These facts are within our personal knowledge and are familiar to scores of others in Olympia

IT IS a source of no small gratification to be able to announce that the grand jury of Pierce county, have examined the charges against Mr. Hoover and made a return of "not a true bill." That gentleman is a political opponent and had we followed the example of most of the Democratic papers of the Territory, we should have endeavored to make as much political capital out of the charges made against him as possible, but we did not believe them true and promptly said so His personal enemies endeavored to destroy his reputation but have signally failed.

THE McElroy Ring complain that Mr. Struve should have been allowed a seat in the committee on a proxy from an office-holder. Mr. Struve had another proxy from a member who was not an office-holder, so that if his right to use the first ballot had been denied he could still have obtained a seat in the committee, but Mr Bloomfield could not, as *both* of his proxies were from office-holders—one from Mr. Vawter, postmaster at Walla Walla, the other from Mr Brown, the receiver of the land office at Vancouver. What have the soreheads to say to this?

INASMUCH as the *Transcript* informs its limited number of readers that we have had an addition to our editorial staff and proceeds to tell where he came from would it not be in keeping with the eternal fitness of things for the ring organ to arise and explain as to where its editor-in-chief came from who in *this* community goes by the name of Hall.

"THE *Experiment*" is the suggestive title of a little paper issued from the *Standard* office, last Tuesday. As we understand, the object of its publication was to ascertain if the reading public of Olympia is disposed to support a daily paper conducted on strictly business principles, which may be summed up in the sentence, "to pay for every copy of the paper taken and for every advertisement inserted." For the past 25 years the system of "deadheading" has weighted down every newspaper published in the place so that most of the ventures of the kind have been failures and those that have survived have experienced but a sickly existence This has been especially true of the daily papers The present "experiment" is made for the purpose of trying another plan. If sufficient encouragement is offered it will be continued, but the moment it fails "to pay" no false pride will prevent a prompt suspension We confess to some curiosity as to the result.

THE National *Republican* of Washington city, D. C., in a recent article concerning senator Mitchell, of Oregon, says: "The Pacific slope has never had a representative who combined more successfully the knowledge of the profound lawyer with that of the practicl statesman. No state that is continually changing its representative here at the national capital ever impresses its wants and necessities upon the legislation of the country. The practice the south followed of keeping her trained politicians always at the national capital made the slave power so ponderous a factor in Washington, and as soon as the democracy of the south came up again after the war they sent their Stephenses, Huntons, and Tuckers to the national council chambers The result of the presence of these trained lawmakers in bringing southern influence so quickly to the front has more than justified the wisdom of this policy.

THE editor and publisher of the Daily *Spearmint* announce in the language of the auctioneer, that they offer to the public attractions never before aggregated in Olympia, but that the new paper will not go to sale unless an upset offer of 80 subscribers and four columns of advertisements shall be made, and they'll "never take a cent less."

HON. C. M. Bradshaw announces publicly that he is a candidate for prosecuting attorney in the Third Judicial district. He is admirably qualified for the position by reason of ability and experience, and if nominated will be elected without difficulty, judging from his uniform success as a candidate before the people.

THE *Astorian* says: "The United States revenue cutter Thomas Corwin returned yesterday from a search after the codfish bank, said to exist off the coast of Oregon. The codfish were not found, but an excellent supply of large, fine, fat halibut and other finny tribes of the deep were found."

IT is always a sad spectacle to the disinterested observer to see the fool join hands with the knave. The former is sure to have his fingers burned in attempting to get the chestnuts out of the fire. We presume however it makes them no less delicious to the latter.

SINCE Brother Murphy became the head center of the Champions we supposed he had eschewed all fancy drinks and set his face against their main ingredients. Maybe he offers *spearmint* as a medicine and not to flavor a summer beverage.

THE *Astorian* says vessels of a greater draught than 16 feet cannot reach Portland until high water, which makes it bad for the Oregon grain fleet. Let them come to the Sound, and they will find that even after paying railroad freights they will make money in the long run

THOMAS W. Prosch has instituted suit against Beriah Brown for libel. Newspaper men on the Sound are capitalists, almost without exception, and to be cast in damages of $5,000 or $10,000, will only necessitate a little temporary economy on their part

A YOUNG man named David Brosfield, was shot and killed at Umatilla, last Saturday, by Levi Knott The quarrel originated through the use of too much bad whisky.

THE unkindest cut of all is to hear the head centers of the Ring lamenting the misfortunes of the youth with auburn locks. How are you, chestnuts, eh!

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON.

(Continued)

ARTICLE IX.
ADMINISTRATIVE.

SECTION 1. There shall be chosen, the qualified electors, of the State, a Secretary of State, a State Treasurer, and a Superintendent of Public Instruction, who shall hold their offices for the term of four years They shall, during their terms of office, reside at the seat of government where shall be kept the public records, moneys, securities, books and papers of their respective offices

SEC 2 The Secretary of State shall keep a fair record of the Acts of the legislature, and of the official acts of the executive departments of the State, and shall, when required, lay the same, and all matters relating thereto, before either branch of the legislature He shall be, by virtue of his office, auditor of public accounts, and shall perform such other duties as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC 3 The powers and duties of the Treasurer and Superintendent of public instruction shall be prescribed by law The superintendent of public instructions shall be, by virtue of his office, state librarian.

SEC 4 No person shall hold the office of state treasurer for two successive terms

SEC 5 In each county, there shall be elected for the term of two years, three county commissioners, who shall perform such duties as may be prescribed by law, any two of whom shall be a quorum for the transaction of business, and who shall be elected at the same time as is provided for the election of members of the legislature There shall also be elected at the same time, in each county, one county clerk, who shall be clerk of the board of county commissioners, and be *ex officio* recorder of deeds, one sheriff, one coroner; one treasurer, one superintendent of schools, one surveyor, and one assessor, who shall severally hold their offices for the term of two years

SEC 6. The legislature may provide for the election or appointment of such other county, precinct, municipal and school officers as public convenience may require, and the terms of their office shall be prescribed by law

SEC 7 The legislature shall, by law, classify the several counties according to population, and shall grade the compensation of the officers within the respective classes according to population. Such law shall establish scales of fees to be charged and collected by such of the county and precinct officers as may be designated therein, for services to be performed by them respectively, and where salaries are provided, the same shall be payable only out of the fees actually collected, in cases where fees are prescribed, All fees, perquisites and emoluments, above the amount of such salaries, shall be paid into the county treasury

SEC 8 No person shall be eligible to any county office unless he shall be a qualified elector, and have resided in the county one year next preceding his election, except as otherwise provided in this constitution

SEC. 9 In case of a vacancy occurring in the office of either the secretary of state, state treasurer, or superintendent of public instruction, the Governor shall fill the same by appointment; and the person appointed shall hold such office for the remainder of the term, and in case of a vacancy in either of the county, precinct, municipal or school offices the same shall be filled in such manner as may be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE X
OFFICERS

SECTION 1. Every person holding any office under the State, or any municipality therein, shall, unless removed according to law, exercise the duties of such office until his successor is duly qualified, but this shall not apply to members of the legislature, nor to members of any board or assembly, two or more of whom are elected at the same time The legislature may by law provide for suspending any officer in his functions, pending any proceeding, the effect of which, if convicted, would be removal from office

SEC 2 No person shall hold any office or employment of trust or profit under the laws of the state, or any ordinance of any municipality therein, without devoting his personal attention to the duties of the same

SEC 3 No person hereafter convicted of embezzlement of public money, shall be eligible to any office of trust or profit in this state, unless to the rights of citizenship by a pardon from the Governor.

SEC 4. Every civil officer shall, before he enters upon the duties of his office, take an oath or affirmation to support the constitution of the United States, and of the state of Washington, and to faithfully perform the duties of the office upon which he shall be about to enter.

SEC 5 State officers, judges of the supreme and circuit courts, and circuit attorneys, shall file their oaths or affirmations of office in the office of the secretary of state Every other officer, except the officers of municipalities and school district officers, shall file his oath or affirmation of office in the office of the county clerk of the county wherein he shall have been elected or appointed

SEC. 6 Every person appointed to fill any vacancy, in any elective office, shall hold for the remainder of the unexpired term, unless a general election shall intervene, in which case his successor shall be elected, and shall hold for the remainder of the term

SEC 7 No person who shall hereafter fight a duel, or assist in the same as a second, or send, accept, or knowingly carry a challenge therefor, or agree to go out of the state to fight a duel, shall hold any office in this state

SEC. 8. Public officers, except the Governor and judges of the supreme and circuit courts, shall not be impeached, but corruption, malfeasance, misfeasance or non-feasance in office shall be prosecuted and tried in the same manner as criminal offenses, and judgment, upon conviction, shall be given of dismissal from office, in addition to such further punishment as may be prescribed therefor by law

SEC 9 The compensation of all officers, not otherwise provided for in this constitution, shall be as prescribed by law

SEC. 10 No person, being a member of Congress, or holding a commission to any civil or military office under the United States, except postmaster of the fourth class, shall be eligible to any office under this state, and if any person shall, after his election to any office, be appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of the United States, or of any State or Territory his acceptance thereof shall vacate his office

SEC 11. Salaries shall be paid quarterly The Governor, secretary of state, superintendent of public instructions and state treasurer shall each receive fifteen hundred dollars per annum The judges of the supreme and circuit courts shall each receive two thousand dollars per annum. The salary of circuit attorney shall not exceed one thousand dollars per annum.

ARTICLE XI.
EDUCATION.

SECTION 1 The general supervision of the public schools of the state shall be vested in a board of education, whose powers and duties shall be prescribed by law The superintendent of public instruction, secretary of state, and state treasurer shall constitute the board of which the superintendent of public instruction shall be president.

SEC 2 The legislature shall as soon as practicable, provide for the establishment and maintenance of a thorough and uniform system of free schools throughout the State, wherein all residents, between the ages of five and twenty-one years, may be educated gratuitously One or more public schools may be maintained in each school district within the state at least three months in each year.

SEC 3 The public school fund of the state shall forever remain irreducible, the interest thereon only shall be expended in the maintenance of the schools of the state, and shall be distributed among the several counties and school districts in such manner as may be provided by law. No part of this fund, principal or interest, shall ever be transferred to any other fund, or used or appropriated for any other purpose than that herein provided The state treasurer shall be the custodian of this fund, and the state shall make good all losses thereof that may in any manner occur;

SEC 4. The net proceeds of the sale of all lands that have been, or hereafter may be granted by the United States to the state for educational purposes (except the lands heretofore granted, or that may be hereafter granted for the purposes of a University, or for a college of agriculture,) all moneys and the clear proceeds of all property that may accrue to the state by forfeiture or escheat, all moneys which may be paid as an equivalent for military duty, and all moneys arising from any grant to the state, where the purposes of the grant grant are not specified. The net proceeds of the sales or other disposition of the five hundred thousand acres of land to which the state is entitled on its admission, by the provisions of section 2378 of the revised statutes of the United States, together with the *per centum* of the net proceeds of the sales of the public lands which the state may receive on its admission into the Union (if Congress consents to such appropriations last mentioned)—shall be set apart as a separate fund, to be called the school fund, the interest of which, and all other revenues derived from the school lands, shall be exclusively applied in such manner as the legislature may prescribe to the support of common and graded schools and to the purchase of suitable libraries and apparatus therefor

SEC 5. All fines, penalties and forfeited recognizances, arising under the general laws of the state, shall belong, and be paid over, to the counties respectively, where the offenses shall have been committed, and shall be appropriated exclusively to the support of common schools where the same may accrue

SEC 6. Provisions shall be made by law for the distribution of the income of the school fund among the several districts, for the support of common schools in proportion to the number of children therein, between the ages of five and twenty-one years; and no appropriations shall be made from the school fund of any district for the year in which a school shall not be maintained at least three months

SEC 7 Provisions shall be made by law for the support of the State University, and for connecting with the same, from time to time, such colleges, in different parts of the state, as the interests of education may require The proceeds of all lands that have been, or may hereafter be, granted by the United States, to the Territory or State, for the support of a university, shall be and remain an irreducible fund, to be called the university fund, the interest of which shall be apportioned to the support of the state university and its branches, wherever located in the state, and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed therein

SEC 8 The superintendent of public instruction, the secretary of state and the state treasurer, shall constitute a state board of land commissioners, for the sale, leasing and general management of the public lands belonging to the state, and for the investment of the funds arising therefrom, in such manner as the legislature may provide Any two of said commissioners shall be a quorum for the transaction of all business pertaining to the duties of their office

SEC 9 It shall be the duty of the state board of land commissioners to provide for the location, protection, sale or other dispositions of all the lands belonging to the state under such regulations as may be prescribed by law No law shall ever be passed by the legislature, granting any privileges to persons who may have settled upon any school lands subsequent to the public surveys thereof, by which the amount to be derived from the sale or other disposition of such lands, shall be diminished directly or indirectly The legislature shall, at the earliest practicable period, provide by law that the several grants of lands, made by Congress to the state, shall be located, preserved and held for disposal, for the respective purposes for which said grants were made, or which are designated in this constitution; and shall provide for the sale, leasing and general management of said lands from time to time, and for the application of the proceeds thereof in any manner directed in this constitution

SEC 10 University, college, common school or other lands, which are now held or may be hereafter acquired by the state, for educational purposes, shall, before the sale of the same, be appraised, and shall not be sold for less than the appraised value

SEC 11 There shall be a county superintendent of schools in each county, whose term of office shall be two years, and whose duties, qualifications and compensation shall be prescribed by law. He shall be *ex officio* commissioner of lands within his county, and shall discharge the duties of said office under the direction of the state board of land commissioners, and as provided by law.

SEC 12 No religious test or qualification shall ever be required of any person as a condition of admission into any public school or educational institution of the state, as teacher or pupil, and no sectarian doctrines shall ever be taught in the public schools in this state, nor shall any funds, set apart for educational purposes, be appropriated for the support of schools controlled in whole or in part by any church, religious society or sectarian denomination, and no appropriation from the common school fund shall be made for the support of any private school or seminary whatever

ARTICLE XII,
FINANCES

SECTION 1 The Legislature shall provide for an annual tax, sufficient to defray the estimated expenses for each year, and whenever the expenses of the year shall exceed the income, the legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency, as well as the estimated expense of such ensuing year

SEC 2. All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects within the Territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws, which shall prescribe such regulations as shall secure a just valuation for taxation of all property, real and personal

SEC 3 The property, real and personal, of the United States, and the property of the State and counties; property of municipalities, common-school property, cemeteries not owned or used for private or corporate profit, and public libraries—shall be exempt from taxation, and all laws exempting from taxation property other than that hereinbefore mentioned, shall be void

SEC 4 The legislature shall not impose taxes for the purpose of any county, city, town or other corporation, but may by law vest in the corporate authorities thereof respectively, the power to assess and collect taxes for all purposes of such corporation, but no county, city, town or other municipal corporation—the inhabitants thereof or the property therein—shall be released or discharged from their or its just share of taxes, to be levied for State purposes

SEC 5 The power to tax corporations and corporate property shall never be released or suspended

SEC 6. All corporations in this State, or doing business therein, shall be subject to taxation for State, county, school, municipal and other purposes, on the real and personal property owned or used by them within the Territorial limits of the authority levying the tax

SEC 7 No money shall be paid out of the Treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation made by law

SEC 8 Neither the State, nor any county, city, town, or school district shall make any donation or grant to, or in aid of, or become a subscriber to, or a shareholder in—any corporation or company, or a joint owner with, any person, company or corporation, public or private, in or out of the State, except as to such ownership as may accrue to the State by escheat, or by forfeiture by operation of law, and except as to such ownership as may accrue to the State, or to any county, city, town or school-district, or to either or any of them jointly with any person, company or corporation, by forfeiture or by sale of real estate for non-payment of taxes, or by any donation or devise for public use, or by purchase by or on behalf of any or either of them under execution in case of fines, penalties or forfeitures of recognizance, breach or condition of official bond or of bond to secure public moneys, or the performance of any contract in which they or any of them may be jointly or severally interested

SEC 9 Neither the State, nor any county, city, town or school district shall lend or pledge the credit or faith thereof, directly or indirectly, in aid of any person, company or corporation, in or out of the State

SEC 10 The State shall never contract any public debt, except in the cases and manner hereinafter described.

SEC 11 For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditures, the State may contract public debts, in the aggregate, shall not, for the first fifteen years, exceed fifty thousand dollars, and shall never exceed one hundred thousand dollars Every such debt shall be authorized by law, for some purpose or purposes to be specified therein, and every such law shall provide for levying an annual tax sufficient to pay the annual interest of such debt, and the principal within ten years from the passage of such law, and shall specially appropriate the proceeds of such taxes to the payment of such principal and interest, and such appropriation shall not be repealed, nor the taxes postponed or diminished, until the principal and interest of such debt shall have been wholly paid.

SEC 12 No county, city, town or school-district shall contract any debt unless authorized and limited by law, and no scrip, certificate, or other evidence of debt whatever shall be issued by them, except in accordance with the provisions of such law

SEC 13 No city or town shall contract any debt, by loan in any form, except by means of an ordinance—which shall be irrepealable until the indebtedness therein provided for shall have been fully paid or discharged—specifying the purposes to which the funds to be raised shall be applied, and providing for the levy of a tax—not exceeding twelve mills on each dollar of valuable taxable property within such city or town—sufficient to pay the annual interest, and extinguish the principal of such debt within fifteen years, but not less than ten years, from the creation thereof, and such tax, when collected, shall be applied only to the purposes in such ordinances specified, until the indebtedness be paid or discharged But no such debt shall be created unless the question of incurring the same shall, at a regular election for councilmen, aldermen or officers of such city or town be submitted to a vote of such qualified electors as shall, in the year next preceding, have paid a property tax therein, and a majority of those voting on the question, by ballot deposited in a separate box, shall vote in favor of creating such debts, but the aggregate amount of debt so created, together with the debt existing at the time of such election, shall not, at any time, exceed three per cent of the last valuation of property upon which said tax was paid

SEC 14. Nothing contained in this article shall either impair or add to the obligation of any debt heretofore contracted by the Territory of Washington, or by any county, city, town or school-district within the State, in accordance with law

SEC 15 The State Treasurer shall keep a separate account of each fund in his hands, and shall, at the end of every quarter of the fiscal year, report to the Governor in writing, under oath, the amount of all moneys in his hands to the credit of every such fund, and the place where the same are deposited, and the number and amount of every warrant received, and the number and amount of every warrant paid therefrom, during the quarter The Governor shall cause every such report to be immediately published in at least one news paper printed at the seat of government The legislature shall, at its first session, and may at any subsequent one, provide by law regulations for the safe-keeping of the public funds, and for bonds, to be given by the Treasurer, with sureties

SEC 16 The making of profit, directly or indirectly, out of the state, county, city, town or school district money, or using the same for any purpose not authorized by law, by any public officer, or any other person, shall be deemed a felony, and shall be punished as provided by law

SEC 17 Private property shall not be taken or sold for the payment of the corporate debt of municipal corporations

SEC 18 There shall be a state board of equalization, consisting of the secretary of state, state treasurer and superintendent of public instruction, whose duty it shall be to adjust and equalize the valuation of real and personal property among the several counties Also, in each county, a board of equalization, consisting of the board of county commissioners, whose duty it shall be to adjust and equalize the valuation of real and personal property within their respective counties Each board shall also perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law, *provided*, that the legislature may prescribe the rule by which such equalization shall be controlled, and may revise or amend the same when they may deem it necessary.

SEC 19 The state shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, municipal corporation, or person, unless such debt shall have been contracted to repel invasion, suppress insurrection or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of indebtedness

SEC 20 The legislature may borrow money or contract debts, to repel invasion, surpress insurrection, or defend the state in time of war, but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the object for which the loan was authorized, or to the repayment of the debt thereby created

SEC 21 The state shall never contract any debt for work or internal improvement, or be a party in carrying on the same But whenever grants of lands or other property shall have been made to the state, for particular works of internal improvement, the state may carry on such works, and shall devote thereto the proceeds of such grants and may appropriate the revenue derived from such works in aid of their completion and repair

SEC 22 No money shall be drawn from the treasury for the benefit of any church or religious society, or religious or theological seminary

ARTICLE XIII
CORPORATIONS

SECTION 1. All existing charters, or grants of exclusive privileges, under which the corporators or grantees shall not have organized and commenced business in good faith, at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall thereafter have no validity

SEC. 2 Corporations may be created under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal purposes All general and special laws, creating corporations, may be altered, amended or repealed, in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done

SEC 3 All railroads in this state shall be deemed public highways, and shall be free to all persons for the transportation of their persons and property, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, and laws shall be passed, from time to time, establishing reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freights thereon, and to prevent unjust discrimination

No railroad corporation, or the essee or manager thereof, shall consolidate its stock, property or franchises with any other railroad corporation, owning or having under its control a competing line Every railroad shall have the right, with its road, to intersect, connect with, or cross any other railroad; the manner of the exercise of which right, however, to be regulated by law Laws shall also be passed, regulating the liabilities of common carriers of passengers in cases of personal injuries occasioned by negligence on the part of the carrier

SEC 4. No right of way shall be appropriated to the use of any private corporation until full compensation shall be first made to the owner, irrespective of any benefit arising therefrom, which compensation shall be ascertained in such manner as may be provided by law

SEC 5 No street railroad shall be constructed within any incorporated city or town, without the consent of the local authorities thereof

SEC. 6 No corporation shall issue stock or bonds except for labor done, services performed, or money or property actually received The stock of corporations shall not be increased except in pursuance of general law The stock-holders of all corporations and joint stock companies shall be individually liable for all labor performed for such corporation or company

SEC 7 Laws shall be passed, regulating the right of foreign corporations to do business in this state, and the mode in which they may sue and be sued

SEC 8 The legislature shall not have power to establish or incorporate any bank or banking company, or moneyed institutions whatever in this state, with the privilege of making, issuing or putting in circulation any bill, check, certificate, promissory note or other paper intended to circulate as money.

ARTICLE XIV
STATE INSTITUTIONS

SECTION 1 Educational, reformatory and penal institutions, and those for the benefit of the insane, blind, deaf and dumb, and such other institutions as the public good may require, shall be established and supported by the state in such manner as may be prescribed by law

SEC 2 The legislature shall not have power to change or locate the seat of government of the state, but shall, at the first session subsequent to the admission of the state, submit the question of its permanent location to the qualified electors of the state, at the general election then next ensuing A majority of all the votes cast shall be necessary to such location, and in case no one place shall have such majority, the question shall be resubmitted at each general election, until such majority vote shall effect a location *Provided*, That, until the seat of government shall have been permanently located, as herein provided, the temporary location thereof shall remain at the capital of the territory at the time of the admission of the state.

SEC 3 The legislature shall make no appropriations or expenditures for capitol buildings or grounds (except to keep the territorial capitol buildings and grounds in repair), until the seat of government shall have been permanently located

SEC 4. The university, at Seattle, and the hospital for the insane, at Steilacoom, shall, upon the adoption of this constitution, become institutions of the state, and the management thereof subject to the control of the state, under such laws and regulations as the legislature shall provide, and all gifts, grants and appropriations of money or property, real or personal, heretofore made to said institutions, or to the Territory of Washington therefor, are hereby confirmed to the use and benefit of said institutions respectively

ARTICLE XV
MISCELLANEOUS.

SECTION 1 The political year for the State of Washington shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year

SEC 2 The term felony, wherever it occurs in this Constitution, or the laws of the State, shall be held to mean any criminal offense punishable by death or imprisonment in the penitentiary, and none other

SEC 3 It shall be the duty of the legislature, at its first session, to provide a Seal for the State, to be called the "Great Seal of the State of Washington," which shall be kept by Secretary of State, and all official acts of the Governor,—his approval of the laws excepted—shall be thereby authenticated The Seal of the Territory of Washington shall be the Seal of the State until otherwise provided by law

SEC 4. No county with an area of 900 square miles or less, shall be divided, or have any part stricken therefrom, without submitting the question to a vote of the qualified electors of the county, nor unless a majority of those voting on the question shall vote for the same

SEC 5 No county seat shall be removed until a majority of the qualified electors of the county, voting on the question, shall have voted in favor of its removal

SEC 6 All county officers, whose election or appointment is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of the respective counties, or appointed by the Governor, or by the board of county commissioners, or other county authorities, as the legislature shall direct All city, town and precinct officers, whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of such cities, towns and precincts, or by some division thereof, or appointed by such authorities thereof, as the legislature may designate for that purpose All other officers, whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, and all officers whose offices may hereafter be created by law, shall be elected by the people, or appointed, as the legislature may provide

SEC 7 All navigable waters in the State shall be and remain public highways, free to all citizens of the State and the United States

SEC 8 No navigable stream in the State shall be bridged, dammed or obstructed by any person or corporation, without the authority of law

SEC 9 None but citizens of the United States, or aliens who have declared their intentions to become such, in accordance with the laws of congress, shall be employed in or about any public office in the State, or in any State institution, or on any public work prosecuted by the State

SEC 10 All patents and grants of lands, made by the United States to settlers and purchasers of the tide-lands, shall be ratified and confirmed by the State

SEC 11 In the event of the rejection of the separate articles relative to woman suffrage, the legislature may submit the question, at any general election, to the qualified electors of the State, and if a majority of all the votes cast at such election, on the question, shall be in favor of woman suffrage, then all women who are citizens of this State, and who possess the other qualifications of voters, shall be qualified electors of the State

SEC 12 The legislature shall declare the cases in which any office shall be deemed vacant and also the manner of filing the vacancy, where no provision is made for that purpose in the Constitution

SEC 13 The county commissioners, superintendent of schools and the county treasurer of each county shall constitute a board of appraisers, who shall appraise all lands within their respective county, belonging to the State except tide-lands, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law before they can be sold

SEC 14. The common law of England applicable to our circumstances, and not repugnant to, or inconsistent with the Constitution of the United States or Constitution or laws of this States, but in the event of laws being passed, conferring rights or imposing obligations growing out of or founded upon the principals of the civil, and not the common law, then the rules of the Civil Law may be resorted to for the purpose of interpretation and decision

SEC 15 The legislature shall have power to fix the time for the election of all officers when no provision is made for such election in this Constitution

[Concluded next week]

LAST Sunday evening about half-past six o'clock occurred the death of Mr. Levi Shelton, after a brief illness of typhoid fever He was a pioneer in the Territory and county and among his large circle of acquaintance was esteemed for his honesty, kindness of heart and pleasant social qualities He was a man of generous impulses, who "loved a friend as a brother." He was a native of North Carolina, and was in his 62d year at the time of death. In early life he went to Missouri, when that region was on the frontier and from there he came here in 1852 while this was still a part of Oregon Territory, At one time his family in this county consisted of the father and mother and five children but death has laid his hand upon one member after another until now but three of the children, a son and two daughters, remain These had many friends to share with them the cares of the last illness and to sympathize with them in their afflictions The funeral services were held in the Presbyterian church under the direction of Mr. Thompson and the remains were followed to the Masonic cemetery by a long cortege of relatives and friends.

LAST Saturday, Capt Doane spread a collation of which a large number were invited to partake. The principal feature of the spread was the fine, large oysters, that he has recently discovered on one of the neighboring beds. Although out of the season as generally understood, these oysters were as large as any we have seen here. The Captain will soon be ready to supply the domestic and foreign demand.

MESSRS Dobbins, Littlejohn, Lamson and Blankenship returned, last Monday, from their prospecting tour in the Cascade mountains, looking sunbrowned and weary. They brought home numerous specimens of metal bearing rock that "rock sharps" pronounce gold, silver and lead. Assays will be had as soon as possible and then we shall know what estimate can be placed upon the value of their discoveries.

THE attention of those desiring to invest money safely is called to the notice in another column regarding the county bonds. The intesrest on these bonds will be $6,000 per annum. It would be a measure of true economy for our people to keep them in the county The bonds are of denominations that place them within the reach of all—the rich man with his thousands or the poor man with but one hundred dollars.

A LATE telegram announces the death of Mrs. John Venen, mother of our townsman L. P Venen. She died on the 9th inst., near Cleveland, Ohio.

The Puget Sound Courier.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING BY

C. B. BAGLEY Editor and Proprietor.

OLYMPIA, W T.

Edna's Answer.

Yes I *did* say when you whispered
Words of love so sweet and low,
"Come to me upon the morrow
And I answer yes or no?"

Now you've come, you're bending o'er me,
Swearing too by heaven above,
That the one to whom you're pleading
Is your first and only love

Rollin Howard, you've deceived me,
You have played the coward's part,
You must go, I trust no longer
He who trifles with my heart

Just an hour ago I listened
While a maiden, bowed with shame,
Told a story fraught with sorrow,
Told me of a tarnished name

Told how lured by one's sweet pleadings,
Left her sunny *southern home*,
Now forsaken, hopes all scattered,
She is left alone to roam

Standing there, her dark eyes flashing,
Anger stamped upon her face,
With her arm upraised to heaven,
You she cursed and all your race.

Think you now I'll trust my future
Unto you? *no, never!* Then,
[illegible] question
"We must never meet again."

Vile deceiver! base imposter!
Leave me; ere like one who hurled
Curses on thy head, I too show
Thy true colors to the world

Love Better Than Riches.

The October haze hung like a gauze of gold about the purple tops of the lowlying country hills Perched among them shone the pale stone walls and ornate roof of a superb country seat Behind it rolled and rumbled the glistening river, and before it, almost under the pretty bay-windows, ran the elm flanked common highway.

A man, very young and very handsome, with brown, dreamy eyes, rode by that day.

He looked up, and saw a lady standing on a balcony above him About her regal figure fell folds of lusterless amber silk and foam pale laces Her Spanish eyes, and delicale, haughty features, smiled down upon him from behind an exquisite fan, she wore white roses on her bosom, and an arrow of gold and diamonds held back from her dusky brows the glossy plaits of her ebon hair

"It is Madeline," he thought, drawing rein. "She is very beautiful! They told me she is past thirty, but she looks younger than I, and I am twenty-one. It won't be very hard for me to obey my uncle, I fancy."

The wealthy and eccentric old uncle who had reared and educated him had sent Algernon Heath to this elegant place with a friendly letter of introduction, ostensibly given that his beloved nephew might have a week of change and quiet, but really, privately, and commandingly, that the said nephew should meet, woo, win, and marry a beautiful creature, whose lands and lucre should be worthy of his great expectations

A glance from those brilliant eyes told the young man that he had reached his destination.

He had never seen the lady before, but it was flatteringly evident that she knew him, and was a bit merry because, through his ignorance of the locality, he had missed the entrance.

He returned her smile, lifted his hat gallantly, wheeled his horse, and rode back to the gloomy gate of iron, guarded by two bronze lions rampant

"I have crossed the rubicon!" he thought again, as the big, grim gates clanged behind the heels of his uncle's favorite black "Methinks when I recross I shall carry my good relative the message, 'I came, I saw, I conquered!'"

Algernon Heath was only twenty-one. He had his fancies and his follies, but he knew nothing of the love that can make a lifetime of misery or a single day of rapturous, blissful peace. He was doing the bidding of one who had enervated his fine strong nature by too much ease and delicious living—that was all

He was welcomed warmly, and his stay was prolonged unreasonably, and he left only to return in a few weeks to claim the Spanish eyed Madeline as his bride.

Algernon Heath was proud of his handsome, stylish wife She was passionately fond of him, and, alas! quite as passionately jealous

Why should she not be—this worldworn coquette of thirty, who had snared the fevered fancy of his youth, well knowing that his untouched heart might some day thrill to the claim of a fresh and true affection?

But they were reasonably content in their marital bonds for ten quiet years

Out of Madeline's fortune her husband had had a prodigal share, and she never reproached him for his lavish extravagance He was always kind, and true, and devoted, and surely she could ask no more.

Her father died the first year, after her marriage, but Algernon's uncle still lived, hoarding his millions for a munificent-final bequest to a favorite charitable institution, it was said and believed

Madeline believed it, and, with the instinct of jealousy, guessed that the eccentric old gentleman had planned her marriage with his young nephew for a purpose of his own.

"He imagined that a rich wife would rid him of Algernon's extravagant demands for money," she thought bitterly, when she felt death creeping through her veins "He knew his plans, of course If my husband married me for love, he will never take another wife when I am gone If he married me for my worldly possessions, I have a way to thwart his sordid, heartless desires."

And so Madeline Heath made just such a will as rich and aged men often make who have taken unto themselves very young, very poor, and very unthinking wives

And with this jealous bitterness in her soul, she died, leaving to her husband, if he remained unwedded, the whole of her fortune; but should he marry again, he would be penniless as he was the day he led her to the altar

"Poor Maddie!" was the only comment made by the husband who had faithfully been fond of her in his way; "I have never yet seen a woman her peer in beauty and goodness."

And for five long years he was the most inimitable widower who ever wore crape on a fashionable hat

He was not gloomy and lugubriously uncongenial—certainly not The world thinks no better of us for bearing out our solemn sorrows, and displaying them with the purple amaranths pinned on our velvet lappels.

But Algernon Heath accepted his wealth and his freedom in an easy way that seemed selfish, if not enjoyable.

It was another October day, when the luscious rosy apples were dropping ripe from the branches, and the scarlet leaves were drifting, breeze-borne, through the yellow haze, that he met Susy Wright.

He was out on a lonely hunt for the sly foxes and wild rabbits which had despoiled his hennery and gardens

A timid thing, with a coat of snowy fur and scared pink eyes, scampered across his path

He levelled his gun, with a random aim, and fired

He fancied he heard a small, human cry of pain, as he sprang over the green arbor-vitæ hedge for his quarry

What he saw was like a picture from the fresh canvas of our best living artists It was a background of a low hill, veiled in mist, at its base a fringe of sweetbrier and wild rose shrubs, from which the bloom of snow and pink had fallen and faded months ago, leaving only the scarlet seed-shells that hung thick in the shadow of dim dark firs

Against this background, radiant and distinct, stood a tall and supple form, robed in a gown as brown as the brown autumn leaves that clung wreath-like in her curls of dead-gold hair Her features could never have served for the model of the modern sculptor—there was something too humanly, vividly expressive in their irregular unclassic contour And in her bosom she held a panting, snow-white, pink eyed rabbit The little creature was unhurt, but a few drops of ruddy blood dripping from her torn and smoking sleeve told the sportsman where his careless shot had struck

"How could you fire at such a harmless thing?" she asked, angrily

"Pardon me," returned Algernon Heath, with anxiety "I certainly would not have done so had I thought I might have mistaken your target."

"Oh!" said the girl, conscious for the first time of a sting of pain, and, glancing at her arm through which the random shot had ploughed a ragged furrow, and then she turned and sped away, quite as shy as the scared rabbit she still held

Algernon Heath was by no means contented until he had ascertained the name and circumstances of the lovely creature who had spoiled his cruel sport These things were *ascertained speedily*, Susy Wright was only the poor dependent of a small farmer in the neighborhood

But the facts did not prevent him from making an apologetic call the next morning, followed by many others. And these calls were repeated until Susy Wright knew that she loved the rich man, and that the rich man loved her.

And yet Algernon Heath said nothing to bind in a betrothal the secret of their hearts; Susy only knew his affection from the deep, unwavering tenderness of his brown, large eyes, the clinging touch of his warm, caressing fingers, and the passionate, insidious tones that uttered those vague, poetic sayings, such as never can be repeated, in sentiment, for a trusting woman's defense

He loved her and his heart knew it, but to marry her, and give up the ease and luxury that had become part of his life, was quite another question

Of course Susy knew nothing of that fatal will, nor the equally fatal conditions that held him to his pleasant life of indolence and liberty

"His manner towards me is always full of unspoken passion. He will ask me to be his wife soon And what will I say? He is so rich and manly, and I am so poor," she thought one evening, as she came down from her room through the *sombre hall attired in a cheap dress* of the flax-straw yellow color of her flowing hair, and faintly strewn with buds like the wax-flower blue of her eyes

She drew her fleecy white wool shawl about her graceful shoulders, as a strong perfumed wind swept up from the open door at the farther end of the hall

Noiselessly, on her velvet shod feet she advanced to close it, when she heard the voice of Algernon Heath answering something said by her cousin

"You are quite right Susy should have known this long ago I love her as I thought I could never love a human being. I have no trade nor profession. I have lived a life of ease, and could not support her. It is the fault of false training, I suppose Since I knew her I have turned my thoughts towards the business by which my uncle made his money, and of which I know something, but as yet I have failed in my most promising efforts I fear that I am too old, to succeed in anything except idleness," and he laughed a hard, weary, cynical laugh "For myself I might face poverty, but I could not see the woman I love want for the commonest necessities of life I must not ask Susy to share misery with me"

"You have greatly wronged her, Mr Heath," replied her cousin, "for you have *certainly won her affection*"

Susy Wright, hearing this, drew her white shawl about her shoulders, and stole away shivering

He did not see her that night, nor for weeks after She avoided him with a sick heart

One day as she was coming up the high-way, she saw him pacing up and down before the high hedge that outlined *the boundary of the Heath estate*. He was very pale, and the hands that crossed behind him were clasped with skeleton fingers This fight between love and riches had made him a hapless, hopeless, desolate man

On the other side of the hedge workmen were busy felling a giant willow, the shadow of which had been ruinously detrimental to the orchard trees behind it. The last stroke of the axe had been given, when a rope snapped asunder, and the huge, heavy trunk shook and shivered, and then swayed towards the hedge. Algernon Heath stood directly in its way, but he was quite unconscious of his danger Susy Wright, with a wild, warning shriek, sprang forward and clutching his arm, thrust him aside with superhuman strength

He was saved; but she was struck down by a cruel blow from one of the large branches

And during the weeks that followed, the girl babbled in her delirium of her love and lover, until he who heard her was smitten with contrition and pain When she came back to clear, conscious life again, Algernon Heath sat by her side She had a glimpse of somebody vanishing through the door, as if by prearrangement

"My little girl," said the voice of her lover, "*you have taught me* and told me many things in your fever talk You are to get well soon and be my wife Poverty and love will bring us more happiness than riches and loneliness."

The kiss on her lips steeped her senses into a sweet slumber, and then, after many hours, she was awakened by a kiss, like the sleeping princess

But those who stood by her bedside *banished him who kissed her, and would* not allow him to see her again until she was strong enough to go down to the parlor in her pretty flax-straw tinted, flax-flower figured cambric

A dull red scar was still visible above the snowy temple, *where the golden ringlets* had been shorn away

"No, Mr Heath," said she, when he besought her to be his wife "I heard all you said to my cousin that night, and I should always feel a guilty and most unhappy woman if I should allow you to sacrifice your riches by a marriage with me."

"Susy, dear girl," he responded, impressively, "I have already given the fortune up, and I am succeeding much better in the business I undertook some months ago It is all for your sake, my love, and you cannot be so unkind as to refuse to cheer and inspire me in my new endeavor. You did not save my life to make me wretched, did you, Susy?"

Overborne by her affection and his earnest pleadings, Susy promised all he asked, and a few months after she was the bride of a very quiet wedding

For a year they shared contentedly together the bitter and the sweet. *Economy* brought them comfort; persevering thought and labor brought them hope for the future, and their true, strong love—always forbearing and never regretful—brought them happy peace.

It was on the anniversary of their bridal day

"Are you happy, dear? Have you anything to regret?" asked Susy, as she bent over her husband's chair, and threaded caressingly his auburn red curls with her tender fingers

"I am more than happy, my wife, I am grateful to Heaven for you, and for this new life that, I believe, has made me a better man

As he spoke, a small sealed package was brought up to them

"From my uncle," he observed, noting the scrawling address

They had not been friends since Algernon's second marriage The old gentleman had been pleased to stigmatize his nephew as a "Quixotic fool," and the world was mostly of the same opinion

"I apologize," wrote the rich man, "for all the harsh things I have thought and said of you, I want to know your wife She has made a man of a spendthrift, and thus must be worth knowing Beg her to accept, with my regards, this set of diamonds. I have discovered that you can make money now as fast as you used to waste it, therefore consider yourself as my heir I have made my will to that effect, and send hereby the first instalment of what will soon be your own

There was but little more of this concise and direct epistle, but there were tears in the husband's eyes as he clasped in Susy's shell-like ears and about her lovely neck and arms the precious jewels,

"Let me change the proverb, dear," he said "'*Money* is potent, but *love* is omnipotent,' for has not all my good fortune come to me for love of Susy"

Life's Disappointment.

Mr Grimes had an occasion to ride in a street car the other day All the seats were occupied, except those owned by parties standing up, and Grimes was classed among the latter As he hung tenaciously to a strap pendant from the car top, his attention was attracted by the keenness with which a lady close by eyed him Mr Grimes immediately put on his best countenance, brushed a speck of dust off the lappel of his coat, and adjusted his eye-glasses His hardest stare and most winsome smile were apparently received with marks of appreciation by the party on whom they were bestowed The space of but a few moments served to give him an opportunity he longed for. The seat next the lady was vacated, almost, it seemed, for Mr Grimes' particular benefit, at all events, he proved himself equal to the occasion, and immediately filled the vacancy

"How do you do, Mr Grimes?" from the lady, caused the heart of that gentleman to thump against his ribs with a force that betokened the presence of some strong emotion kindled in his breast

"You don't seem to recognize me," continued she, with a sly look, "I'm Mrs Beeme, I used to be Sallie Quigby" And Mr Grimes' heart-throbs immediately became reduced to a dull, heavy measure of time

Mr. Grimes looked out of the corners of his eyes two or three times, and Mrs. Beeme carefully removed a few wisps of straw about the car floor with her parasol

"*I haven't seen you for fifteen years*," said she slowly, and with something of a tremor in her voice

"No," returned Mr Grimes, with some show of feeling, "we haven't met for fifteen years Are—you—married?" he added, with a sigh, and then ventured a closer scrutiny of his companion

"Y-e-s," she slowly sighed, and with a quick look of inquiry, she asked, "*Are-are you?*"

As Mr. Grimes gave a long drawn out utterance to an affirmative expression, his chin sank upon his bosom Presently he found courage to inquire "How-how long have you been married?"

"Eleven years," she replied, lengthily and with down cast eyes, "how long have you?"

"Seven years," and then assuming something more of a business tone of voice, he continued "Got any children?"

"Four," said Mrs Beeme, with a downward inflection of the voice "How many have you?"

"Three," replied Mr Grimes, as he convulsively reached for the bell-strap and gave it a vicious pull immediately making a break for the platform of the car.

As Mr. Grimes descended from the carstep he pulled his hat down savagely over his eyes, and, as Mrs Beeme watched after his rapidly diminishing figure she heaved another sigh, and wistfully murmured, "It might have been otherwise"
—*Cincinnati Times*

THE MAINE GIRL.—A New York newspaper correspondent who reached a down East summer resort early in the season, writes

Let us speak a good word for the Maine girl. She is a splendid housewife, she has beautiful arms, and the time to see them is when she is making bread Why hasn't Longfellow written of "The Baking of the Bread" along with the building of a ship? Or, has he? The Maine girl is fleshy, as a general thing, but the Maine man is lank

She has a rosy, round face, she has hazel eyes, swept by long, silky lashes, she has high cheek bones, and high forehead, she has brains assure and true, it not surer and finer, than Boston brains Her lips are ripe and full. She sings from sunrise till she seeks her downy pillow at night She is as merry and chirp as a sparrow, when she laughs she throws back her head She looks beautiful It is a grand sight to see a Maine girl laugh, it is thrilling, natural, unaffected It is splendid, it is nature—poor, fallen nature risen Where is the artist to paint the Maine girl laughing? to save that face on canvas, to duplicate that mouth in oil colors? If your phonograph has naught but an Eastern girl's laugh to throw back upon you, you are rich in melody.

There is a sweet simplicity about the girl We are happy at introducing her to any strangers and hope we may be remembered, either by cake or invitation, when the marriage bells are ringing

IF Mrs Fry, of Albion, a native of Montgomery County, lives until the 10th of September next, she will be 108 years old A short time since, in walking about the house, Mrs Fry stumbled over a loose board, and, falling, injured her hip so that she has since been confined to her bed It is doubtful whether she will ever again be able to walk She is now in a very helpless condition physically, but her mental faculties are not seriously impaired —*Oswego Times*

ACCOUNTS from China show no abatement of the famine. 60,000,000 people are still suffering more or less distress.

Stonewall Jackson and the Sharpshooter.

Just before the battle of Chancellorsville, where Hooker was defeated by the terrible surprise in his rear, three foragers belonging to a Western regiment, one of them a sharpshooter, caught sight of "Stonewall" Jackson *standing in the* edge of a forest, reconnoitering the position of the Union army The sharpshooter, who was a rough, profane man, known as "Old Pete," took deadly aim with his Minnie rifle at the General, from the window of an empty house. What followed is thus related by one of the three in the *Detroit Free Press*

It seemed like cold-blooded assassination I could almost count the buttons on Jackson's coat, and there seemed no escape for him I was watching him when the rifle cracked. He had a field glass to his eye, and the only movement we could see was a quick motion of the head, as if the bullet had cut close to his ear The glass was not even lowered "Old Pete" swore as he realized his failure, but in a minute was ready again

"I hope never to draw another breath if I don't kill him!" he muttered, as he knelt down Jackson did not face us as before, yet was a good mark even for a musket We watched him as before, and this time the bullet must have swept past his face, as he dodged his face backward The field glass went down then, but he raised it in an instant and went on with his survey.

"Have I got to be a fool, or have I grown blind," howled Pete, as he looked down upon his unharmed victim. "I'll kill him this time or shoot myself in the chamber"

It was dangerous to remain there longer, as the cavalry had crept nearer, and Jackson's aids seemed to have got the idea that a sharpshooter was posted near by Yet "Old Pete" would have had a third shot if the Confederates had been in the house

He took a more careful aim, and yet, when he fired, he saw splinters fly from a railroad over beyond the General The cavalry were then close upon us, and our two muskets were lost in the hurried flight from the house Half an hour after that, Jackson was driving our brigades and divisions as he willed

"I'll measure off the same distance, shoot off-hand, and bet my life I can hit a soldier's cap nine times out of ten!" growled "Old Pete" as he hurried forward, and suddenly overcome by indignation and chagrin he battered his cherished gun against a tree and destroyed it!

As if seeking personal revenge, Jackson's legions passed right by us The nearest brigade of Sigel's corps was picked up and dashed to pieces. Running along with the amazed and frightened men, but bearing off toward our own division, we picked up other muskets to replace our lost ones.

Reaching a knoll, from which we had another view of the turnpike, we halted for a last look, over the heads of the frightened, fleeing soldiers—over the ground strewn with arms and accoutrements—over the blue smoke just beginning to rise, we saw Jackson again. He was far away, but it was Jackson.

"O the rebel! but he has got a guardian angel," howled "Old Pete," as he shook his fist toward the turnpike.

No other man ever had a rifle drawn on him at such fair range and escaped three cool, carefully aimed bullets His escape sent a thrill of superstition through each mind, and from that hour to the moment when the news of Jackson's death reached us, "Old Pete" never spoke a word Soon a soldier, hurrying along, shouted

"We're all right. Stonewall Jackson has been killed up the road there!"

"Old Pete" leaped up, whirled around to face the bearer of the news, and savagely shouted back

"You lie! you lie! you lie! Stonewall Jackson can't be hurt by shell or killed by bullet!" But it was so

A Good Story of a Kind-Hearted Old Man.

A young pianist was giving concerts through the provinces of Germany for her support, and to enhance her reputation she advertised herself as a pupil of Liszt In a little town in the interior of Germany, where she had announced a concert, she was confounded the day before the concert was to take place by seeing in the list of arrivals and at the same hotel where the concert was to be given, "M. L'Abbé Liszt" Here was a dilemma, and what to do she knew not. Her fraud would be discovered, she would be exposed, she could never give another concert, she was ruined.

Tremblingly she sought the presence of the great maestro, determined to make a clean breast of it, and cast herself on his mercy Coming into his room with downcast eyes, she knelt at the old man's feet, and with many tears told her story—how she had been left an orphan and poor, with only her one gift of music with which to support herself, the difficulties she had encountered, until the fraudulent use of his great name had filled her rooms and her purse "Well, well," said the great man, gently raising her up, "let us see, my child, what we can do Perhaps it is not so bad as you thought There is a piano, let me hear one of the pieces you expect to play to-morrow evening"

Tremblingly she obeyed, the maestro making comments and suggestions as she played, and when she had finished he added "Now, my child, I have given you a lesson, you are a pupil of Liszt" Before she could find words to express her gratitude Liszt asked. "Are your programmes printed?" "No, sir," was the answer, "not yet" "Then say that you will be assisted by your master, and that the last piece on the programme will be played by the Abbé Liszt"—*Springfield Republican*

A BASE TRICK ON DANIEL WEBSTER.—Low skeptical fellows are always "exposing" spirits The mediums scarcely get hold of a good thing, when somebody comes a grab game of some sort and breaks up the seance It is not very long since even Daniel Webster was treated with signal discourtesy A base-minded, scheming man obtained entrance to a seance where Daniel Webster habitually materialized, walking from the cabinet across the room, looking as he had looked in life, but making not the slightest sound of a footstep This base minded man tossed a number of large trunk tacks, which have very large heads and always fall point upward, upon the floor where Daniel Webster always walked The consequence was that when the expounder of the constitution came out of the cabinet and began to walk across the room he suddenly paused, and, lifting one foot, applied his hand to the sole thereof Upon taking another step he paused again; and in a low voice remarked "Ouch!" Shortly after this he lost his balance and sat down on the floor, and immediately became very profane, and retreated into the cabinet greatly disgusted —*Every Saturday*

WHEN you see a young fellow who a year ago used to step up and order liger for the crowd with the utmost *sang-froid*, patiently trundling a baby carriage along the street on Sunday afternoon, and looking chap-fallen in his last season's hat, don't it speak volumes for the reforming influence of woman's society?

TEMPTATIONS are instructions

Edison Outdoing Himself

"*Telescopophone*" is the name of Mr Edison's latest invention It is simply a marvelous ear trumpet, upon the construction of which Mr Edison has been working for several months. Mr Edison's attention was attracted to the subject of his own deafness He is enabled to hear only when the speaker enunciates in a loud tone. Mr Edison is loth to describe the telescopophone except generally, as it is not completed, and is to be patented The implement is about five and a half feet long, and has an internal arrangement by which sound is concentrated and made louder A sound which to the unaided ear is inaudible, becomes distinct by the use of the telescopophone. Concerning it Mr Edison said.

"The telescopophone is assuredly successful I have demonstrated that by its use not only can those partly deaf hear, but persons can talk while a mile or two apart."

"But do not other sounds commingle—sounds intervening between the speaker and the hearer?"

"Certainly they do to a limited extent, and more so if the instruments are not pointed straight

"How do you remedy that?"

"Why, you must point 'em straight The same objection could be made with a telescope If you do not point it straight you see other objects than the ones intended! But, when the telescopophone is pointed directly at the distant speaker with telescopic exactness, the voice of the speaker is the chief thing heard"

"Does it increase the volume of sound?"

"I have whispered in one of these things in a very low tone, and the sound in my ear was so loud as to be absolutely painful"

Mr Edison expressed the fullest confidence that he would perfect the telescopophone so that by its aid partly deaf persons may hear every whisper on the stage of the largest theatre

A gentleman who heard experiments with the telescopophone said that Mr Edison heard distinctly the ticking of a telegraphic instrument a thousand feet away, and the chewing and biting of grass by a cow nearly two thousand feet distant

One of the party then stood 600 feet away, and his whisper was distinctly heard, although Mr. Bachelor, standing 15 feet from him, without the aid of the telescopophone, could not hear a word

Then the party tried a more striking experiment Two of them went at least a mile off, and talked to each other in an ordinary tone of voice Even at that distance ordinary conversation was distinctly heard without a speaking tube, without any wire or electrical apparatus, but simply by the aid of the new ear trumpet or telescopophone

But even this was surpassed by the next experiment, which was at a distance estimated at two miles From that point the ordinary tone of voice could not be heard, and shouting was necessary, yet the new ear trumpet did its work, and the hearing was repeated as before.

"Now, Mr Edison, what next?"

"Oh," said Mr Edison, with one of those hearty bursts of laughter that he so often indulges in, "I've not got to the end yet"—*N Y. Sun.*

Spanish Stories

Some of the old Spanish tales are cleverly told A certain knave once saw a parson putting up money in his pouch, and followed afar off The parson stopped to talk with a friend near the shop of an embroiderer who had a chasuble hanging up before the door Into this shop entered the knave and bartered for the raiment, but wished before paying to see how it would look on a priest Just then, in the nick of time, the parson, having parted with his friend, came by

"Reverend sir," quoth the rogue, "be good enough to enter and try on this garment"

The parson, with his purse hanging to his girdle, entered, and with much charity put on the chasuble Taking advantage of a favorable moment, the knave seized the purse and ran down the street, followed closely by the priest After him ran the embroiderer, well assured that all was but an artifice to rob him of the raiment The fat ecclesiastic was soon caught by the embroiderer, but while the merchant was examining him as to his complicity the thief escaped This story, which was popular in its time, is told by various authors, and is termed by one of them a diabolical device.

Another story has for its hero a rich old man who was jealous of his young and pretty wife Falling sick in due time, and feeling about to die, he summoned his wife to his bedside and besought her, as a last favor, with tears in his poor old eyes, not to marry the object of his jealousy, a neighbor, when he was gone

"I will not," said the dutiful woman—"*I will not, my dear husband, be in no* concern for him—nay, I could not, for I have for some years past been engaged to another!"

Of course, wives of this type are not to be found in existence nowadays

A TALKING MACHINE.—And now we have a machine that will really and actually talk—that is, it will repeat any words uttered in its presence. The instrument is so simple in its construction, and its workings so easily understood, that one wonders why it was never before discovered. There is no electricity about it It can be carried around under a man's arm, and its machinery is not a fifteth part as intricate as that of a sewing machine It records all sounds and noises, and will reproduce them on the simple turning of a crank It is impossible to grasp at the capabilities of this wonderful instrument Dolls and toy dogs can be made to recite nursery ballads, and wax figures of notabilities can use the voice and language of their originals "Whole dramas and operas," says the inventor, "can be used in private parlors The instrument can be used in a thousand ways. Say I hire a good elocutionist to read 'David Copperfield,' or any other work. His words are taken down by machine, and thousands of matrixes of 'David Copperfield' produced A man can place them in the machine, and he in bed while the novel is read to him by the instrument with the finest grade of feeling and accent. He can make it read, slow or fast, can stop it when he pleases, and go back and begin again at any chapter he may choose" The inventor of this remarkable instrument discourses with great volubility of its capabilities, and is as proud of it as a boy with a new toy

"I will not," said the dutiful woman—"*I will not, my dear husband, be in no* concern for him—nay, I could not, for I have for some years past been engaged to another!"

SAN ANTONIO (Texas) *Express* The contemplative mule is not more "devious or uncertain" than the average Texas jury It is said Hearne, the forger of paper for $7,000, was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, while at the same term a poor fellow got three years sentence for stealing a pair of boots In one of the lower counties a few weeks ago, the principal in an assault with an intent to kill case was fined $100, while his accessory was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary

GOD promises nothing to idleness

The Chinese Minister.

The *North China Herald* says "A Peking correspondent of the *Sin pao* states that Chen Len-pin has now received his final instructions to proceed to Washington as resident Chinese minister to the United States He left Peking on the 18th, and at Tientsin was to visit Li Hung-chang, to have a conference with that statesman After a stay of two days at Shanghai he will proceed by steamer to Hong Kong, where his secretaries, interpreters, consular staff, and attendants await him Chen has not attained his present dignity by the regular official ladder. He is a Canton man, owing his advancement to his knowledge of English He was employed in the Tsung-li Yamen prior to his mission to the West Indies and the Spanish Main to investigate the condition of the coolie trade Little else is known of his official record Yung Shan-fu (Yung Wing, of Hartford, Conn.) will be associated with him as co-envoy He was a Canton boy, who went early in life to America, and he is understood to be a wonderful product of the highest American culture. He has recently acquired a button of the fourth rank and the grade of a prefect He studied Chinese at the arsenal, and is a pet of Li Hung-chang"

The above is evidently published for the enlightenment of England We note in it without further comment, the supercilious tone towards America and what concerns her, but it is astonishing that an English journal published in China should be so ill-informed, and make so many misstatements in a single paragraph Minister Chen Len-pin was formerly of the educational mission whose headquarters are in this city, and lived here for some time He is a man of something over sixty years of age, of fine appearance and pleasing manners, and a Chinese scholar of distinction, but he does not know a word of English, consequently his promotion was not owing to his accomplishment in that direction He was never employed in the Tsung-li Yamen, and the irregularity of his advance consists in just this—He successfully passed all the grades of competitive examination except the very last, he was one of the hundred in the last test and failed This failure could not be said to affect his standing as a scholar, but it determined for him a lower official rank, instead of going into the foreign office, as he would have done if he had passed in the supreme examination, he was made a clerk in the board of punishments While in this office he was elected as one of the educational commission to this country, and since then his promotion has been rapid He has been made a mandarin of the second degree His official position is that of secretary in the office for governing the Imperial Clans—or the tribes belonging to the Imperial family—a very high position His next promotion will probably be as ex-officio secretary of one of the boards As to Yung Wing, it is unnecessary to say anything in this country, except to point out the mistakes in the paragraph quoted—He never studied Chinese in the arsenal, he holds the rank of mandarin of the second degree by brevet, as we should say, and he has not the grade of prefect, which is of the fifth degree

To broil a steak, to make a cup of coffee, to bake a loaf of bread, white or brown—these be the three foundation pillars of all good cookery The history of civilization, civilized cookery as well, passes from simplicity into floridness, and from floridness into simplicity again, but it is the simplicity of true art One kind of rightly cooked meat, vegetables ditto, two or three dainty little side dishes, and a pyramid of perfect, luscious fruit—no one who really knew the true art of enjoying his food would accept anything more And he would have a different round of dishes every day for a week, because there would be so much to choose from One will be surprised, when he stops to recall the hospitable mansions in which he has breakfasted at different times, to think how few of the people broil their steak instead of frying it, steeped the coffee instead of boiling it, and had wholesome home made bread These benevolent ladies who are forming themselves into associations to kindly help and guide friendless and untrained young women, would confer a favor and untold benefit on humanity if they would first teach themselves and then the untrained young women, how to cook a beefsteak and make coffee and bread as it should be done Refined and dainty table manners are an indispensable element of the fine art of eating—eating being an operation which is not superlatively pretty to look at, at the best

FREEDOM OF MIND.—We call that mind free which is not imprisoned in itself or in a sect; which recognizes in all human beings the image of God, and the rights of his children, which delights in virtue, and sympathizes with sufferings whenever they are seen, which conquers pride and sloth, and offers itself up a willing victim to the cause of mankind We call that mind free which is not passively formed by outward circumstances, which is not the creature of accidental impulse—but which bends events to its own improvement, acts upon an inward spring from immutable principles which it has deliberately espoused We call that mind free which protects itself against the usurpations of society, which does not cower to *human opinions, which feels itself* accountable to a higher law than that of fashion, which respects itself too much to be the slave of the many or the few

WATERMELON CAKE.—For the white part take two cups white sugar, two thirds of a cup of butter, the same of sweet milk, the whites of five eggs, a heaping teaspoonful of baking powder sifted into three cups of flour, and any flavoring you prefer, for the red part, or the core of the melon, take one cup of red sugar sand, half a cup of butter, two thirds of a cup of sweet milk, two cups of flour, one teaspoonful of baking powder, the whites of five eggs, and half a pound of raisins, or English currants, for the seeds In filling the cake pan, put the white part outside and the red part inside Just before putting it in the oven drop in your seeds here and there, where they belong

BARBERRY — Take ripe barberries, carefully reject any spotted or decayed ones, wash, drain them, and strip off the stalks Boil with a very little water till quite tender, press out and strain the juice, weigh it, and allow three quarters pound of pounded sugar to every pound of juice, boil up the juice, add the sugar, and boil for ten minutes, skimming and stirring as above

CURRANT JELLY.—Pick the fruit and simmer it in water for about one hour, or until the juice flows freely, strain, weigh, and allow three quarters of a pound of sugar to the pound of juice, boil up the juice, add the sugar, and boil again, skimming and stirring well for fifteen minutes Put into small pots, and when cold and firm cover it

MOLASSES COOKIES.—One cup each of sugar, butter and molasses, one half cup cold coffee, in it dissolve two teaspoonfuls soda, one tablespoon ginger, mix soft and do not roll too thin

TEA BISCUITS.—Two pounds of flour, two ounces of butter, one cup of milk, one or two eggs, half a cup of sugar, one cup of yeast, set at night, bake in the morning

How the Weather is Foretold.

In former times, the chief herald of the weather was the almanac, which ambitiously prophesied a whole year of cold and heat, wet and dry, dividing up the kinds of weather quite impartially, if not always correctly

But the almanac, good as it was now and then, and the weather-wise farmers, correct as sometimes they might have been, were not always able to impart exact information to the country, and they have been thrown quite into the shade of late, by one who is popularly known under the somewhat disrespectful title of "Old Prob," or "Old Probabilities" He has become the Herald of the Weather to the sailor, near the rocky, dangerous coasts, to the farmer, watching his crops, and waiting for good days to store them, to the traveler, anxious to pursue his journey under fair skies, and to the girls and boys who want to know, they start to the woods for a picnic, what are the "probabilities" as to rain

Every one who reads the daily paper is familiar with the "Weather Record," issued from the "War Department, office of the Chief Signal Officer," at Washington These reports give, first, a general statement of what the weather has been, for the past twenty-four hours, all over the country, from Maine to California, and from the Lakes to the South Atlantic States, and then the "Probabilities," or "Indications," for the next twenty-four hours, over this same broad territory The annual reports of the Chief Signal Officer show that in only comparatively few instances do these daily predictions fail of fulfillment

The reason these prophecies are so true is a simple and yet a wonderful one The weather itself tells the observer what it is going to do, some time in advance, and the telegraph sends the news all over the country, from the central signal office at Washington

We shall see, presently, how the weather interprets itself to "Old Probabilities" Although it has proved such a faithful subject of discourse in all ages, yet I am afraid many people who pass *remarks upon it, do not really think* what the weather is made of Let us examine its different *elements*

The atmosphere has weight, just as water or any other fluid, although it seems to be perfectly bodiless We must comprehend that the transparent, invisible air is pressing inward toward the center of the earth. This pressure varies according to the state of the weather, and the changes are indicated by an instrument called a barometer Generally speaking, *the falling of the mercury* in the tube of the barometer indicates rain, and its rise heralds clear weather Sometimes the rise is followed by cold winds, frost and ice What these changes really indicate, however, can be determined only by comparing the barometric changes, at certain hours, in a number of places very far apart This is done by the Signal Service Observations are made at about one hundred and forty stations, in different portions of the country, at given hours, and the results are telegraphed at once to Washington, where our faithful "weather clerk" receives them, reasoning out from the "probabilities" which he publishes three times in every twenty-four hours

But the atmosphere varies not only in weight, but also in temperature The thermometer tells us of such changes

Besides this, the air contains a great amount of moisture, and it shows as much variation in this characteristic as in the others For the purpose of making known the changes in the moisture of the atmosphere, an instrument has been invented called a "wet-bulb" thermometer

We are thus enabled to ascertain the weight or pressure, the temperature, and the wetness of the air, and now it only remains for us to measure the force, and point out the direction, of the wind. This is done by the familiar weather-vane and the anemometer The vane shows the direction, and the anemometer is an instrument which indicates the velocity of the wind

It is by a right understanding of all these instruments that the signal service officer is enabled to tell what the weather says of itself, for they are the pens with which the weather writes out the facts from which the officer makes up his reports for the benefit of all concerned Thus, however wildly and blindly the storm may seem to come, it sends messengers telling just where it arose, what course it will take, and how far it will extend But it tells its secrets to those only who pay strict attention.—*James H. Flint, in St Nicholas*

THE Pope had evidently more confidence in the Hebrews as bankers than in the Christians The Rothschilds were his favorites

Some of the Downs in Life.

We have in our mind a brilliant and cultivated young lawyer who started in life with $20,000 and a refined, beautiful and accomplished wife He is now a sort of factotum in a carpet manufactory, running hither and thither at the beck and call of those whom he secretly despises, doing heavy tasks far beyond his strength, yet eager and anxious to please, *lest the slender support which he derives* from his mental work be cut off We know a gentleman who was a bank president ten years ago and owned his carriage, who now does copying in an insurance office at thirty-five dollars a month, supporting—God knows how—a wife and five children on it We know of a gentleman who once held a high office in a Western State, who, this winter, solicited work at cleaning out offices and building fires Nor have the changed times less bitterly affected women, but rather more Jennie Collins, of Boston, famed for her Employment Bureau and Workingwoman's Home, which she calls "Bolton's Bower" says in her last report, "Many kind ladies who have hired their servants of me in the past years have been obliged to apply for employment themselves of late I sent a lady to a hotel as a housekeeper, and the most humiliating part of it was that her room was in the attic with two of her former servants" We are constantly learning of women of education and refinement, formerly wealthy, who are engaged as seamstresses, nurses and housekeepers, and in one case we even know of a lady, who would be at home in any parlor in the land among educated people, who served as a cook in a hotel or months —*Chicago Post*

Hogs Killing a Jaguar.

The wild hogs of South America are very savage, and when aroused know not fear. One night a hungry party of explorers, camped in a Brazilian forest, heard an uproar of grunting, squeaking and clacking of tusks "Pigs!" exclaimed all with joyfulness, "now we'll have a dinner"

Snatching their guns, they crept cautiously towards the sounds. Coming to the edge of a clearing, they saw by the moonlight a jaguar standing on an anthill, about five feet from the ground Surrounding him were *fifty or sixty* wild hogs, furious in their efforts to get at their enemy

The jaguar, with his tail stuck well up in the air, and his legs close together, stood balancing himself on the points of the hillock As the infuriated pigs threatened one side or the other, he would turn around and face them. He was evidently uneasy, and only waiting for a chance to make a rush and escape

In a moment of forgetfulness the jaguar slightly dropped his tail. Instantly a pig seized it and pulled; then another, and another, and the beast was dragged *from his perch to the ground.*

The battle was terrible The yellow body of the jaguar rose up above the grunting, squealing mass of pigs, and his powerful paws struck deadly blows. Then he fell—the uproar subsided, and the herd dispersed The party of explorers walked to the battle-ground. Fourteen dead pigs were lying on the field, but no jaguar or

New York Notes.

Great aches from little toe-corns grow Who would have thought that Judge Hilton's simple remark about the cause of the failure of the Woman's Hotel would raise such a storm about his ears? It was as good as seeing the great Count Joannes as Romeo or Richard to attend the indignation meeting in Cooper Institute. I have no doubt that the women on the platform were highly indignant, but if the audience was so I could not see it It was rather late when I got in, and the hall was so packed with people that there was no chance to get beyond the doorway, especially as a policeman with a club played Cerebus and emphasized his objections with the locust (this is a locustom quite common in Gotham), but the waves of hilarity came rippling out over the heads of the crowd told that the folks inside were having a good time On my way to the Institute a friend asked me if I intended to see the hair pulling. That was the way the indignation meeting was looked at by the general public, and evidently by most of those present People seemed to think it a good joke and certainly the crowd got a good deal of fun out of it Wall street was represented by a delegation of lively young brokers, who pounded the floor with their canes; stamped with their feet, got up a yell chorus now and then, and raised the mischief generally They seemed to regard the affair as on a par with one of George Francis Train's mass meetings, or a Shakesperian delineation by the Count. Most of the audience apparently took the same view of it and acted accordingly Finding a long-haired man, evidently a sympathizer, in one of the door-ways, trying to hear, but not catching much more than a medley of cheers, laughter and miscellaneous uproar, I decided to interview him

"Quite a meeting, my friend, but what is it all about, anyway?"

"It is a meeting called by eminent ladies, sir, many of them distinguished in literature, to protest against the outrageous language applied to their sex by Judge Hilton."

"Indeed! What has he said?'

"Said, sir, said! The language he has used, sir, is simply attrocious"

"Ah! Pray what is it?"

"Why, sir, he has said that one reason why women would not go to his hotel was because men were not admitted He has said that nearly all women, even those in middle life, hope to get husbands, and because the rules of his hotel prevented men from going there, except in a formal way, the women stayed away."

"And so they got mad about that?"

"Well, sir, I should not express it that way, but the ladies naturally became indignant and this meeting was called to give expression to their protest against the gratuitous insult uttered by Judge Hilton"

"But is it certain that Judge Hilton used the offensive language?"

"He was so reported in the *Times*, and if the reporter made a mistake it should have been corrected"

"Have the ladies asked Judge Hilton whether he used the language or not?"

'That I do not know But as no correction has appeared it is to be supposed the language was used"

"Well, supposing that Judge Hilton did say what the reporter ascribed to him, wherein was it so offensive as the ladies say?"

"Why, sir, it was coarse and ungentlemanly, and it is right that the sex should be vin—"

But at that moment the crowd backed up against the man with the long hair and pressed him tightly to the wall, and when he had succeeded in releasing himself after much hard squeezing, he seemed to have lost the thread of his remark

A great deal was said at the meeting about withdrawing custom from Judge Hilton's store, but it did not seem to have much effect on ladies who had shopping to do next day. There were just as many carriages outside as usual and the army of clerks had all the business inside they could attend to Judge Hilton informed a reporter in the course of the day that he paid no attention to the indignation meeting or those who engendered it, and that such things have no effect whatever upon business. This may be so, but the general belief here is that a very considerable decline has taken place in the business since Mr Stewart's death It is certain that the greater part of the Hebrew trade that the firm formerly had has been withdrawn, and it is not at all unlikely that the ladies who have taken offense at Judge Hilton's language will succeed in taking away some of the general trade. Persons claiming to be well informed say that the Stewart's estate is shrinking under Judge Hilton's management, and some go further General assertions of this kind are not of much account, though it is probably quite true that the estate is not as valuable now as it was two or three years ago, Stewart's whole fortune was invested in real estate, factories and dry goods, and everybody knows that each of these has undergone a good deal of shrinkage since his death. If the total estate was then $40,000,000, which is a pretty large figure, it probably is not worth over $35,000,000 now. But to talk about bankruptcy seems utterly absurd Stewart had no mortgages on his real estate and his business was conducted on the cash principle as to buying Just now there may be more money going out than there is coming in, but the reserve fund is immense, and this is a pretty good guarantee that matters are not coming to a crisis in the Stewart establishment —*Correspondence of Detroit Free Press*

A MORTGAGE —In the whole range of sacred and profane literature, perhaps there is nothing recorded which has such staying qualities as a good healthy mortgage A mortgage can be depended upon to stick closer than a brother It has a mission to perform which never lets up Day after day it is right there, nor does the slightest tendency to slumber impair its vigor in the night Night and day, on the Sabbath, and at holiday times, without a moment's time for rest and recreation, the biting offspring of its existence, interest, goes on The seasons may change, days run into weeks, weeks into months, and months may be swallowed up *into the gray* maw of advancing years, but that mortgage stands up in sleepless vigilance, with the interest, a perennial stream ceaselessly running on Like a huge nightmare eating out the sleep of some restless slumberer, the unpaid mortgage rears up its gaunt front in perpetual torment to the miserable wight who is held within its pitless clutch. It holds the poor victims with the relentless grasp of a giant, not one hour of recreation, not a moment's evasion of its hideous presence A genial savage of modifying aspect while the interest is paid, a very devil of hopeless destruction when the payments fail

HEAVY CARES —A little girl in the church at Ashland, Va, has been one of a band of workers to raise money to complete the building She had earned by her own work a considerable sum for a child, when a friend heard her express a great desire to own a canary bird. It was suggested to her that she could easily purchase one from her own purse "Oh," she replied, "I can't get a thing for myself while I have that church on my shoulders."—*Charleston News.*

The Exposition.

To observe the progress made in the manufacture of the article in which he is interested, or which is the specialty of his country, with what means, processes and appliances this progress has been made, whether it is available and would be profitable with the resources of his own land to rival or excel this; such to the thoughtful, practical man are the uses of these World s Fairs, which are as old as Leipsic and Novgorod. As art expositions they charm those of æsthetic tastes, as great shows they delight the curious and the numerous class who, like the Athenians, are continually seeking something new This present is more than twice as large as any of its predecessors; has about 50,000 exhibitors, and it would be hard if in some of their varied displays every visitor could not find something to interest him and reward him for his visit

The procrastination of the contractors is annoying One would really think that two weeks after the opening day they would have a pavement or some kind of walk laid down from the main entrance gate to the principal door of the palace by which five sixths of the crowd enter, but no, you must painfully scramble over debris and wade ankle deep through sand and dust, while they have only to-day begun putting down the asphalt pavement And many other parts of the contractors' work about the building are in a like backward condition. "Somebody ought to be wopped *for this*," as S Weller says

Approaching the palace, you will observe a curious method of advertising a restaurant by a huge captive balloon, shaped like a bottle, which bears high in air the name and business of its proprietor painted on its sides in great letters Another captive balloon has commenced making regular ascents into the sky, carrying ten passengers at a time. On one of the outer towers on the grounds France has an electro-magnetic machine, driven by a steam engine, to produce the electric light in the light-house lantern at the top, and there is another one, designed for the mouths of rivers, to show the state of the tide, one color for high water, another for low Among the freshest novelties, Norway now shows a pulp for paper manufacture and for ornamental mouldings of frame houses, made out of pine wood, all the processes of preparation being shown, from the thin strips cut from the log to the liquid pulp, like glycerine, in the bottle And Italy shows cloth and clothing made from asbetos, which can be washed, or rather cleaned, by the simple process of passing it through the flames. Perhaps it was this that the Hebrew children wore in the fiery furnace

Italy now makes a great and imposing display There is statuary in great profusion, but made more to sell than to illustrate art or exemplify progress Fucardi's expressive groups in plaster excite constant admiration and will doubtless find speedy sale. His two newsboys, struggling together for the sale of a newspaper to a customer, are full of expression, and if taken, as I fancy, from Neapolitan models, should be full of *life* also A superb, and apparently a very effective fire escape for the loftiest buildings, is in strange juxtaposition to all the statuary Near this is a group of life-like models of Italian soldiers, the mounted gendarme and hussar and the dashing bersagheri, looking most natural and as if they were actually keeping rigorous guard over the treasures around them. My old acquaintances from *Marchese* Ginori's factory at *La Doccia*, near Florence, the successors of the once famous Neapolitan *Capo di Monte*, were well represented in their delicate porcelain The Durano Company, of Venice show glassware so delicately thin that one fears to touch it lest it crumble in the hand. The other Venetian glass fabrics, of Salviata and the Murano Company make, with this, a wonderfully glittering and imposing front along the central aisle My Lucchese friends have sent a beautiful collection of wax in all the processes of manufacture The exquisite gold and silver filigree work of Genoa and Venice is here in glittering profusion; and it was right pleasant to be greeted by the exhibitors, in their musical tongue, as an old acquaintance Rome, with its peculiar mosaics and jewelry presses both these cities hard in the race for excellence While the corals and tortoise-shells of Naples add to' the display, which is unique and most attractive. Italy's display, with the recent additions, is indeed a rich and varied one, and worthy of the genius and skill of her industrious sons

I observe from the affixed cards that a great number of articles in the Japanese section are already sold, and they are marked with preposterously high prices, too Only think of finding in this section an exhibit of books, charts and other educational appliances used in the Japanese public schools, together with specimens of the school work of the pupils The maps are well executed, although the lettering was too much for me, the old-fashioned Abacus for counting looked primitive enough Here were little pamphlets of rules and regulations for her primary schools, and actually terrestial revolving globes of paper stretched over wire frames like a parasol, and others with the mountain chains raised on the surface They had Michigan, with her surrounding lakes, quite accurately laid down on each An *apropos* of school apparatus, they must find rattans very cheap if they purchase them by the thousand, as Prof *Doty used to do*

I went out from here into a court adjoining to listen to a Japanese band of twenty-four musicians in full blast It would puzzle Handel or Haydn, or even Wagner, to have named either instruments or tunes. Near by is a collection of Chinese coins from B C 220 to A D 1851, each with a hole in the center to string them together by How can Chinese mothers and teachers and policemen ever tell these people one from another! For they all dress and look exactly alike to me In their section the beautifully embroidered shawls of the famous Canton crape are gaining the eyes and winning the hearts of the ladies —*Con Detroit Free Press.*

THE Cincinnati *Breakfast Table* has discovered, and breaks the news gently to a sensitive world, that no poet can write the words to a song until after the music is written, when the words must be tacked on to the jingle Never before could we understand why it is that not one vocalist out of eighteen thousand knows the words of the song he sung Now we see why it is that the young man who sings at little gatherings always starts out boldly with "*Oh!*" come to the lattice, sweet Abigail Jane!" in a terrific roar, and then tails off in a maudlin kind of way into 'For the lumty tum deedle ol dol, I never tol leedle de diddity *vann!* And the tumti di deedle with thee —*Hawkeye*

THE idea that religion is a kind of slavery to which none can submit without sacrificing the natural enjoyments of life has ever been the greatest hindrance to its advancement among mankind. How much wiser and better should we be if we could carry along with us, from infancy to old age' the full conviction that happiness is the substantial cultivation exercise of the christian virtues

WHEN washing cambrics, do not allow soap to come in contact with the fabric.

Paris Letter.

The total cash cost of the Exhibition is put down at 45 million francs, contributed by the State and the Municipality of Paris. Exhibition tickets for half a million francs, have been sold, and up to the present, the receipts have been over one million, the general revenue has increased and so have the city octrois, so that it is anticipated by August next the Palace will have paid its way by direct and indirect the augmentated taxes revenue. Were it not for the rain, the Exhibiton would look very splendid, it registers over 100,000 daily visitors already, and the popular pilgrimages have not yet commenced. *The musicians have been tuning their* fiddles and rosining their bows, preparatory to taking possession of the grand concert hall of the Trocadero The buildings still smell of plaster, and paint, but passes all "the wild freshness of morning," being neither tarnished by the sun nor soiled by the dust The ventilation is not yet in working order, after gusts from the floor, the visitor experiences blasts from the roof Seats are being plentifully provided, and so are cheap refreshment stalls The *bureaucrates* of the latter, as any passer-by can observe, have to partake of their meals under peculiar difficulties — custom breeds habits in us however; but this is no reason why less robust minds should be tested The "pilots" are an excellent institution, the only rocks they do not dread, are the *buffets* and the *drink-halles* Our Americans complain of the want of soda water fountains, and the Germans for the facilities for Schnapps. However, if they wonder into class 75, they will readily find the Museum of the wines of France, and be allowed to "smile around" with hundreds of proprietors of Vineyards—the wealthiest possessing the most esteemed Vintages. If in a political state of mind, the visitors ought to note the Bacchian fact, that the most productive seasons have been during the reign of the republic

In the Egyptian pavilion, a marvellous specimen of the old folks at home can be reviewed It is the model of a dwelling house in the time of Abraham, it is said to be so real, that were Isaac to ever visit the Promised land of the Trocadero and provided with a franc ticket, he might enter the house in question and find it just as if he had only left it Mariette Bey the celebrated archeologist, has set up this tabernacle, from finds of ancient architecture, Diamonds and pictures, are catalogued as carefully as Durham oxes and Disbley rams, so with Mariette Bey, he has the pedigree of all binding stones discovered in the land of Pharoahs, and he concludes, the Egyptian architecture was in its *decline*, in the time of Father Abraham In a like manner, Mariette Bey supplied sketches of the architecture, trade, commerce, and fine arts of the ancient Egyptians, nor are their pastimes neglected, bobbing, not for eels, but crocodiles and hippopotamuses, was a plucky and common amusement and often the linesman was taken, when he failed to take A "bite" was then a serious matter. Isaac Walton makes no allusion to this manly sport.

The Syndicate of the Paris Press, has opened its cosmopolton salons, built by the Exhibition Commissioners, and apparently fitted up by means of "loan collections" from the exhibitors; some of the objects cannot be returned in a complete state such as specimen boxes of cigars, wines that would reduce Mahomet, and brandies that would convert tribes of Indians to any or all forms of christianity. The salons are well furnished with journals and the conversation rooms are most agreeable lounges. It is here that most press men add their post scripts to their correspondence Only Bohemians are admitted.

The rue des Nations will be a mad veritable street, by having asphaltum side walks and so preserve weak ankles, and relieving uncut corns

Vestiaries are required, and also smoking divans, in the park of course, and close to the state tobacco factory, where lovers of the weed can indulge their pasions from cegar ends in their presence—at one sous up to five francs each. The conzot steam hammer, capable of welding England and Russia, could be employed to punish those numerous swindlers, who at the Rebelasan quarter of an hour discover they have forgotten their purse, or indulge in fallen sickness, when surprised it contains only the humblest specimens of some foreign coinage, whose value would puzzle a wall street broker, and drive a mummy to commit suicide The collegians have been marched to the Exhibiton, like sorrows they come in battalions, it is understood that young ladies from boarding schools will be doubtly surveyed. The "Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to animals," has a stall, and its chamber of Horrors, where drawings expose with a realism that Emile Lola might envy, the fate that awaits wandering dogs, and that once was inflicted on bigamists—hanging The process is a kin to what occasionally takes place in the Egyptian structures in New York, "The Toombs," when a wonderful piece of work, is placed on the drop.

In the official dinners given to foreigners by rotation, the French pay a marked compliment to their guests, by serving the invited with the chief dishes of their own country. Now why are ministerial dinners in France always successes—*they are contracted* for, like the supply of coals, and the contractor has a staff of cooks that cannot be surpassed Fifteen francs a head is the ordinary tariff for the *materials*. The decorations &c are like man's love—a thing apart

The Exhibition has created *pro hac vice* quite a second Parisian season resembling the London Season, which goes from the end of April to the end of June The signals has been given in official regions The Elysee led the way, the Ministers and Ambassadors have followed, and now Paris is dancing every night somewhere or other; Ladies will probably make the same observation that I have made relative to the prevailing fashion in female attire—the dress has become a sort of body glove, the apothesis of feminine geography. The corsage is more than indiscreet, while the dress from the waist downwards reveals the natural lines in a very remarkable fashion

The bachelors ball given on Saturday night by Ceranchi, "the Pope of the metallism" was the grandest affair at which it has been my fortune to be present His mansion, museum, palace or whatever other name may be proper to use is in Italian style. One enters a *porte* cochere by a massive iron door, which swings to with a clang that might strike terror in the heart of the visitor, were the hand Time's clock pushed back for three centuries On turning to the left, and ascending a short flight of steps, there is a noble vestible In niches large enough to serve as Roman Catholic chapels, bronze images of Boudha are seated in contemplative attitudes on tall pedestals Elsewhere there are Chinese and Japanese bronzes, formerly used as sacred vessels, and others representing real and chimerical animals. A marble staircase, vast and revere in style is ascended The walls overlooking it are covered with Oriental bas reliefs and frescoes, many of which were, twenty years ago, ornaments of the summer Palace at Pekin. The landing place is reached Its feminine is of Indian and Chinese carved wood and the choicest far Eastern bronzes, of imposing size. The eye of the connoisseur is sure to be arrested by a pair of gigantic Cloisonne vasses A fortune was sunk in the purchase of them Cernuschi bought them at Pekin, whence they were carried on men's shoulders to Shanghai

Three suppers were spread during the night and evening, one for the serious who think it a mistake to sit up late, another for the semi-serious, who do not mind being kept out of bed until two or three in the morning and the last for the young people who took part in the cottillon. The Big Bonanza was represented by Mrs Mackay and the American diplomacy by General Noyes and Torbert then amiable wives McCormick, Lyner the Postmaster of the upper half of the United States

LOUIS

Laugh.

RATIONAL —No man who doesn't take his rations regularly — when he can get them—can be called a rational being

THERE are some things that always come up to the scratch, and they are the seeds you have planted, when the hens get into the garden

BY THE OLD BACHELOR —When two girls meet, they kiss When two young men meet, they don't That shows who wants kissing the worst.

JUDGE HILTON is respectfully informed by a Western wit that the Women's Hotel would have succeeded if he had opened a bar.

"PA," said a little four-year-old, "there's a poor man out there that would give anything to see you" "Who is it, my son?" "It is a blind man"

A BROTHER of Mark Twain is a practicing lawyer in Iowa He says that the majority of the stories in Mark's books are founded on fact, especially those in 'Roughing It"

CURING HAMS —"Do you know a good way of curing hams?" asked a man of his neighbor "Oh, yes," was the reply, "but the trouble with me is, I have no way of procuring them"

An Ohio boy has three eyes, one where the left ear ought to be The Chicago *Times* says this is mean The boys of other States can't have but two eyes Ohio gets everything under the present Administration

DURING the riots in 1780 most persons in London, in order to save their houses from being burned or pulled down, wrote on the doors, "No Popery" Old Grimaldi, to avoid all mistakes, wrote on his, "No Religion"

IN a recent scandal case in Smith county, Kansas, a lady witness declined to answer a question, and the attorney demanded her reason "Because it is not fit to tell decent people" "Oh, well," said the lawyer, just walk up here, and whisper it to the judge"

"PADDY, my boy," said a gentleman to an Irishman, whom he observed fishing away at a favorite pool, "that must be a fine stream for trout" "Faith, and sure it must be that same, for I have been standing here this three hours, and not one of 'em will stir out of it"

"HI? where did you get them trousers?" asked an Irishman of a man who happened to be passing with a pair of remarkably short trousers on "I got them where they grew," was the indignant reply "Then, by my conscience," said Paddy, "you've pulled them a year too soon!"

AT the close of the sittings in the Illinois House of Representatives, the clerk read the following "I am requested to announce that the Rev Doctor McFarland will deliver a lecture this evening, in the hall, on the 'Education of Idiots.' Members of the Legislature invited to attend."

SETTLE UP —"Do you know," remarked a rather fast youth, the other day, to a stuttering friend, to whom he was slightly indebted—"do you know that I intend to marry and settle down?" "I do-don't know any thing about it," was the reply, "bu-but I think you had better stay single and set-settle up."

MISS THOMPSON, who painted war scenes and became suddenly famous, was the daughter of a country clergyman, and she married a Mr Butler nearly a year ago She was painting a picture, but it must be given up for a while, because Mr Butler is running around among shops for nursing-bottles and dimity and such things

ON Sunday night Mr Blivins was quite astonished to find a young man with a fierce mustache in the company of his daughter, in the front parlor, and the gas turned low, and inquired, indignantly, "What are you doing here, sir?" "Hist!" was the reply of the youth, in a warning voice "Not a word, or all is lost I am a secret-service agent of the Russian government"

"YOU'LL never marry again, Susie, you grieve so arter Ike. Was it twice I you fainted, or three times, at the grave?" "Bless yo' soul, Sary, it was free times I fainted, an' de last time I nebber like to come to" "Oh, Susie, you'll nebber marry again, will yer?" "Bless yo' soul, Frank Dunn axt me 'bout dis before my husband died, and I promised him if he died I'd hab him, an I b longs to de church, an I won't tell a lie"

UNCLE JESSE LYON married a second wife the third day after the funeral of his first, whereat the neighbors serenaded him with tin pans, horse fiddles, and yells, to signify their indignation Uncle Jesse stood it as long as he could, and then went forth and spoke thus "Boys, if you care nothing for the joys of a bridegroom, I think you ought to respect the feelings of a widower, the late partner of whose bosom is yet hardly cold in her grave!' The boys were stunned, and silently departed.

AN editor, going away, left his paper in charge of a minister During the minister's stay in the sanctum, the following letter came from a mountain subscriber: "You know very well I paid my subscription to your paper the last time I was in Lexington If I get any more such letters from you as I received last week, I will come down to Lexington and maul h—l out of you!" The minister answered "I have been trying, to maul that thing out of the editor for ten years past, and if you will really come down and maul it out of him, then, my dear sir I have twenty members of my church I will also get you to operate on."

ACCUSTOM a child as soon as he can speak, to narrate his little experiences, his chapter of accidents, his griefs, his fears, his hopes; to communicate what he has noticed in the world without, and what he feels struggling in the world within Anxious to narrate, he will be induced to give attention to the objects around him, and what is passing in the sphere of his observation, and to observe and note events will become one of his first pleasures, and this is the groundwork of the thoughtful character

A Work of Art in Six Minutes.

We were at the Cafe Chautant the other night It is a building somewhat larger than the Cosmopolitan Gallery of Art in Washington It is a great place for music, songs and dances There was one very amusing feature. During one of the *entr'actes* they brought on an artist who was billed to paint a marine view in six minutes, all finished for hanging (the picture not the artist)

The canvas was brought on.

Out came the artist, a quiet, nervous-looking young man, about thirty years of age

His colors were all upon the palette, and his brushes were in his hand

"Attention!" cried out the director

The artist seized a huge brush

At a signal the orchestral band struck up a clashing, maddeningly nervous waltz

As the first stroke was struck the artist dashed a mass of yellow upon the upper part of the canvas Then a bit of blue, then white, a dash of purple shadow, and then with a quick twirl of a clean brush, a dark blue sea is dashed in against the horizon.

Two minutes gone

The waltz goes on faster and faster The brush keeps time A huge rock is sketched in with burnt sienna and black A light-house with a vermillion range light is dropped upon the top of the rock

Clash, clash, one, two, three, a boat under full sail is thrown into the dim distance Clash, crash, one, two, three, and another boat is dashed in, Light upon the waters is thrown in with a free, steady hand A huge brush then carefully blends the edge of the masses, and with a profound bow the artist turns to the cheering audience, gratified that he is through on time

And the wonder is that the picture is startingly good in its broad effect It is strong and clear The colors are good, and not muddily mixed It was as good a novelty as I ever saw at any show, and it beats all how it amused the French people —*Paris Correspondence of Chicago Times*

An Important Function Stimulated

The kidneys exercise most important functions, which are so wearisome that they tax to the utmost the strength and endurance of those busy little organs Every breath, every pulsation of the Heart, every movement of a limb, every thought, makes waste and necessitates the development of new atoms The used up particles in the blood are sifted from it and dissolved in a watery fluid by the kidneys, which then discharge this fluid into the bladder. A train of disasters to the system would follow if these "ashes," so to speak, were not thoroughly strained off and discharged This is the case when the kidneys become inactive Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, by restoring their activity, not only keeps open a most important outlet for impurities, but prevents diseases of the kidneys themselves, which when inert become liable to fall a prey to diabetes, Bright's disease, nephritis albumenuria, and other maladies specially incident to them, which, although not specially rapid in their progression, are particularly obstinate and fatal.

How to Save Our Boys.

Parents are often at a loss to know how to keep their boys from going to the broad road to ruin Many homes are without books or anything to interest the young, hence they seek entertainment abroad and it is no wonder that they join the great army of "hoodlums." In another place will be found an advertisement containing a list of books sent to the most remote parts of the United States post-paid on receipt of price The description, which in most cases follows the title of each book, gives some idea of its character From this long list people of all kinds can find something to interest and instruct Some of these books are well suited for presents, and all of them are worthy of a place in any family library.

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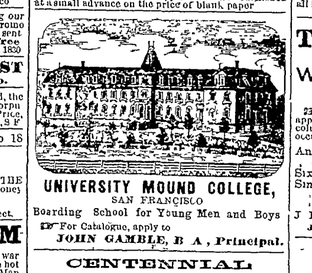

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INDIAN MATTERS IN YAKIMA.

Some complaints have been made against Governor Ferry, by those who knew nothing about the matter, because he had not taken action to protect the settlers in Yakima county, against Indian depredations Gov. Ferry is not in the habit of proclaiming to the world all that he does officially or personally for the welfare of the people of this Territory. It is his duty to put forth every possible effort to guard and protect the people and he claims no praise or commendation for this, because he is simply performing a plain duty; but when he is blamed unjustly, then the facts should be known In response to a call for arms and ammunition he sent them to Yakima county as soon as he could obtain them The people of that county then called upon him to raise volunteers and go in person to protect them and their property.

This the Governor could not do The danger, if any existed, was not of that character which would warrant him in calling out volunteers and involving the Territory in an expense that would bankrupt the Treasury. He, however, reported the situation to General Howard, by telegraph, and requested that a military force might be stationed at Fort Simcoe to quiet the fears of the settlers and protect them in case of danger. General Howard has promised to do this. It will thus be seen that, in this, as in other matters, Governor Ferry has performed his whole duty, and by the exercise of prudence and common sense has accomplished all that was desired without loading the Territory with a debt of many thousand dollars.

GRAND EXCURSION.

The managers of the Olympia and Tenino railroad take pleasure in announcing that they will tender to the people of Olympia, Tumwater and vicinity, a grand excursion from Olympia to Tenino on Wednesday, the 21st instant. The train will make two round trips on that day, leaving Olympia at 7:15 and 11 A. M., and leaving Tenino the last time at 3.30 P. M. Price of excursion tickets, $1:00; children under 12, 25 cts Excursionists will be set down or taken up at any point along the road, and by taking lunch baskets along parties can put in a profitable recreation. Remember the times of starting that no disappointments may occur.

THE *Oregonian* devotes nearly three columns editorially, to a rehash of the so-called charges against Governor Ferry. The charges and the affidavits supporting them have been on file in the Interior Department for over four months and have been dismissed on the ground that there was no proof warranting any investigation. Could the *Oregonian* have known this fact and suppressed it intentionally, or did the person who gave the editor of that paper his information fail to inform him of all the facts in the case? Gov. Ferry will soon furnish overwhelming proof of the falsity of every charge made against him. A suit commenced by him will be tried in a few weeks which will dispose of the only serious charge of the whole batch.

MR. SPLAWN, who has just been at Seattle, says the Indian scare in Yakima and neighboring valleys is subsiding and that families who have left their farms have nearly all returned to them. So far as we can learn the killing of Mr. Perkins and wife by a few Indian desperadoes and the stealing of a dozen or twenty horses comprises the list of murders and depredations in that whole region. Nothing has yet come to light that showed the existence of an organized uprising of the Indians in that region, certainly nothing to warrant a call for volunteers and consequent immense expense to the Territory.

DIED.—At Skokomish Agency, Mason county, W. T., August 9, 1878, after a long illness, Mrs M. F. Eells, wife of Rev. Cushing Eells, aged 73 years, 3 months and 14 days, more than half of which had been passed on this coast amid trials and hardships that fell to the lot of early missionaries. The remains were taken to Seattle for interment, and the services conducted by Rev. Geo. H. Atkinson, of Portland.

Two men who had committed burglary in Yakima county were followed across the mountains by the deputy sheriff and captured at Falls city. They had secured some $1300 in notes, and drafts and jewelry, money and other property to the amount of $250 more. All but $10 and a pistol were found on them and recovered. They were taken back to Yakima through the Snoqualmie pass.

In response to a telegram from Governor Ferry, General Howard telegraphs from Wallula under date of August 15th, as follows "Hear best accounts from Moses. Murderers of Perkins family reported by Pembrum to have crossed Columbia and gone to Bannocks. Can send military force to Simcoe, but will send an officer first so as not to endanger the peace."

THE telegraph announces the death n Paris, of Lewis Baker, who shot Bill Poole, a noted pugilist and ward politician of New York, in 1855.

THE Cornet Band give weekly concerts on the public square. The music discoursed during the lovely evenings of the past few weeks has been delicious. No organization of the kind has ever manifested more of an earnest disposition of accommodation and desire to please than the one above named

THURSDAY, August 15, 1878, was the 25th anniversary of the wedding day of Mr. William Brown and wife, of Olympia They celebrated the occasion by a picnic, down the bay, which was participated in by a goodly number of their neighbors and friends and thoroughly enjoyed by all.

MR. MILAS Galliher, of Elma, says the crops never looked better, on the lower Chehalis than at present Late crops on the high lands are about an average compared with former years, while those on the bottom land are excellent.

THE Auditors of King and Jefferson counties, Messrs Booth and Seavey, were appointed by the Court as experts to examine the books of the Treasurer of Pierce county, who is now on trial for official delinquencies and transgressions.

MR. GEO Blankenship, who has just returned from a prospecting tour in the Cascades says that his party found large bodies of rich bottom land on the head waters of the Cowlitz river capable of supporting large settlements

THE two lodges of Good Templars and Champions, of Olympia, have made arrangements for a picnic on Rocky Prairie, on Tuesday, August 27th. An excursion on the railroad will be part of the programme.

THE Daily *Experiment* announces part of its mission to be to "denounce corruption and expose mercenary rings," and then asks his readers to "straddle the blind." Five dollars a column is cheap enough.

THE managers of the Industrial Fair patronize home industry by sending abroad for much of their job printing Wonder how it would work to send to San Francisco and New York for their advertising.

THERE are almost untold weekly newspapers published in this Territory, but there are only two monthlies, and two annuals—the latter are the Steilacoom *Express* and Olympia *Experiment*.

MOST of the large mills, down Sound, have started to run day and night With the revival of the lumber trade we may expect other branches of trade and industry to improve.

POSTERS are up notifying the public that in order to make repairs the water supply will be turned off at 6 P. M and turn on at 5 30 A. M. Govern yourselves accordingly

CAPT. CLANCEY has been appointed superintendent of the Starr line of steamers, and hereafter will spend most of his time on shore, with headquarters at New Tacoma.

THE body of Valentine Nolles, was found in the Snohomish river last week. It was supposed that he went into the water for a bath and slipped in over his depth.

MARRIED —At Elma, by the Rev Mr. Watson, Mr Charles Simmons and Mrs. Douglas, all of Chehalis county.

THE past two weeks has been a season of cool nights and mornings, but very sultry afternoons

LAST Thursday, the Annie Stewart came up and took away a load of sheep, for Mr. Spurlock

SWANTOWN accademy will be opened for the Fall term on Monday, August 26th.

THE babes of the *Standard* office have been enjoying spearmint tea this week.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

CAMP NEAR TROUT CREEK, Baker County, Oregon, Aug 5 (via Silver City, Idaho, 6)—General Howard received a dispatch from Lapwai, Idaho, this afternoon to the effect that thirty-five of White Bird's Nez Perces had surrendered to James Lawyer at Kamiah. It is not known if Chief White Bird is among the number About the middle of June White Bird was camped at Sandy Hills, in Canada, about seventy miles north of Fort Walsh His tribe was very restless, and desired to return to Idaho White Bird, through some evident understanding with Sitting Bull, was opposed to this movement, and daily desertions from his tribe in consequence On July 9th, White Bird, with sixty-five warriors and forty-five women, was still at Sandy Hill Up to that time between thirty and forty of his warriors had returned to Idaho The numerous murders and other deeds of violence reported from northwestern Montana within the past month were doubtless the work of these tramping reds Their advent into Idaho was the signal for general alarm among the settlers, and depredations by them have been frequent and bloody

South Carolina Republicans.

COLUMBIA, S C, Aug 8,—The Republican state convention was in secret session the greater part of the day The platform declares that the principles of equal, civil and political rights can only be enforced by the Republican party, reiterates abhorrence of violence, intimidation and frauds in elections, denounces the practice of Democrats attending Republican meetings, charges Democrats with being unfaithful to pledges of 1876, denounces Democrats for frauds, violence and intimidation in 1876, for assassinations and murders during that campaign, and for subsequent violent seizure of the state government, denounces unseating of certain Republican members of the legislature, arraigns Democrats for abolishing or removing certain election precincts, arraigns the so-called fraud investigation, reaffirms belief in the fair election of Hayes and Chamberlain, and pledges the Republican party to the work of purifying the public service Following is the ninth article of the platform

We deem it inexpedient to nominate candidates for governor and other state offices, because owing to the condition of affairs in this state occasioned by rifle club rule and two years of Democratic supremacy it is impossible for Republican voters in many counties, without incurring great personal danger, to organize for the campaign or to vote at the election when held

Butler's programme.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13, —The Times' Boston special says The next move in the Butler campaign will be a public reception to Butler by the Kearney reception committee At a meeting to night the following resolution was passed

Resolved, that we hail with feelings of unmingled pleasure and delight the announcement of Butler that he abandons the Republican party and with open arms we welcome him to the ranks of the people

It is understood that Butler will accept the invitation and will soon speak in Faneuil hall A bargain between him and some of the leaders of the Democratic party is contemplated It is understood he agrees to use his strength to carry the congressional districts for the Democrats, and they in turn agree to fix things so that no nomination be made at their state convention for governor, leaving him a clear field to run against the Republican candidate He will receive the greenback nomination which will be given at their convention this month, and now says he will accept it

A fatal Affray.

NEW YORK, Aug 13 —The Times' Augusta (Ga) special says a difficulty occured at Edgefield, S C., yesterday in which three men Brooker Tony, Thomas Booth and James Booth, were killed, and seven others wounded, one of them mortally The trouble grew out of a family feud of long standing Tony's brother was killed several years ago, and Tony suspected the murder was committed by the Booths. He therefore swore he would kill the latter on sight The hostile parties met to-day when Tony proceeded to carry out his threat. He drew a pistol and fired, killing the two Booths before he was shot himself Friends of both parties were drawn into the fight, and about 17 shots were fired in all. There was a Democratic political meeting in progress at the time about half a mile from the village of Edgefield in which the shooting occurred, and Gov Hampton, as soon as heard of the fight, ordered a company of state troops to the scene There was no fighting after the troops reached the spot Toney killed a negro in Edgefield a short time ago, but it does not seem to have resulted in any curtailment of his liberty

Yellow Fever.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug 14—A dispatch dated Grenada, Miss., to day, to the Howard association of this city, says "Send orange leaves and nurses The situation is fearfully worse than in 1873 in Memphis Dr. Mandeville and four nurses sent by the Howard association have arived at Grenada. Seven more nurses left here for that point to day

GRENADA, Aug 14—Seven fever deaths and eight new cases in the last twenty-four hours. At least 100 are down with the fever The weather is cloudy with threatening rain. Indications are bad for the patients Four cases of black vomit are reported by Dr. Hughes, which he says cannot recover Business is entirely suspended Trains pass by without noticing the place The distress is truly appalling

Mrs. Jenks Appointed to office

NEW YORK, Aug 14—The Tribune's Washington special says. The statement is made to night, without qualification, that Mrs Jenks, the notorious witness before the Potter committee, has been appointed as a detective in the treasury department and assigned to duty at the New Orleans custom house

☞ The National Gold Medal was awarded to Bradley & Rulofson for the best Photographs in the United States, and the Vienna Medal for the best in the world 429 Montogomery Street, San Francisco

Liver is King.

The Liver is the imperial organ of the whole human system, as it controls the life, health and happiness of man When it is disturbed in its proper action, all kinds of ailments are the natural result The digestion of food, the movements of the heart and blood, the action of the brain and nervous system, are all immediately connected with the workings of the Liver It has been successfully proved that Green's August Flower is unequalled in curing all persons afflicted with Dyspepia or Liver Complaint, and all the numerous symptoms that result from an unhealthy condition of the Liver and Stomach. Sample bottles to try 10 cents Positively sold in all towns on the Western Continent Three doses will prove that it is just what you want

The Crust of Tartar.

Speedily leaves the surface of teeth upon which the cleansing and preservative influence of SOZODONT is daily exerted No form of decay can infest a set of "ivories" upon which it is used It has, moreover, a most refreshing effect upon the mouth, in which it leaves a very agreeable taste, besides rendering the breath fragrant If the mouth be rinsed with it after smoking, the taste of the tobacco is entirely dissipated As an auxiliary to personal comeliness it cannot too highly be extolled Sold by druggists

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EIGHT PER CENT., TWENTY-FIVE YEAR COUNTY BONDS.

TO CAPITALISTS.

THE THURSTON COUNTY RAILROAD Construction Company solicit bids for seventy-five thousand 75,000) dollars of Thurston County Bonds, made payable to bearer in twenty-five (25) years, but redeemable at the call of the county after ten (10) years from date of issue and bearing interest at the rate of eight (8) per cent per annum.

These bonds are issued in denominations of one thousand ($1,000) dollars, five hundred ($500) dollars, and one hundred ($100) dollars, to the amount of twenty-five thousand ($25,000) dollars in each denomination with interest coupons payable on the first day of January of each and every year

The Company desire to place these bonds prior to September 1st, so those desiring to invest will govern themselves accordingly

For further information apply to the undersigned at Olympia, Washington Territory.

T P. JUDSON.
E. N. OUIMETTE,
Committe.

NOTICE.

THE TAX LIST OF 1878 AND TUMWATER Special School Tax List are now in my hands for collection of taxes now due

☞ **Tax-payers will please hand in their Poll and Road Tax receipts when calling to settle.**

J H MUNSON,
County Treasurer

HOW IS THIS FOR LOW ?

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO GET BARGAINS in Furniture at Chilberg's As he is closing out his stock of Furniture he sells

Walnut Extension tables at $1 65 per foot
Large Arm Cane-seated rocking chairs $3 50
Nurse chairs, cane bottom $2 50
Walnut Brace arm chairs $3 75
" " cottage " $2 35
" " " " $2
Maple cane Chairs from $1 10 to $1 90
Wooden seat Chairs 90 cts
Child's high " cane bottom $1 35
" " rockers " wooden " $1 25
Walnut Stools 24 in high $1 65
Oak " 18 in " $1 15

And every thing else in proportion Call soon and examine his stock before it is all gone

He has two new American Sewing Machines which he will sell at cost price

Don't forget the place, at
ISAAC CHILBERG'S

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, AT the annual session of the stockholders of the Thurston County Railroad Construction Company on Monday next, the polls will be open from 10 o'clock until 12 o'clock A M The election will be held at the office of J. P. Judson, President.

L P VENEN, Secretary,
Olympia, Aug 2, 1878

SHERIFF'S SALE

In the District Court of the Second Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Olympia, for the Counties of Thurston Mason, Chehalis and Lewis

Jno C Schaefer, *Plaintiff.*
vs
N H. Bloomfield, *Defendant*

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to and by virtue of a decree and order of sale issued on the 2nd day of July, 1878, by the Clerk of the above named District Court, to me directed and delivered, I have levied upon and taken into execution the following described real estate, viz The South East quarter of Section (14) fourteen, in Township (15) thirteen North, Range (1) one West, in Lewis county, Washington Territory, and on the 4th day of August, 1878 at 2 o'clock P M, of said day at the Court house door, in Lewis county, W. T., I will sell the said real estate to satisfy a judgment of $225, gold coin, and for interest and costs and increased costs, rendered against the above named defendant and in favor of the above named Plaintiff

H C. SHOREY,
Sheriff of Lewis county, W T

July 26, 4 w.

THE P. S. T. CO.'S
STEAMER
MESSENGER,
CAPT. J. G. PARKER,
Leaves Olympia for Seattle and way ports on **Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays** at 7 o'clock, A M

NATHAN S. PORTER.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC & CONVEYANCER
OLYMPIA, W T.

THOMAS M. REED,
TERRITORIAL AUDITOR.
Office Masonic Hall. Entrance from East end of building

FURNITURE
Ware Rooms.
On and after July 1st, 1878,
J. C. HORR,
Will, in addition to his present large and well selected stock of
FURNITURE,
WALL PAPER, CARPETS,
Curled Wool and Spring
MATTRESSES,
Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of
UNDERTAKER'S GOODS.
ALSO READY MADE
Coffins & Caskets,
ALL SIZES AND PRICES.
OPPOSITION TO IMPOSITION

All who want to purchase XXX Oregon City or Lincoln Mills XXX Flour, Bran, Chicken wheat, Cracked wheat, oats or Chopped Feed, will do well to call at J. C Horr's where he can buy
TEN PER CENT CHEAPER,
Than any other house in Olympia.

A. FARQUHAR
DEALER IN
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS
HARDWARE, WILLOW WARE,
CUTLERY, CROCKERY, STONE
WARE, PAINTS & OILS,
WINDOW GLASS,
FLOUR, MIDDLINGS, BRAN,
SHORTS, FEED CORN MEAL OIL CAKE
MEAL, CHOPPED FEED, CHOPPED BARLEY, WHEAT, OATS,
BALED HAY, AND
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
☞ GOODS DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY ☜
On Seventh & Adams Sts., Olympia, W. T

PIANOS AND ORGANS
A. L. FRANCIS,
Manufacturer s agent for Pianos and Organs and representing the best Music house in San Francisco, selling only the genuine manufacturer's instruments
AGENT FOR
DECKER & SON'S PIANOS;
PACKARD, PRINCE AND SMITH'S AMERICAN ORGANS,
SOLE AGENT FOR HEMME AND LONG'S
UPRIGHT PIANOS.

Pianos sold for fifteen dollars per month. Organs sold for ten dollars per month Old instruments taken for part payment

We carry no stock and pay no rent, therefore can afford to sell at lower figures than any house on the coast Do not purchase until you get our prices

Cheap pianos sold for ($275)
First Class pianos for $400 to $550
Organ from $50 to $300

MANUFACTURER'S AGENT FOR
The New Home Sewing Machine,
WITH HALL TREADLE.

I sell no Bogus Instruments Pianos tuned, action repaired and regulated by the year for eight dollars

Address, A L FRANCIS,
Portland, Oregon, or San Francisco, California.
Jan. 16, wkly,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. R. TALCOTT.
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
AND DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, Silverware, Cutlery, Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes Notions, &c., &c.
AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED
Singer Sewing
MACHINE,
The STANDARD MACHINE of the world, over 280,000 of these popular machines sold by the Company in 1877 Machines sold on note and lease plans Needles, Oils and Attachments for all Machines
C R TALCOTT.
Olympia, W T No 19-tf

SEATTLE STONE YARD.
JOHN KEENEN,
WORKER IN MARBLE MONUMENTS HEADSTONE & TOMBS
☞ Also furnishes Stone for Building Purposes. Cemetery Work of all kinds executed All orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed Persons living at a distance by sending a description of what they wish, can have Designs, Prices, etc, sent to them to choose from
Shop on Crawford and Harrington's Wharf Seattle, W. T.

OLYMPIA DRAY COMPANY.
This company is prepared to execute all orders for hauling merchandise, lumber, hay, grain, brick, sand, etc, in any part of the city or vicinity It is well supplied with heavy trucks and such facilities as will enable it, in speedy and expeditious manner to move heavy castings, iron safes, &c, at short notice, and upon reasonable terms
Drays can be obtained at any hour of the day or night, and without extra charge
Teams sent to the country on short notice, and upon the most reasonable terms
Among the many good things possessed by the Olympia Dray and Truck Company, is their
CITY EXPRESS,
On the arrival of steamers, teams and drays will always be on the wharf, in readiness for speedy transmission of freight or baggage to any part of the city or Tumwater.
JAMES BOWLIN, Proprietor

C. B. MANN
KEEPS
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES
PERFUMERY, TOILET GOODS AND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF LAMP CHIMNEYS
GARDEN SEEDS
SUCH AS LETTTCE, ONIONS, CABBAGE, RADDISH, BEET, &c
2ND GRADE OF SULPHUR,
SALTS, COPPEAS, SALT-PETRE,
Good for Stock in the Spring
PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY,
TURPENTINE AND RUBBER PAINT
Castor Oil
FOR AXLE GREASE
ALWAYS ON HAND.
"Centennial Heave Remedy"
FOR COUGHS AND HEAVES IN HORSES
Eagle Brand of Condensed Milk.
Fishing Tackle,
HOOKS, SNELLS, LINES, &c
Compounding Prescriptions
MADE A SPECIALTY AT THE
PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

CITY MARKET,
D. J. CHAMBERS & SON, Prop'S.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
LIVE STOCK
Fresh Meats and Vegetables.
Barrelled Beef and Pork
Smoked Meats & Small Goods,
Sugar Cured Hams and
Breakfast Bacon, Pure Leaf Lard
(put up on the premises)
FRESH SAUSAGES DAILY
and Every class of Goods belonging to our business.
All Orders Promptly Attended

READ! READ! READ!
ABOUT TO MAKE A CHANGE IN OUR business, We offer our entire Stock of
DRY GOODS,
TRIMMINGS, &
NOTIONS, &c., &c.
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
Come early and secure bargains
T N FORD & CO

NOTICE

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the Thurston County Railroad Construction Company will be held in Olympia on Wednesday, the 15th day of August, 1878

L. P. VENEN,
Sec'y.

Olympia, July 6th, 1878.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS
FOR
SPRING & SUMMER
AT
E. N. OUIMETTE'S
Where you will find a fresh stock of
DOMESTICS,
DRESS GOODS,
CASSIMERES,
FLANNELS,
SHAWLS,
SKIRTS,
LININ GOODS,
WHITE GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES
QUILTS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
VEILINGS,
BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS
HANDKERCHIEFS,
CORSETS,
NOTIONS,
LACES,
HATS,
BONNETS,
FRAMES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
Hats and Bonnets made and trimmed to order
Also, Gents' Furnishing of all kinds
Such as
WHITE SHIRTS,
COLORED SHIRTS,
UNDER SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
CUFFS,
COLLARS,
BOOTS,
HATS, &c.
Pants of Oregon made Casimere

NEW STORE.
JOSEPH CHILBERG,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN CHOICE GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONERY,
CIGARS, and TOBACCO,
FLOUR and FEED, &c
He would be pleased to have his old friends and a great many new ones call and examine his new stock of
CHOICE GOODS,
Which he will sell at the very lowest rates
California Crackers received fresh by every steamer.
He keeps constantly on hand a large supply of
GROUND BARLEY,
for Logging Camps, also
Flour, Wheat, Oats and Bran.
☞ Highest price paid for Country Produce
Give him a call and be convinced of his
BED ROCK PRICES.
Feed Store Corner Fourth & Columbia Street
Grocery Store Corner Fifth and Main
Feb 1, tf

SAMUEL G. WARD.
DEALER IN
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,
Crockery,
Glassware, and
Silver-plated Ware,
and Wooden Ware,
Tobacco and Cigars.
AGENT FOR
WHITE'S SHUTTLE
SEWING MACHINES.
☞ All Goods Delivered.
Olympia, W T April 25,-w-tf.

FARMER'S MARKET.
THE PUGET SOUND FARMERS' CO-OPERative Association has purchased the Market on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, Olympia formerly owned by Halzeman & Co, and will hereafter be ready to supply the public with the best of
Meats, Vegetables,
FRUITS, PRODUCE, ETC
STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER FROM THE Hon Judge of the Probate Court of Pacific county of Washington Territory, dated July 21, 1878, I will sell on the 31st day of August next, 1878, at Public Auction, 40 acres of land belonging to the Estate of Nells Olofsan deceased, described as follows, to wit the south west quarter of the south west quarter of section 9 in township 10 north of range No. 8 west of Willamette meridian Sale to commence at one o'clock P M, on the premises. Terms cash.

SAML E BARR,
Administrator

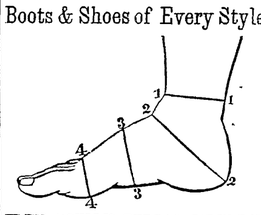
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WOODRUFF & VAN EPPS,
Successors to A. J. Burr & Co.,
BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS,
AND DEALERS IN
CIGARS & TOBACCO,
FANCY GOODS,
NOVELTIES, SHEET MUSIC &
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c
BOOKS.
We have a carefully selected library of Story Books, History, Travels and Adventure, Poems, Novels and a large stock of School Books always on hand
STATIONERY.
The latest styles of Fancy Papeteries in boxes, Letter Note, Foolscap, Legal Cap, Bill Cap, Letter and Note Heads, and Mourning Paper All grades and prices Marriage Certificates, Blank Books, etc.
MUSIC.
We are Agents for the WEBER, Stone, Steadman, Sherman & Hyde, Mansfeldt & Nottel, and other Pianos and the Standard and the Estey Organs all of which we sell on the installment plan, thereby placing them in reach of all. We also have a large assortment of Musical instruments such as Violins, Banjos, Guitars, etc We are agents for Sherman & Hyde, San Francisco, and G Schirmer, New York, therefore we are enabled to procure almost any piece of music published
CIGARS & TOBACCO.
We carry the finest brands of Tobacco and Cigars to be found in the city Call for the Professor Morse or Mermaid Cigars, of which we are Sole Agents in Olympia.
MISCELLANEOUS.
A large and well selected stock of Holiday Goods, Toys, Cuttlery, plated or solid Gold and Silver Jewelry, Watches, etc, in fact we carry everything to be found in a first-class Book and Stationery Store
Orders by mail, no matter how small, will be promptly attended to
Give us a call
Post Office Building,
MAIN ST., OLYMPIA, W. T.
June 14, 1878 tf

HOLIDAY STOCK
The largest and most attractive stock of
NOTIONS, TOYS & HOLIDAY GOODS
ught to the place are now offered for sale at the
OLYMPIA
BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE
Keep constantly on hand
SCHOOL BOOKS
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS
STATIONERY, TOYS,
Musical Instruments, &c.
Wall Paper in Great Variety,
PRINTING PAPER, FLAT CAP
AND DRAWING PAPER,
Constantly on Hand.
☞ We are Agents for M Gray, of San Francisco, the largest Music Store on the Pacific coast Any instrument required — from a simple whistle to a piano—ordered upon short notice We have samples of organs and pianos now on exhibition at our store

HAND MADE
HARNESS.
I. B. EASTMAN,
TUMWATER, W T
THE PROPRIETOR HAS REFITTED HIS old stand for the purpose of receiving his new stock of goods from San Francisco He intends to reduce the prices in all kinds of Harness and Saddles in his line of business
no 21-tf

L. A. TREEN
MANUFACTURER OF GENTS'
FINE CALFKIP & STOGA BOOTS,
Olympia, W. T.
OF EVERY VARIETY, ALSO
Ladies' and Misses
Boots & Shoes of Every Style



THIS HOUSE IS THE LARGEST IN THE territory, with a heavy stock of the BEST *BRANDS OF LEATHER* on the coast, consisting of **French Calf and Kip, and Philadelphia Calf and Kip.** I also keep on hand a
Full Assortment of Boots & Shoes
Which I will sell for less money than they can be sold by any other house on Puget Sound Orders respectfully solicited, and strict attention paid to details, etc. *ALL OF MY WORK AND STOCK* are warranted to give satisfaction Repairing neatly and promptly executed
Thankful for the very liberal patronage extended to me for the past ten years, I hope for a continuance of the same

GO TO
BNJ. VINCENT,
For the Finest Varieties of
CUSTOM MADE BOOTS & SHOES
LATEST STYLES
OF
Boots. & Shoes Made to Order.
All Work
WARRANTED and SATISFACtion Guaranteed
☞ MANUFACTURER of Custom Made boots and shoes, either wholesale or retail The best of French stock and oak tan sole leather used and all work warranted
☞ Also agent for the Weed Family Favorite Sewing Machine, for perfection, durability and cheapness unrivalled Orders from every where solicited
MAIN STREET, OLYMPIA,
Next to Transcript Office

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. H. SHOUDY,
SEATTLE, W. T.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
WHITE LEAD,
LINSEED OIL,
TURPENTINE, VARNISHES, All Kinds), SHELLAC, CAN COLORS, DRY COLORS, PUTTY; Full Assortment of GLASS, WHITING, PARIS WHITE, KALSOMINE and Glue Also a full assortment of BRUSHES, GOLD LEAF and BRONZES
Painters call and examine my Stock before purchasing elsewhere
PAPER HANGINGS.
I have the largest and best assortmen on the Sound, at prices to suit the times
Constantly on hand,
RUBBER PAINT,
Acknowledged to be the best peint in the world by all who have used it
☞ Prompt attention paid to ordert from abroad
A Branch of this Establishment has been Established at New Tacoma, under the management of Mr C H Wood

Northern Pacific Railroad
Pacific Division
IS NOW COMPLETED FROM
COLUMBA RIVER
TO
Kalama & Tacoma the Terminus
Tacoma to Wilkeson
(COAL MINES)
MAIL LINE TRAINS
DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

GOING NORTH		GOING SOUTH.	
Kalama - - 11.20 A M	—	Tacoma - - 7:00 A. M	
Tenino - - 3 40 P M	—	Tenino - - 8 45 "	
Tacoma - - 5.20 "	—	Kalama - - 12 30 P M	

PUYALLUP TRAINS.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE
Tacoma - - 6 45 A M.	—	Wilkeson - - 9 00 A. M
Wilkeson - 3 30 P M	—	Tacoma - - 5 50 P M.

CONNECTIONS,
At **Tacoma** with Pacific Mail Steamships for Victoria and San Francisco, and with Sound Steamers for Seattle, Olympia and all points on Puget Sound
At **Lake View** with stage for Steilacoom.
At **Tenino** with the **Olympia-Tenino Railroad** for Olympia
At **Kalama** with O S N. Co's Boats for all points on the Columbia River
At **Portland** on wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M with steamers for Port Qownsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, west Minister and Fraser River
Through tickets for sale at the principal offices of the Company, and at the office of the O. S. N Co, in Portland, Oregon to Victoria and Seattle, and via P M S S Co, Steamships from Tacoma and O S N. Co's and P C S S Co's Steamships from Portland to San Francisco
Through tickets to Portland, Oregon, for sale at Victoria, Seattle Tacoma and Tenino
SAM'L A BLACK,
General Superintendent.
W WAYNE YOGDES,
Genl Ticket Agent

NOTICE

To all whom it may concern.

WHEREAS THE COMMISSIONER OF THE General Land Office, in letter dated July 8th, 1874, ordered that the lands in township 15 North, Range 1 West in the district of lands for sale at Olympia, W T., should be withheld "from disposal as agricultural lands until the nonmineral character thereof shall have been fully established" And, whereas, WILLIAM F. YANTIS of Lewis county, W. T., who made homestead entry for land in said Township and Range viz: E½ of NW¼ of Sec 27—now makes application to make his final entry of said land, and has filed in this office his affidavit declaring that there is not within the limits of said land to his knowledge, any coal or other valuable mineral deposit, and the said land is essentially nonmineral land

Now, therefore, in accordance with Instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, it is ordered tha testimony touching the character of said described land shall be taken before the Register and Receiver of the United states District Land Office at their office in Olympia, W T, on the 16th day of August A D 1878, beganing at 10 o'clock A. M, at which place and time all persons having interest in the matter of the character of the above described land are required to appear and there and then to present such evidence as may serve to fully establish the character of said tract of land

Given under our hand, at the United States District Land Office at Olympia, W T, this 6th day of July A. D 1878

J T BROWN, Register.
R G STUART, Receiver.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT, OF WASHINGTON TERRITORY, Holding terms at Olympia, Thurston County.

James Delgardno,
vs
O Roland

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to, and by virtue of an Execution issued on the 22nd day of June, 1878, by the Clerk of the above described District Court, to me directed and delivered, I have levied on and taken into Execution the following described Real Estate, viz the NW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of Section 13, and E½ of SE¼ of Section 14, and the NW¼ of Section 17, and the NE¼ of Section 18, Township 18 N, Range one West, which on the 10th day of August, 1878, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the door of the Court House, of Thurston county, W T, I will sell the said real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy a judgment of $65 40-100, gold coin, and for costs rendered against the above named Defendant and in favor of the above named Plaintiff

WILLIAM BILLINGS,
Sheriff of Thurston County, W. T

NOTICE.

To all whom it may concern:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, ON the 6th day of June, A D 1878, my wife Antonia Mauermann, left my bed and board without just cause, and against my will, and I hereby notify all persons, that I will not be responsible for any debts or contracts made by her, after the date hereof

Dated at Chehalis Lewis Co, W T, this 8th day of June, A D 1878

JOSEF MAUERMANN JR.
No. 24

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON TERRITORY, Holding terms at Olympia, Thurston County

W. I. C. Neate,
vs
O Rowland.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That pursuant to, and by virtue of an Execution issued by the Clerk of the above described court, to me directed and delivered, I have levied on and taken into execution the following described real estate, viz the NW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of Sec 13, and E½ of SE¼ of Sec 14, and the NW¼ of Sec 17, and the NE¼ of Sec 18, Township 18 North Range 1 West, and on the 10th day of August 1878 at 1 o'clock P M at the door of the court house, of Thurston county, W T, I will sell said real estate to satisfy a judgment rendered in the above entitled court and cause, for the sum of $37 49, and for interest, costs and increased costs

WILLIAM BILLINGS,
Sheriff of Thurston County, W. T.

NOTICE.

NOTICE, TO THE STOCK-HOLDERS OF the Bay Center Oyster Company is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the stockholders of said Company, on the seventh day of August, 1878, to be held at Bay Center, for the purpose of increasing the Capital Stock of said Company, five thousand dollars ($5000)

L. H. BROADS, Secretary,

Puget Sound Weekly Courier.

VOL. VII. OLYMPIA, W. T. FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1878. NO. 34

THE WEEKLY COURIER

C. B. BAGLEY,

PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

THE WEEKLY COURIER is issued every Friday morning, and is furnished at the following rates

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$2 00 per square for the first insertion, and $1.00 for each subsequent insertion

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AGENT AT PORTLAND, OGN—L SAMUELS

AGENTS AT SAN FRANCISCO—THOMAS BOYCE, No 25, Merchant's Exchange, L P. FISHER, rooms 20 & 21, Merchant's Exchange, California street.

AGENTS AT NEW YORK CITY—S. M. PETTENGILL & Co. 37 Park Row, cor. Beekman; GEO P ROWELL & Co. 41 Park Row.

TO CORRESPONDENTS — All communications intended for insertion in THE COURIER must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a guaranty of good faith

OFFICE.—On Fifth Street, near Main

REPUBLICAN TERRITORIAL CONVENTION.

Pursuant to call, the Republican Territorial Committee met in Tacoma, on the 18th inst The members present were Daniel Bagley, chairman, Byron Barlow, H G Struve, T T Minor, H W. Fairweather, S. W. Brown, N H. Bloomfield.

Byron Barlow was elected Secretary, vice H W. Fairweather, resigned

The chief business of the meeting was the calling of a convention for the nomination of a Delegate to Congress.

The following is the call as issued;

By order of the Territorial Central Committee duly assembled pursuant to notice, this 18th day of July, A D 1877, at New Tacoma W. T, notice is hereby given that a Republican Territorial Convention is called to assemble at Vancouver, Clarke county, on Wednesday, the 9th day of October, 1878, at 10 o'clock A. M, for the purpose of nominating a condidate for Delegate to Congress, and for the transaction of such other business as may preperly come before it

The Committee has fixed the apportionment of Delegates to said Convention as follows; One delegate at large for every County in the Territory, and one additional delegate for every one hundred votes and for every majority fraction of one hundred votes cast in each county at the general election of 1876, for the Republican candidate for Delegate to Congress Upon this basis the various Counties of the Territory will be entitled to representation in said Convention as follows.

Chehalis	2	Clallam	2
Clarke	6	Columbia	4
Cowlitz	3	Island	2
Jefferson	3	King	9
Kitsap	3	Klickitat	3
Lewis	3	Whatcom	3
Mason	1	Pacific	3
Pierce	3	San Juan	3
Skamania	1	Snohomish	3
Stevens	2	Thurston	5
Wahkiakum	1	Walla Walla	5
Whitman	4	Yakima	3
Total			75

The Committee also recommends, subject to any change to be made by the respective County Committees, that the various County Conventions be held at the County seat on Saturday, the 28th day of September 1878, at the hour of 1 o'clock P M., and that the primary meetings to elect delegates to the county conventions be held at 1 o'clock P M, of Saturday the 21st day of September 1878, at the voting places in each precinct. This recommendation is intended only for those counties which have no County Central Committee, or when they fail to act.

By order of the Republican Territorial Central Committee

DANIEL BAGLEY, Chairman
BYRON BARLOW, Secretary

COUNTY CONVENTIONS.

The Republican Territorial Committee recommend that all County Conventions be held on or before the 7th day of September, instead of the time first designated

DANIEL BAGLEY,
Chairman

THE TRANSCRIPT'S CRUMB OF COMFORT.

It is amusing to witness with what avidity the ring organ snatches at the little crumb of comfort it thinks it finds in a Washington dispatch to the Cincinnati *Enquirer*.

Now, if the *Transcript* had known the relations of the *Enquirer* to the *Gazette*, the character of the two papers, and especially that of this particular correspondent, it might not have been so happy, Besides, if the ring organ and other papers that have been so eager to rehash this absurd story had not been blinded by hate and envy they need not have been imposed upon by this silly dispatch containing two lies in one paragraph First that the salary of Receiver is $3,500 per annum which is false, and second, that Mr. Reed could not be confirmed by the Senate. Now, Mr. *Transcript* does not a receiver of a Land Office have to be confirmed? and if the senate should refuse to confirm him for one office would it not for another? It may be however that the editor, of the *Transcript* is of the opinion that no man however exalted could be confirmed to the prejudice of "the best Governor this Territory ever had," for no man in the Territory knows this better than the *Transcript* man. He knows that Governor Ferry's administration has been a grand success and that his personal and official character are above reproach, hence he may have had doubts about the Senate agreeing to confirm any man to supersede him.

For the enlightenment of the *Transcript* we will state that "the good deacon's paper" is the Cincinnati *Gazette* and "the good deacon" is Hon. Richard Smith the proprietor. Hon. Romeo Reed is the leading editorial writer on the *Gazette*, and is a brother of Hon Alexander Reed, who has been appointed Receiver at the Land Office at Walla Walla We have no doubt but our excellent Governor, Messrs Smith and Reed and Mr. Alexander Reed will be able to survive the malevolence of the *Transcript*

We regret that Mr. Painter has been removed, as we believe he justly has the respect and confidence of the public and by all the rules of "civil service" as well as justice and fairness should have been retained in his office, still we do not believe that the stories told of his successor are true, but on the contrary think he will prove a pleasant gentleman and a reliable, competent officer

WISER THAN THE LAW.

The *Transcript*, last week, as usual, finds fault with Governor Ferry The complaint now is that the Governor has not issued a proclamation forbidding the sale of arms to Indians. Section 467 of the revised statutes of the United States is as follows;

The Secretary of the Interior shall adopt such rules as may be necessary to prohibit the sale of arms or ammunition, within any district or country occupied by uncivilized or hostile Indians, and shall enforce the same

This is the only law on the subject Will the astute *legal* editor of the *Transcript* inform us what action Gov Ferry can take in this matter?

We refer to this, mainly, to show the groundless character of the attacks made upon the Governor.

NUMBER one, of the North Pacific *Times*, appeared on the 15th inst Strangely enough the name of the editor does not appear, but Mr Pickett is that individual, and is known to wield the pen with more than ordinary vigor and originality He has an abiding faith in the bright future of Tacoma and thinks the time is at hand to begin his long talked of newspaper enterprise if he desires to keep pace with the growth of that city. The *Times* will be a welcome visitor, and if the present number is an earnest of those to follow, it will succeed on its own merits, for it is a good paper.

MR G. A MEIGS, the well known enterprising owner of the Port Madison mills, has been on the Sound for two or three weeks and is in town today, en route for Portland and San Francisco He will shortly return to Port Madison, with his family, and again take up his residence there, He says the present activity with the mills is to cut some pressing orders, but that the California trade is not begun to improve much, so the work may soon slacken off. However, he has strong hopes that the trade may improve very much this fall and winter.

THE signing and numbering of the county bonds and accompanying coupons was completed last Saturday. Mr. Chambers, president of the board of county commissioners and Mr Phillips, county auditor, each had to sign his name 8,450 times and the numbering was the same amount of work The bonds are very neatly executed and we should not refuse to have a few of the most valuable ones to hang up in our sanctum as works of art were some subscriber kind enough to send us a little "back pay" in that kind of currency

THIS week Sheriff Billings secured an order for the delivery to him of the Territorial prisoners confined in the Seattle jail, and on Wednesday he took them to the penitentiary at Seatco There were only three of them. In a few weeks he will have gathered them all together from the several jails throughout the Territory and will have an interesting family requiring no small amount of care and anxiety for their safe keeping and protection.

THE main body of the hostiles is fleeing toward the Fort Hall reservation with Col John Green and 250 cavalry in pursuit Hope he may catch them before they reach the protection of the agent. It is the rule that when these Indian desperadoes reach their agencies after a series of murders and robberies they are safe from harm. An agency is to the Indian what the cities of refuge were to the ancient Israelites.

THE Daily *Experiment* has become a success, as it now appears regularly. Every citizen, who has the welfare of the city at heart, will contribute to its support for there is no one factor in securing the prosperity of the place more powerful than a well conducted daily paper. At best the labor expended upon it will not be half paid for.

THE list of subscribers for the new daily makes two columns, but they are short columns,

ONE of the boldest robberies ever known was perpetrated in Portland, last Tuesday. Between 8 and 9 o'clock on the morning of that day three men entered the pawnbroker shop of Mr. O'Shea, on Washington street, between First and Second, and after knocking down and stunning him proceeded to gather into a valise all the best jewelry and a large sum of money. Their operations were soon discovered but before they could be hindered they broke out of a rear window, entered the rear of a large store, and coolly walked out of it on First street and up that street, already filled with people, two or three blocks By this time an officer was after them and they began to run, He gained on them rapidly and when within 25 feet one of them turned and fired at him with a navy revolver. The shot missed the officer but struck a lad, named Louis Joseph, about 15 years old, in the breast and killed him instantly. The murderer fired another shot at the officer but fortunately without effect, The officer was not armed, and so could not return the fire and was powerless to stop the flight of the robbers, who still continued running up the street until they came to where a horse and wagon were standing. Into the wagon they jumped and putting horse to whip soon left their pursuers behind. They went out near the foothills west of town, where they left the wagon and made for the timber which they succeeded in reaching. They were soon followed by scores of armed men, but at last accounts were still at large.

THE New Tacoma *Times* says Since Jan 1st, 1874, to Aug. 10th, 1878, ten thousand five hundred (10,500) tons of flour have been shipped over the N. P. R R. to Tacoma from Portland and the Willamette for the various ports on Puget Sound and British Columbia, This is equal to 105,000 barrels. Some of this flour should be credited to Walla Walla and other portions of this Territory, but we have no data from which to estimate the amount. The quantity of feed and grain during the same period is to the same astonishing extent. Bacon also figures largely. When our line is finished over the Cascades into the Yakima the articles can be supplied within less than four hours transit from Tacoma.

MR. J. W. PAGE, well known in Olympia, has accepted the situation of night clerk in the St. Charles hotel, in Portland. This house has a very large and increasing patronage under management of Messrs. Samuel and C W. Coulter. When a Puget Sounder visiting that city desires to hunt up another P. S he goeth straightway to the St. Charles and is forthwith rewarded for his sagacity by finding him whom he seeketh.

WE ARE informed that all, or nearly all, of the discrepancies in the accounts of Agent Wilbur are for the expenditures made on the Yakima Reservation for the benefit of the Indians which he was unauthorized to do by law or instructions. That he will be found guilty of having appropriated any fund to his own use we do not believe,

HALF FARE.—Delegates to the Grand Lodge, I. O. G. T, which will meet at Seattle the 18th prox.; who pay full fare on the O. S. N Co's. steamers, N. P. R. R., O. & T. R. R, Steamers Messenger, Zephyr, Fannie Lake or on the P. S. S. N. Co's (Starr Bro's) line of steamers, will be returned free.

LAST Wednesday several car loads of empty salmon cases were brought over on the cars from the Columbia, to be taken down the Sound for use during the coming salmon season that is now nearly at hand.

MARRIED—At the house of the bride's parents, by Rev. W. I. Cosper, Aug. 20, 1878, Mr. R. B. Dodge and Miss Ada L. Marcy, all of Thurston County, Washington Territory.

THE name of the footracer who won the race on the Fair grounds, on the Fourth of July, is Archy Holmes. He has been calling himself Tate, Charles Brackendorf, etc

SHERIFF Billings having captured all the Territorial prisoners on this side of the mountains will go to Walla Walla, next Monday, to demand those incarcerated there.

MR REED, the new receiver of the land office at Walla Walla, arrived in Portland, last Wednesday, on his way to assume the duties of the office.

FROST has just received an elegant lot of glass and stone ware. Guns, pistols, ammunition, fishing tackle, etc,, a specialty.

THROUGH the agent, Mr H Sinsheimer, of Portland, one of the finest of Decker & Sons' pianos has just reached this place direct from New York It came overland and reached here in excellent condition, both as regards tone and freedom from injury. Mr. Sinsheimer is agent for pianos and organs and we can warmly recommend him for his fairdealing in that line. His place of business is with J. B. Miller, jeweler, next door to the National Bank, on First street.

THE train did not arrive till after 7 o'clock, Wednesday evening. The delay was caused by an accident happening to the engine of the south-bound train on the N. P. R R The train from Kalama came out to within a few miles of Pumphrey's where it met the disabled train and hitched on and pulled it back to Cowlitz, where the two trains passed. The north bound train then ran from Cowlitz to Tenino in two hours and a half, including stoppages.

THE steamer Oregon grounded as she ran up to Portland, this week, and last Wednesday the Great Republic was fast aground near the mouth of the Willamette and would have to have her passengers and considerable freight taken off before she could go on to Portland. These accidents are bound to happen frequently until high water shall come.

THE editor of the *Times* objects to Falger being sent to penitentiary for a little hard swearing about a land claim, and says that if all the men in this district who are guilty of a like offense were convicted a new and larger penitentiary would have to be built. May be, if the prosecuting attorney would interview that editor he would strike a bonanza

POSTAL Agents Steel and Pierce have been over on the Sound, this week, looking after postal matters There is a great deal of irregularity in the mails since the new schedules went into effect and we hope these gentlemen may succeed in establishing a reasonable degree of order, where all is now confusion

MR D W CROOKS committed suicide by hanging himself, last Tuesday, near Seattle He had tried to poison himself a few weeks before. He was a man of excellent character but had fallen into financial straits, which so oppressed his mind that he sought relief by self destruction.

CAPT. Starr gets $5,000 per annum for carrying the Dominion mails between Port Townsend and Victoria. The Isabel now makes three trips per week although the contract only called for two

THE jury disagreed in the case of John Downey, ex-treasurer of Pierce county. They stood six and six, after being out two days. The trial will be resumed in January next.

FOR some reason the bids on the tri-weekly water service between here and New Tacoma were rejected and Mr Burr was authorized to receive new bids until to-morrow.

THE Masonic Savings and Loan Bank, of San Francisco, has suspended and will retire from business. The directors think they can pay all the debts of the institution.

MARRIED—At the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. D. N. Utter, Aug 18, 1878, Mr. Joseph Chilberg and Miss Amelia Abbott, all of Thurston County.

A LITTLE daughter of Mr. Chapman, engineer of the tug Tacoma, scalded herself last week, from the effects of which she died the following Friday

MR. HORR writes from San Francisco that he has purchased a very large stock of furniture, carpets, etc, for the fall trade,

LAST Tuesday the railroad took the mails, under instructions from the Department, thus ending Mr. Coggan's contract

MISS MARY A. O'NEIL will resume her school in Odd Fellows building, Olympia, on the first Monday of September.

WIGGIN is said to have "got away" with about $5,000 of other folks' money during his hotel experience in Seattle

AT present prices on the overland railroad the freight carried in each car amounts to $2,400.

M. E CHURCH.—Preaching next Sunday at 11 A. M., and 7½ P. M., by Rev. A. Atwood.

SEATTLE has purchased a steam fire engine for $8,500, that will throw three streams.

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON.

[Concluded]

ARTICLE XVI.

AMENDMENTS

SECTION 1 Any amendment or amendments to this Constitution may be proposed in either branch of the legislature, and if the same shall be agreed to by two thirds of the members elected to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals, with the ayes and noes thereon, and be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their approval, at the next general election; and if the people should approve and ratify such amendment or amendments, by a majority of the electors voting thereon, the same shall become part of this Constitution, and proclamation thereof shall be made by the Governor

Provided, That, if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such a manner that the people may vote for or against such amendments separately The legislature shall also cause the amendments that are to be submitted to the people, to be published in some weekly newspaper, in every county where such newspaper is published, throughout the State

SEC. 2. Whenever two thirds of the members elected to each branch of the legislature shall deem it necessary to call a convention, to revise or amend, this Constitution they shall recommend to the electors to vote at the next general election, for or against a convention and if a majority of all the electors voting at said election shall have voted for a convention, the legislature shall, at the next session, provide by law for calling the same, and such convention shall consist of a number of members, not less than that of the most numerous branch of the legislature.

SEC. 3. Any Constitution adopted by such convention shall have no validity until it has been submitted to, and adopted by, the people

SCHEDULE

SECTION 1 That no inconvenience may arise by reason of a change from a Territorial to a State government, it is declared that actions, rights, prosecutions, judgments, decrees, claims and contracts, as well of individuals as of bodies corporate—including counties, cities, towns, schools and road districts—shall continue as if no such change had taken place, and all process which may have been issued under the authority of the Territory of Washington, previous to its admission into the Union, shall be as valid as if issued in the name of the State

SEC 2 All laws now in force in the territory of Washington, which are not repugnant to this Constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation, or are altered or repealed by the legislature.

SEC 3 All debts, fines, penalties and forfeitures, which have accrued, or may hereafter accrue, to the Territory of Washington, shall enure to the state.

SEC 4 All recognizances heretofore taken or may be taken before the change from a territorial to a state government, shall remain valid, and shall pass to, and may be prosecuted in the name of, the state, and all bonds executed to the governor of the Territory of Washington, or to any county or municipal corporation, or to any officer or court in his or its official capacity, shall pass to the state authorities and their successors in office, for the uses therein expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly, and all the estate, real, personal and mixed, and all judgments, decrees, bonds, specialties, choses in actions, and claims or debts, of whatever description, belonging to the territory of Washington, shall enure to and vest in the State of Washington, and may be sued for and recovered in the same manner, and to the same extent, by the State of Washington, as the same could have been by the Territory of Washington.

All criminal prosecutions and penal actions, which may have arisen, or which may arise, before the change from a territory to a state government, and which shall then be pending, shall be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the name of the state. All offenses committed against the laws of the Territory of Washington, before the change from a territorial to a state government and which shall not be prosecuted before such change, may be prosecuted in the name and by the authority of the State of Washington, with like effect as though such change had not taken place, and all penalties incurred shall remain the same as if this constitution had not been adopted All actions at law and suits in equity, which may be pending in any of the courts of the Territory of Washington, at the time of the change from a territorial to a state government, shall be continued, and transferred to such court of the state, having jurisdiction of the subject-matter thereof

SEC 5 All officers, now holding their office under the authority of the United States or of the Territory of Washington, shall continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until they shall be superseded by the authority of the state, and shall be entitled to receive, for services rendered the state, a compensation not greater than that theretofore received On the taking effect of this constitution, all officers thereby continued in office, shall, before proceeding in the further discharge of their respective duties, take an oath or affirmation to support this constitution All vacancies that may occur in existing offices prior to the election and qualification of officers under this constitution, shall be filled in the manner prescribed by law

SEC 6 Whenever the judge of the circuit court of any circuit, elected or appointed under the provisions of this constitution, shall have qualified in his office, the several causes then pending in the district court of the territory, within any county in such circuit, and the records, papers and proceedings of said district court, and the seal and other property pertaining thereto, shall pass into the jurisdiction and possession of the circuit court of the state for such county, and until the district courts of the territory shall be superseded in manner aforesaid, the said district courts and the judges thereof, shall continue with the same jurisdiction and powers, to be exercised in the same judicial districts respectively, as heretofore constituted under the laws of the territory Whenever any two of the judges of the circuit court, elected or appointed under the provisions of this constitution, shall have qualified in their office, the causes then pending in the supreme court of the territory, and the papers, records and proceedings of said court, and the seal and other property pertaining thereto, shall pass into the jurisdiction and possession of the supreme court of the state, and until so superseded, the supreme court of the territory, and the judges thereof, shall continue with like powers and jurisdiction as if this constitution had not been adopted,

SEC 7 The terms of office of the governor and state officers, members of the legislatnre, circuit and probate judges, circuit attorneys, and all coudty officers first elected under this constitutioe, shall commence on the seventh Monday after the first general election, and in the event that either of the persons elected shall fail to qualify within twenty days after said seventh Monday, the person receiving the next highest number of votes for such office shall take it within the next succeeding ten days, and in the event of his failure or neglect, the office shall be declared vacant and the legislature shall provide for filling the vacancy

SEC 8 Until otherwise provided by law the seals now in use in the supreme, district and probate courts of the territory, are hereby declared to be the seals of the supreme, circuit and probate courts respectively of the state The seals of municipalities and all county officers of the territory, shall be the seals of such municipalities and officers respectively under the state, until otherwise provided by law

SEC 9 When the state is admitted into the Union, the books, records, papers, and proceedings of the probate court in each county, and all causes and matters of administration pending therein, shall pass into the jurisdiction and possession of the probate court of the same county created by this constitution, and the said court shall proceed to final judgment or decree, order or other determination in the several matters and causes, as the territorial probate court might have done, if this constitution had not been adopted And until the election and qualification of the probate judges provided for in this constitution, the territorial probate judges shall act as judges of the probate courts created by this constitution, within the respective counties

SEC 10 The legislature, at its first session, shall provide for the election of all officers whose election is not provided for elsewhere in this constitution, and fix the time for the commencement and duration of their term.

SEC 11 In case of a contes of election between candidates, at the first general election under this constitution, for judges of the circuit or probate courts, or for circuit attorney, the evidence shall be taken in the manner prescribed by the Territorial laws, and the testimony so taken shall be certified to the secretary of state; and said officer, together with the governor and treasurer of state, shall review the evidence, and determine who is entitled to the certificate of election

SEC. 12 The county auditors of the several counties shall provide poll books, tally-lists, and forms of oath of office, for inspector, judges and clerks of election for the first State election under this Constitution, in the same manner as is now provided for by law The votes at the first general election under this Constitution, for the several officers who are to be elected at such election, shall be canvassed, returns made, and results determined, in the manner prescribed by the Territorial law for canvassing votes for like officers The votes cast for Governor, State officers, members of the legislature, judges for circuit and probate courts and for circuit attorneys, shall be canvassed by the county canvassing boards, in the manner prescribed by the Territorial law for canvassing votes for members of the legislative assembly, and returns shall be made to the secretary of the territory acting as secretary of state, under the same regulations as are prescribed by law for sending the abstracts of votes for delegate in congress, and the secretary, auditor and treasurer, or any two of them, on the twenty-fifth day after the election, or within ten days thereafter, shall proceed to canvass the votes and declare the result The judges and inspectors of election, who shall have been appointed by the county commissioners, of the several counties of the territory, to hold and conduct the general election next preceeding the time of holding the first general election under this Constitution, shall be and are hereby appointed judges and inspectors of the first election, as provided in section 17 in this schedule, with power to fill vacancies as provided by law,

SEC. 13 One representative in the congress of the United States shall be elected from the State at large, at the first election provided for in this Constitution, and, thereafter, at such times and places and in such manner as may be prescribed by law When a new apportionment shall be made by congress, the legislature shall divide the State into congressional districts, in accordance with such apportionment The vote cast for representative in congress, at the first election held under this Constitution, shall be canvassed, and the result determined, in the manner provided by the laws of the territory for the canvass of the vote for delegate in congress

SEC 14 The first legislature shall meet at 12 o'clock, meridian, at the seat of government, on the seventh Monday after the first general election, shall effect an organization, and thereafter the legislature shall meet biennially, at such times and places as may be provided by law

SEC. 15 Until the legislature shall otherwise provide the terms of the supreme, circuit and probate courts shall be held as is now provided by law for the supreme, district and probate courts of the territory

SEC 16 Until there shall be a new apportionment under the authority of the State, the senators and members of the house of representatives shall be apportioned among the several districts as follows

The county of Walla Walla shall constitute the first senate district

The counties of Columbia, Whitman and Stevens shall constitute the second senate district

The counties of Clarke, Skamania, Yakima and Klickitat shall constitute the third senate district

The counties of Cowlitz, Wahkiakum and Pacific shall constitute the fourth senate district

The counties of Thurston and Lewis shall constitute the fifth senate district,

The counties of Pierce, Mason and Chehalis shall constitute the sixth senate district,

The county of King shall constitute the seventh senate district.

The counties of Kitsap, Snohomish and Whatcom shall constitute the eighth senate district

The counties of Jefferson, Clallam, Island and San Juan shall constitute the ninth senate district

Each senate district shall be entitled to elect one senator

The counties of Cowlitz and Wakiahum shall elect one representative

The county of Cowlitz—one,
The county of Clark—two.
The county of Columbia—three
The counties of Klickitat and Skamania—one
The county of Lewis—one
The county of Thurston—two
The counties of Pacific and Chehalis—one
The county of Pierce—one
The counties of Pierce and Mason—one
The county of King—three
The county of Snohomish—one
The county os Kitsap—one
The counties of Kitsap and Jefferson—one.
The county of Jefferson—one
The county of Whatcom—two
The counties of Clallam and San Juan—one.
The county of Island—one
The county of Whitman—two
The county of Walla Walla—four
The county of Yakima—one
The county of Stevens—one

SEC 17 The first general election under this Constitution shall be held on the Tuesday next succeeding the sixth Monday after the admission of the State; at which there shall be elected, the Governor, Secretary of State, State treasurer, State superintendent of public instruction, judges of the circuit courts judges of the probate courts, members of the legislature, circuit attorneys, and for each county, three county commissioners, a county clerk, sheriff, treasurer, county superintendent of schools, surveyor, coroner, and all precinct officers, and no further notice of said election shall be required

SEC. 18 The legislature, at its first session, shall provide by law for the expiration of the terms of all officers first elected and qualified under this constitution, on a day designated as the commencement of the political year, *provided*, the several terms of office shall not be thereby lessened nor extended more than one political year

SEC. 19 This constitution, when enrolled and signed, shall be deposited by the president of this convention, in the office of the governor of this territory, and in the event of its adoption by the people, the governor shall send a copy thereof to the President of the United States, with the request that he submit the same to Congress, together with our request that the State of Washington be admitted into the Union There shall be sent, at the same time, a copy of the act of the Legislative Assembly of this Territory, entitled, "An Act to provide for calling a convention to frame a Constitution for a State of Washington, and submitting the same to the people for ratification or rejection;" approved November 9th, 1877, and also a certified abstract of the votes cast for and against this constitution

SEC 20 This constitution, separate article, Number 1; separate article No 2; and separate article, No 3—shall be submitted for adoption or rejection to the qualified electors of this territory, at an election to be held on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November, A. D, 1878 If the same be adopted by the said electors, it shall become the Constitution of the State of Washington On such of the ballots as are for the Constitution, shall be written or printed the words, "For Constitution," and on such as are against the Constitution, the words, "Against the Constitution;" and on such of the ballots as are in favor of separate article, No. 1, the words, "For separate article, No," and on such as are against separate article, No 1, the words, "Against separate article, No 1," and also on such ballots as are in favor of separate article, No 2, the words, "For separate article, No 2," and on such as are against separate article, No 2, the words, "Against separate article No 2;" and also on such ballots as are in favor of separate article, No 3, the words, "For separate article, No 3," and on such as are against separate article, No 3, the words, "Against separate article, No 3"

The election shall be conducted in the manner now prescribed by law for the election of delegate in Congress, and the votes counted and returned to the Secretary of the Territory, in the same manner and at the same time as are the votes for said delegate. The secretary shall canvass and certify the result to the Governor within sixty days after said election, who shall make known the result by proclamation The several elections provided for in this schedule shall be conducted according to the existing laws of this territory.

The journal of this convention shall be deposited by the President, in the office of the Secretary of the Territory

SEC 21. This constitution shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the qualified electors of the counties of Nez Perce, Idaho and Shoshone, in Idaho Territory, or that portion of them embraced in the boundaries as defined in this constitution, on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1878, for their adoption or rejection William Ewing and Hazen Squier, of Nez Perce county, J M Crooks and Frank Fenn, of Idaho county, and E H Bradley, of Shoshone county, are hereby appointed a board of commissioners, any three of whom shall constitute a quorum, and may fill any vacancy that may occur in said board, which board shall have an office at Lewiston, Idaho Territory, for the transaction of the business of said board, and shall have full authority to appoint judges and clerks in each and every precinct throughout those counties above named, for said election, and the full returns of the votes in all the precincts in those counties shall be made by the respective judges and clerks of election so appointed, under oath, to the said board of commissioners, at Lewiston, within ten days after said election, which board shall open said returns, canvass the votes and certify the result of the same, and transmit forthwith said result to the Secretary of Washington Territory, at Olympia, W T, to be canvassed at the time of canvassing the result of the vote of the people of the Territory of Washington and the separate and aggregate result of the vote in both territories made known The said board of commissioners shall give at least ten days' previous public notice of each of said elections in each and every precinct in said counties, by publication in some newspaper circulating therein, and by posting printed notices thereof at the places of holding the election The members of said board of commissioners, and the several judges and clerks of election shall severally take and subscribe an oath before some person authorized to administer oaths, to well and truly discharge the duties of their respective offices, which oaths shall be transmitted, with the returns of said election, to the said secretary

All laws in force in that portion of Idaho Territory, included within said boundaries, at the time of the admission of the state, not inconsistent with this constitution, shall continue in force until altered or repealed

All officers exercising their functions of office under the laws of Idaho Territory in that portion thereof embraced in the boundaeies defined in this constitution, when it takes effect, shall continue in office and in the exercise of their respective duties and authority until superseded by the state authorities, and shall take an oath to support the constitution of this state. The first general election for the officers designated in sections 13 and 17 of this schedule shall be conducted in every respect according to the existing laws of Idaho Territory, and returns thereof shall be made to the Secretary of the Territory of Washington acting as Secretary of State and shall be canvassed as provided in sections 12 and 13. The counties of Nez Perce, Idaho and Shoshone shall be counties of the state and shall constitute the 10th senate district They shall constitute one representative district and shall elect one member of the house of representatives, one for the county of Nez Peace, one for the counties of Nez Perce and Shoshone and one from the county of Idaho All the provisions of this schedule, in so far as they are applicable, shall apply to that portion of the Territory of Idaho and to the people thereof, incidded in the boundaries of this state The Legislature shall have power to pass laws assenting to and confirming such provisions as may be made by congress in order so the conservation of public and private rights of every kind and nature whatsoever, founded upon law or growing out of the change in the political relations of that portion of Idaho, or of the municipal divisions thereof, or of the people who may be included within the boundaries of this state The State of Washington hereby pledges its faith to pay to the Territory of Idaho the just proportion of territorial indebtedness, for which the said people, or the counties, or other municipalities shall be justly bound In the levying of taxes a separate and additional state tax of one-half mill on every dollar of assessed valuation of property within the counties of Nez Perce, Shoshone and Idaho shall be annually imposed and collected in the same manner as other taxes are collected, until an amount equal to said indebetness shall have been so collected

ORDINANCE

THE PEOPLE of the Territory of Washington together with that portion of the people of the Territory of Idaho within the boundaries as defined by this Constitution, by their delegates, in convention assembled, do ordain and declare

First.—That we adopt the Constitution of the United States as a supreme law

Second.—Perfect toleration of religious sentiment shall be secured, and no inhabitant of this State shall ever be molested in person or property on account of his or her mode of religious worship

Third.—The people of the Territory included within the boundaries of the proposed State, as set forth in this Constitution, by their delegates in convention assembled, do agree and declare, that they forever disclaim all right and title to the unappropriated public lands lying within said Territory, and that the same shall be and remain at the sole and entire disposal of the United States, that the lands belonging to persons residing without the State shall never be taxed higher than the lands belonging to residents thereof, and that no taxes shall be imposed by the state on lands or property therein, belonging to, or which may hereafter be purchased by the United States

That these three sections shall be irrevocable without the consent of the United States and the people of the State of Washington.

SEPARATE ARTICLES.

AT the time of the submission of this Constitution to the electors, for their adoption or rejection, there shall be submitted, as separate articles, the following.

SEPARATE ARTICLE, NO 1

No person, who is otherwise a qualified elector, shall be denied the right to vote in this State, on account of sex, anything in this Constitution to the contrary notwithstanding

SEPARATE ARTICLE, NO 2

No person shall be denied the right, on account of sex, to vote or hold office in this State; nor shall such right be, in any manner, abridged on account of sex.

SEPARATE ARTICLE, NO 3.

It shall be lawful for the electors of any county, municipal corporation or precinct not included within the corporate limits of any municipality, at any general election, to prohibit, by a majority vote, the sale or disposal of spirituous liquors in less quantities than one gallon, except for medicinal or mechanical purposes. And the legislature shall pass, at its first session, such laws as will carry into effect this article, if adopted

On the ballots shall be written or printed the following

"For separate article, No 1"
"Against separate article, No 1."
"For separate article, No 2."
"Against separate article, No. 2"
"For separate article, No 3."
"Against separate article, No. 3."

In case a majority of all the votes, for and against any separate article, shall be in favor of such article, the same shall become a part of the Constitution, and shall be added to the declaration of rights.

RESOLUTIONS

RESOLVED —That the congress of the United States be and is hereby requested, upon the application of Washington for admission into the Union, to grant to the State lands in lieu of the tide and school lands within the boundaries of the State, which have been heretofore or hereafter may be sold by the United States; and to extend to the State the benefits of the act of congress, passed September 28th, 1850, in relation to swamp and overflowed land; and to grant other lands as in the cases of States heretofore admitted, for a University, for public buildings, and for general purposes; and to confirm the disposition made by the Constitution of this State, of the five per centum of the sales of the public lands of the United States, and of the five hundred thousand acres of land to which the State will become entitled by virtue of the laws of congress, upon its admission

RESOLVED —That congress be requested to restrict the sales of the lands in the United States in this State to actual settlers, in limited quantities, and to provide that persons who purchased lands within railroad grants which have lapsed or have been abandoned, may enter additional land for the excess paid over $1 25 per acre, and that homestead and pre-emption settlers shall be allowed the benefit of the minimum price, and, further, that in the selection of the five hundred thousand acres of land, the State may be allowed to select the same in tracts of not less than forty acres, instead of 320 acres, as is now provided by law

WE, the undersigned, members of the convention to form a Constitution for the State of Washington, which is to be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection, do hereby declare this to be the Constitution formed by us, and in testimony thereof do hereunto set our hands, this twenty-seventh day of July *anno Domini*, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

ALEX S ABERNETHY, President.
LYMAN B ANDREWS,
CHARLES M BRADSHAW,
BENJ F. DENNISON,
EDWARD ELDRIDGE,
FRANCIS HENRY,
S M GILMORE,
WYATT A. GEORGE,
H B EMERY,
D B HANNAH,
C H LARRABEE,
OLIVER P. LACY,
ALONZO LELAND,
JAMES V. O'DELL,
GEORGE H STEWARD,
SYLVESTER M. WAIT,
W BYRON DANIELS, Secretary.

PRESENT indications are that hops will bring a good price this fall and hop-growers naturally feel elated.

THE oyster trade bids fair to bring into Olympia many thousand dollars during the coming season.

ONE "Joe" got married, this week, but the other "Joe" says he didn't. "Not for Joseph."

THE libel cases of the *Dispatch* and *Tribune* have been continued to the next term of court.

REV G. F. Whitworth and wife, have just returned from San Francisco.

The Puget Sound Courier.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING BY

C. B. BAGLEY. Editor and Proprietor.

OLYMPIA, W T.

Robby and Ruth.

BY LOUISE S UPHAM

I

Robby and Ruth strolled out, one day,
Over the meadows, beyond the town,
The robins sang, and the fields looked gay,
And the orchards dropped their blossoms down
But they took no thought of song or flower,
For this, to them, was love's sweet hour,
And love's hour is fleet,
And swift love's feet,
When a lad and a winsome lassie meet

II.

Robby and Ruth in the kirk were wed,
Ere the orchard apples began to fall,
'Till death shall part," were the words they said,
And love's pure sunlight hallowed all
Ah! never a bride more sweet and fair,
Wore orange-blooms in her sunny hair!
The maidens sung,
And the joy-bells rung
And echoed the orchards and groves among

III.

Robby and Ruth kept house together,
Till both were old and bent and gray,
And little they cared for outside weather,
For home's sweet light gilded all their way,
And many a precious nestling came
To be called by the dear old household name,
And the love that blest
When first confessed
Remained in their hearts a constant guest

IV.

Robby and Ruth grew weary at last—
Robby went first the shining way,
And when the earth on his grave was cast,
The faithful Ruth could no longer stay:
And daisy ne'er blossomed or wild-rose grew
O'er hearts more tender, leal and true!
Love's vows were sweet
When they sat at Love's feet,
And Heaven makes love itself complete

Taking Things Coolly.

Some of the many instances of extraordinary coolness in the midst of danger and otherwise that have been recorded, are here offered to our readers, together with some amusing sayings and doings When gallant Ponsonby lay greviously wounded on the field of Waterloo, he forgot his own desperate plight while watching an encounter between a couple of French lancers and one of his own men, cut off from his troop. As the Frenchmen came down upon Murphy, he, using his sword as if it were a shillelagh, knocked their lancers alternately aside again and again. Then suddenly setting spurs to his horse, he gallopod off full speed, his eager foes following in hot pursuit, but not quite neck and neck Wheeling round at exactly the right moment, the Irishman, rushing at the foremost fellow, parried his lance and struck him down. The second, pressing on to avenge his comrade, was cut through diagonally by Murphy's sword, falling to the earth without a cry or groan, while the victor, scarcely glancing at his handiwork, trotted off whistling *The Grinder*

Ponsonby's brave cavalry-man knew how to take things coolly, which, according to Colonel R P. Anderson, is the special virtue of the British man-of-war, who, having the utmost reliance in himself and his commanders, is neither easily over-excited or readily alarmed In support of his assertion, the colonel relates how two tars, *strolling up from the* Dil-Kusha Park, where Lord Clyde's army was stationed, towards the Residency position at Lucknow, directed their steps by the pickets of horse and foot Suddenly, a twenty-four pound shot struck the road just in front of them "I'm blessed, Bill," said one of the tars, "if this here channel is properly buoyed!" and on the happy-go-lucky pair went towards the Residency, as calmly as it they had been on Portsmouth Hard. During the same siege, a very young private of the 102d was on sentry, when an eight-inch shell, fired from a gun a hundred yards off, burst close to him, making a deal of noise and throwing up an immense quantity of earth. Colonel Anderson rushed to the spot. The youthful soldier was standing quietly at his post, close to where the shell had just exploded. Being asked what had happened, he replied unconcerningly. "I think a shell has bursted sir."

Towards the close of the fight of Inkermann, Lord Raglan, returning from taking leave of General Strangways, met a sergeant carrying water for the wounded The sergeant drew himself up to salute, when a round-shot came bounding over the hill, and knocked his forage cap out of his hand. The man picked it up, dusted it on his knee, placed it carefully on his head, and made the salute, not a muscle of his countenance moving the while, "A neat thing, that my man?" said Lord Raglan "Yes my lord," returned the sergeant, with another salute, "but a miss is as good as a mile" The commander was probably not surprised by such an exhibition of *sang froid*, being himself good that way. He was badly hurt at Waterloo; and, says the Prince of Orange, who was in the hospital, "I was not conscious of the presence of *Lord Fitzroy Somerest until I heard him* call out in his ordinary tone. "Hollo! Don't carry that arm away till I have taken off my ring" Neither wound nor operation had extorted a groan from his lips.

The Indian prides himself upon taking good or ill in the quietest ways, and from a tale told in Mr Marshall's *Canadian Dominion*, his civilized half brother would seem to be equally unemotional. Thanks mainly to a certain Metis or half-breed in the service of the Hudson Bay Company, a Sioux warrior was found guilty of stealing a horse, and condemned to pay the animal's value by installments, at one of the Company's forts On paying the last installment, he received his quittance from the man who had brought him to justice, and left the office. A few moments later the Sioux returned, advanced on his noiseless moccasins within a space of the writing-table, and levelled his musket full at the half-breed's head. Just as the trigger was pulled, the Metis raised the hand with which he was writing and touched lightly the muzzle of the gun, the shot passed over his head, but his hair was singed off in a broad mass. The smoke clearing away, the Indian was amazed to see his enemy still lived. The other looked him full in the eyes for an instant, and quietly resumed his writing The Indian silently departed unpursued, those who would have given chase being stopped by the half-breed with, "Go back to your dinner, and leave the affair to me".

When evening came, a few whites, curious to see how the matter would end, accompanied the Metis to the Sioux encampment At a certain distance he bade them wait, and advanced alone to the Indian tents Before one of these sat crouched the baffled savage, singing his own death hymn to the tom-tom He complained that he must now say goodby to wife and child, to the sunlight, to his gun and the chase. He told his friends in the spirit-land to expect him that night, when he would bring them all the news of their tribe He swung his body backwards and forwards as he chanted his strange song, but never once looked up—not even when his foe spurned him with his foot He only sang on and awaited his fate Then the half-breed bent his head and spat down on the crouching Sioux, and turned leisurely away—a crueler revenge than if he had shot him dead

It is not given to every one to play the philosopher, and accept Fortune's buffets and favors with equal placidity Horatios are scarce, but there are plenty of people capable of acting like Spartans where the trouble does not touch their individuality

"How can I get out of this?" asked an Englisman, up to his armpits in a Scotch bog, of a passer-by. "I dinner think ye *can* get out of it," was the response of the Highlander, as he went on his way

Mistress of herself was the spouse of the old gentleman who contrived to tumble off the ferry-boat into the Mississippi, and was encouraged to struggle for dear life by his better-half shouting "There, Samuel, didn't I tell you so? Now, then, work your legs, flap your arms, hold your breath, and repeat the Lord's Prayer, for its mighty onsartin, Samuel, whether you land in Vicksburg or eternity!"

Thoroughly oblivious of court manners was the red cloaked old Kentish dame who found her way into the tent occupied by Queen Charotte, at a Volunteer review held shortly after her coming to England, and, after staring at the royal lady, with her arms akimbo, observed "Well she's not so ugly as they told me she was!" a compliment the astonished queen grately accepted, saying, "Well, my good woman, I am very glad of that" Probably Her Majesty forgave her critic's rudeness as the outcome of rustic ignorance and simplicity.

There is no cooler man than your simple fellow While Gen. Thomas was inspecting the fortifications of Chattanooga with Gen Garfield, they heard some one shout "Hello, mister! You! I want to speak to you!" Gen Thomas, turning, found he was the "mister" so politely hailed by an east Tennessean soldier

"Well, my man," said he, "what do you want with me?"

"I want to get a furlough, mister, that's what I want," was the reply.

"Why do you want a furlough, my man," inquired the general

"Wall, I want to go home and see my wife"

"How long is it since you saw her?"

"Ever since I enlisted, nigh onto three months."

"Three months!" exclaimed the astonished commander. "Why, my good fellow, I have not seen my wife for three years!"

The Tennessean looked incredulous, and drawled out "Wall, you see, me and my wife ain't that sort"

The Postmaster-General of the United States once received an odd official communication The Raeborn postmaster, new to his duties, writing to his superior officer, "Seeing, by the regulations, that I am requested to send you a letter of advice, I must plead in excuse that I have been postmaster but a short time; but I will say if your office pays no better than mine, I advise you to give it up" To this day, that Postmaster-General has not decided whether his subordinate was an ignoramus or was quietly poking fun at him.

Spite of the old axiom about self-praise, many are of the opinion that the world is apt to take a man at his own valuation If that be true, there is a church dignitary in embryo somewhere in the young deacon, whose examining bishop felt it requisite to send for the clergyman recommending him for ordination, in order to tell him to keep that young man in check adding by way of explanation "I had the greatest difficulty, sir, to prevent him examining me!" This not to be abashed candidate for clerical honors [illegible] the American minister who treated his village congregation to one of Mr Beecher's sermons, unaware that the popular Brooklyn preacher made one of his hearers Acosting him after service Mr Beecher said "That was a fair discourse, how long did it take you to write it?"

"Oh, I tossed it off one evening," was the reply

"Indeed!" said Mr Beecher. "Well, it took me much longer than that to think out the frame work of that sermon

"Are you Henry Ward Beecher?" asked the sermon-stealer

"I am," said that gentleman

"Well, then," said the other, not in the least disconcerted, "all I have to say is, that I ain't ashamed to preach one of your sermons anywhere,"

We do not know if Colman invented the phrase, "as cool as a cucumber," but he makes the Irishman in *Heir at-Law* say "These two must be a rich man that won't lend, and a borrower, for one is trotting about in great distress, and t'other stands as cool as a cucumber" Of the two, the latter was more likely to have been intending a raid on another man's purse, for the men whose "very trade is borrowing" are usually, we might say necessarily, the coolest of the cool; like Bubb Dodington's impecunious acquaintance who, rushing across Bond street, greeted Dodington with "I'm delighted to see you, for I am wonderfully in want of a guinea"

Taking out his purse, Bubb showed that it held but half a guinea

"A thousand thanks!" cries his tormentor, deftly seizing the coin, "that will do very well for the present,' and then changed the conversation But as he turned to take leave, he inquired "By-the-by, when will you pay me that half guinea."

'Pay you? What do you mean?" exclaimed Dodington

"Mean? Why, I intend to borrow a guinea of you I have only got half, but I'm not in a hurry for t'other Name your own time, only pray keep it!" saying which, he disappeared round the corner

"John Phœnix," the American humorist being one night at a theatre, fancied he saw a friend some three seats in front of him. Turning to his next neighbor he said "Would you be kind enough to touch that gentleman with your stick?" "Certainly," was the reply, and the thing was done, but when the individual thus assaulted turned round, Phœnix saw he was not the man he took him for, and became at once absorbed in the play, leaving his friend with the stick to settle matters with the gentleman in front, which, as he had no excuse handy, was not done without considerable trouble When the hubbub was over, the victim said "Didn't you tell me to tap that man with my stick?" "Yes" 'And what did you want?" "Oh," said Phœnix, with imperturable gravity, "I wanted to see whether you *would* or not!"

"Jack Holmes," a man-about-town, living no one knew how, was once under cross-examination by a certain sergeant-at-law, who knew his man too well.

"Now, sir," said the learned gentleman, "tell the jury how you live?"

"Well," said Holmes, "a chop or a steak and on Sunday perhaps a little bit of fish, I am a very plain living man."

"You know what I mean, sir," thundered the questioner "What do you do for a living?"

'The same as you, sergeant," said the witness, tapping his forehead suggestively, "and when that fails, I do"—going through the pantomine of writing across his hand—"a little bit of stuff—the same as you again"

"My lud, I shall not ask the obtuse witness any more questions," said the angry counsel.

"Brother," said Baron Martin, "I think you had better not"

Here is a hint for our old friend the clown in the pantomine. At the burning of a provision store, the crowd helped themselves freely One man grasped a huge cheese as his share of the salvage, rising up with it he found himself face to face with a policeman, and with admirable presence of mind put the plunder into the officer's arms, saying "You had better take care of that, policeman, or some one will be walking off with it"

Equally ready to relinquish his loot when there was no help for it was a Chicago negro, caught by a poultry fancier *in the act of carrying off some of his live* stock, and challenged with "What are you doing with my chickens?" "I wuz gwine fer to fetch 'em back, boss," explained he "Dere's a nigger roun' here what's been disputin' along er me 'bout dem chickens I said dey wuz Corchin Chyniz, an' he said dey wuz Alabarmar pullets, an' I wuz jes takin' 'em roun' fer ter 'stablish my nollidge. Dey don't lay no aigs, does dey, boss? Ef dey does, I'm mighty shamed of husttin' 'em roun' Aigs is scase"

Impudently cool as the darkey was, he must yield the palm for effrontery to the Erie Railway guard, whose interview with Manager Fisk is thus related in an American paper.

"You are a conductor on the Erie, I believe?"

"Yes, sir"

"How long have you been on the road?"

"Fifteen years"

"Worth some property, I learn?"

"Some"

"Have a very fine house in Oswego? Cost you some thirty, forty or fifty thousand dollars?"

"Yes, sir"

"Some little money invested in bonds, I am told?"

"Yes, sir"

"Own a farm near where you reside?"

"Yes, sir"

"Had nothing when you commenced as conductor on our road?"

"Nothing to speak of"

"Made the property since?"

"Yes, sir"

"Been at work for no other parties?"

"No, but I have been saving money, and invested it from time to time to good advantage"

"Well, sir, what will you give to settle? Of course you cannot pretend to say you have acquired this property from what you have saved from your salary? You will not deny that you have pocketed a great deal of money belonging to the railway—at least fifty or sixty thousand dollars? Now, sir, what will you give to settle, and not be disgraced, as you certainly will be if a trial is brought, and you are compelled to give up the property you profess to own, but which in reality belongs to the Company?"

"Well, Mr. Manager, I had not thought of the matter For several years I have been running my train to the best of my ability Never looked at the matter in this light before Never thought I was doing anything wrong I have done nothing more than other conductors, tried to earn my salary and get it, and think I've succeeded I don't know that I owe the Company anything If you think I do, why, there's a little difference of opinion, and I don't want any trouble over it I have a nice family, nice father and mother, relatives all of good standing, they would feel bad to have me arrested and charged with dishonesty It would kill my wife She has every confidence in me, and the idea that I would take a penny that did not belong to me would break her heart I don't care anything for the matter myself, but on account of my family and relatives, if you won't say anything more about it, I'll give you—a dollar"—*Chambers' Journal*

Wise Items.

What is it to be wise?

"'Tis but to know how little can be known,
To see all other's faults and know our own"
—*Pope*

Be wise worldly, but not worldly wise —*Quarles*

It is right to be contented with what we have, never with what we are.—*Mackintosh.*

Virtue requires no other recompense than the tribute of self-approbation and respect.—*Cicero*

The flower which we do not pluck is the only one which never loses its beauty or its fragrance—*Alger*

Make yourself an honest man, and then you may be sure that there is one rascal less in the world—*Carlyle*

Truth is eclipsed often, and it sets for a night, but never is it turned aside from its eternal path—*W. Ware*

The beginning of faith is action, and he only believes who struggles; not he who merely thinks a question over—*Carlyle*

Who is powerful? He who can control his passion Who is rich? He who is contented with what he has.—*Jewish Saying*

Age is not all decay, it is the ripening, the swelling of the fresh life within, that withers and bursts the husk—*George Macdonald*

Chemists tell us that a single grain of the substance called iodine will impart color to seven times its weight of water It is so in higher things—one companion, one book, one habit may affect the whole life and character

As the tree is fertilized by its own broken branches and falling leaves, and grows out of its own decay, so men and nations are bettered and improved by trial, and refined out of broken hopes and blighted expectations—*F W Robertson*

SENATOR MORTON TO HIS CHILDREN—Years ago Senator Morton sent to his children a New Year's letter, which said, among other things "You can never know the depths of a mother's love—how constantly you are in her thoughts, her anxiety about you from day to day, and what sacrifices she would make for you We have been talking about you, and wondering what you are doing, and hoping you will make great progress in your studies during the year which has just come in One year is a great portion of one's lifetime Much may be done in one year in getting and fitting yourselves for the duties of life Lost time can never be recalled, and cannot be made up Each year should show a great deal learned and a great improvement in the manners and character of my dear children. My great anxiety and desire are about my little boys I am constantly wondering what they will do when they grow up to be men. Will they be learned, talented, good, prosperous and an honor to their parents and country? Such is my daily prayer. We hope you think of us, and love us, and think of your dear absent brother, who is so far away on a lonely island in the North Sea You must constantly remember him in your prayers, that he may be preserved in health, and prosperous, and be safely returned to us during the year

PHYSICIAN Put out your tongue a little further" *Patient* "Why doctor, do you think a woman's tongue has no end?" *Physician,* "An end, perhaps, madam, but no cessation."

Ways of the English.

I saw much in the manners and customs of the English people that might *be held up for imitation* But what is the use of speaking of it? Is the average American mind open to instruction by any other people or tongue under the whole heaven? And shall I not be set down as unpatriotic and snobbish, if I venture to eulogize England and the English? Even so But that does not alter the fact I do not want to change our political or religious institutions they are the result of the ripest experience and the concentrated wisdom of preceding ages But as in reforming the Church from Romanism the leaders rejected some good things for the sake of casting out more than that was evil, so we in our revolution have revolved so far as to regard our own ways the only good ways, and all that we left behind us as positively evil and intolerable

The more communion we have with England, the better we will esteem the people and their institutions If happiness were an object, which it is not, it were just as easy to find it in Old England, as in New England, in Yorkshire as in New York. There is more and higher culture in the fields and in the homes of the wealthy English than in any other country among people of the same social class, and to mingle with the intelligent English people, in their "tight little isle," is one of the highest pleasures of foreign travel

They are not accessible They have a reserve which they suppose to be dignity They get it from the existence of an aristocracy, and every man, whether born into the charmed circle or not, wishes to *be exclusive, that he may appear* unto men to be something more than he is But that reserve melts in a minute when he comes into social contact with a brother man It is a foible of Englishmen, as familiarity is a fault of our people

An English gentleman introduced himself to me at the hotel where we met, and the few hours of my stay were made very pleasant by his agreeable company Learning that I was to visit the part of the country in which was his residence, he insisted upon my going to his house, though he would not be there, that his family might have the pleasure, &c And he made a point of it wrote to his family *that I was coming, and when I called* for a moment at the door, I was received as a friend, and they were positively disappointed when I declined to stay and enjoy their hospitality Such is not an isolated case Another English gentleman did just the same thing These are in proof that behind that thick coat of dignified reserve there are just as warm, genial and generous souls among English men as in every other land where Christian civilization reigns—*Dr S I Prime in the Observer*

Gambetta's Good Luck.

Gambetta now has the rare good fortune of being set up as the target of radical abuse The great grievance of these extreme thinkers is that he has not seen fit to bring forward in the Assembly an amnesty bill in favor of certain enthusiasts and fanatics who are now serving out their terms in New Caledonia. The *Droits de'l Homme,* for instance, charges that he now represents nothing but the tameness and platitude of that *bourgeoisie* whose premature caducity is incarnated in the Chamber at Versailles He is a man without genius, he is a vulgar heart Without genius, because he has shown his utter ignorance of the people, their wants, aspirations, and hopes A vulgar heart, because he has been able to offer the France of Voltaire, Danton, and Barbes nothing but mean and paltry combinations The consequences of the recent conflict prove that he is merely an audacious adventurer, who has played with the future of his country like a man would play at chess who knows nothing of the first elements of the game. How much longer is M. Gambetta to be allowed to display his incapacity before the Republicans estimate him at his proper valuation? How much longer will they persist in seeing in this comedian the predestined man of our modern democracy?" Attacks of this sort increase Gambetta's political influence, which is already over-mastering He is no longer the champion of Belleville or Paris, but of France. At the banquet of the Cercle National a fortnight ago he made this declaration "The reserve and strength of our future is to be found in our agricultural and rural populations It is because we are a people of peasants, a people of laborers, a people of small proprietors, a saving people, because we rest upon universal suffrage, which is the law for all, that our country is able to weather all political storms, maintaining ever the great and fecund principle on which French society hinges—equality"—*N. Y Tribune.*

Men's Manner Towards Women.

A vigorous writer suggests that the lamentable change which has come over the manner of gentlemen towards ladies may be due to the decay of fine manners in women Morally, he thinks, women are as good as they ever were, but many of them have become excessively familiar with men This fact makes it difficult for men to preserve towards all women that fineness of manner which marks manly respect for true womanhood

It is not every man who is, like Thackeray's Col Newcome—that "brother of girls," to use an Arab's epithet—whose respect for woman, as woman, was so inbred that he took off his hat when spoken to by an abandoned female

Other causes for this decay the writer finds in the independence of certain women, and in the neglect of another class to express their appreciation of little attentions Why should a man hand a woman a chair who tells him, "I can get it myself?" Should he not take her at her word? Why should he rise when she rises, when she does not acknowledge the attention? He may be tired, or it may be inconvenient Why should a gentleman put himself out for an independent or a thankless woman?

That is the writer's way of putting it—and the inferences are legitimate, seeing that men are not martyrs, who sacrifice themselves from a love of self-immolation?

Young women in whom these bad habits have not permanently located themselves, ought to reflect that few men are likely to offer attentions to masculine women, or women who never say, "Thank you," nor are they apt to be deferential to women who are themselves indifferent to decorum If a lady does not exact deference, she will not receive it

The woman to whom comes the sudden reflection, 'He didn't behave towards me as a *gentlemen should towards a lady!*" should certainly ask herself, "Has my conduct towards him been that of a well-bred lady?"

The corruption of the best is the most *pernicious in its effect*

I'm glad to say that our child is a generous little body The other day her grandmother gave her a cent to buy herself some candy As she was going out, she discovered a little beggar-boy on the front steps She looked down on the ground, apparently lost in thought Finally, with the sweetest smile on her beautiful face, she stepped up to the child, and, laying her hand on his shoulder, said, in a gentle tone, "Here, little boy, take this cent, and go and buy yourself a suit of clothes and some dinner.—*Independent.*

Getting Back to White People.

In Mr Stanley's forthcoming record of his African travels he thus describes his impressions on drawing near the west coast and seeing white faces for the first time in many long months

We had gradually descended some five hundred feet along declining spurs when we saw a scattered string of hammocks appearing, and gleams of startling whiteness, such as were given by fine linen and twills A buzz of wonder ran along our column Proceeding a little further we stopped, and in a short time I was face to face with four white—ay, truly white men! As I looked into their faces I blushed to find that I was wondering at their paleness Poor pagan Africans—Rwoma and Dzinji, and man eating tribes of the Livingstone! The whole secret of their wonder and curiosity flashed upon me at once What arrested the twanging bow and the deadly trigger of the cannibals? What but the weird pallor of myself and Frank! In the same manner the sight of the pale-faces of the Embomma merchants save me the slightest suspicion of an involuntary shiver The pale color after so long gazing on rich black and richer bronze, had something of an unaccountable ghastliness I could not divest myself of the feeling that they must be sick, yet, as I compare their complexions to what I now view, I should say they were olive, sunburnt, black Yet there was something very self possessed about the carriage of these white men It was grand, a little self-pride mixed with cordiality I could not remember just then that I had witnessed such bearing among any tribe throughout Africa They spoke well, also, the words they uttered hit the sense pat, without gesture, they were perfectly intelligible How strange! It was quite delightful to observe the slight nods of the head, the intelligent facial movements were admirably expressive They were completely clothed and neat also, I ought to say immaculately clean Jaunty straw hats, colored neck-ties, patent leather boots, well cut white clothes, virtually clean! I looked from them to my people, and then I fear I felt almost like being grateful to the Creator that I was not black as they, and that these finely dressed, well spoken whites claimed me as friend and kin Yet I did not dare to place myself upon an equality with them as yet The calm blue and gray eyes rather awed me, and the immaculate purity of their clothes dazzled me I was content to suppose myself a kind of connecting link between the white and the African for the time being

AN EXCELLENT WAY OF PRESERVING STRAWBERRIES—Select the largest and finest strawberries Having removed the green tops, weigh the strawberries, and allow to each pound a pound of the best double-refined loaf sugar, finely powdered Divide the sugar into two equal portions. Put a layer of strawberries into the bottom of a preserving-kettle, and cover them with a layer of sugar, then a layer of strawberries, then a layer of sugar, until half the sugar is in Next set the kettle over a moderate fire, and let it boil slowly, till all the sugar is melted Then put in, gradually, the remainder of the sugar, and after it is all in, let it boil hard *for five minutes, taking* off the scum with a silver spoon, but there will be little or no scum if the sugar is of the very best quality Afterwards remove the kettle from the fire, and take out the strawberries very carefully in a spoon Spread out the strawberries on large, flat dishes, so as not to touch each other, and set them immediately in a cold place on ice Hang the kettle again on the fire and give the syrup one boil up; skimming it, it necessary Place a fine strainer over the top of a mug or pitcher, and pour the syrup through it Then put the strawberries into glass jars or tumblers; pour into each an equal portion of the syrup. Lay at the top a round piece of white paper dipped in brandy Seal the jars tightly

Raspberries may be preserved as above Also large, ripe gooseberries To each pound of gooseberries allow a pound and a half of sugar

CURRANT JAM—Pick from stems and wash thoroughly with the hands, put into a preserving kettle, and boil fifteen or twenty minutes, stirring often, and skimming off any scum that may arise; then add sugar in the proportion of three-fourths of a pound of sugar to one pound of fruit, or, by measure, one coffee-cup of sugar to one pint of mashed fruit, boil thirty minutes longer, stirring almost constantly When done, pour in small glasses or jars, and either seal or secure, like jelly, by first pressing paper cut to fit the glasses down close on the fruit, and then larger papers brushed on the inside with white of eggs, with the edges turned down over the outside of the glass

WESTERN CYCLONES—Our recent severe hail-storms in New England, are so completely put in the shade by the doings of the winds in the West, in Wisconsin in particular, that they hardly deserve to be mentioned at the same time The visitation in and near Madison was almost unprecedented since the settlement of the country Fifty persons were killed outright, and large numbers were maimed in various ways What should so suddenly precipitate a wind-storm like that upon an unsuspecting population the students of such phenomena must be *at a loss to explain* Unless there is a falling off in the number and severity of them, people may be naturally warned off from migrating thither with a view to settle in that country The stories of the suffering caused are some of them absolutely terrifying We occasionally have our severe storms here, but they do not usually carry horses and cattle an hundred feet into the air—*Mass Ploughman*

A MONKEY STORY—One of the best monkey stories we have seen is contained in London *Nature* A brave, active, intelligent terrier, belonging to a lady, one day discovered a monkey belonging to an itinerant organ-grinder, seated upon a bank within the grounds, and at once made a dash for him The monkey, who was attired in jacket and hat, awaited the onset with such undisturbed tranquility that the dog halted within a few feet of him to reconnoitre Both animals took a long, steady stare at each other, but the dog evidently was recovering *from* his surprise, and about to make a spring for the intruder At this critical juncture, *the monkey,* who had remained perfectly quiet hitherto, raised his paw and gracefully saluted by lifting his hat The effect was magical, the dog's head and tail dropped, and he sneaked off and entered the house, refusing to leave it until he was satisfied that his polite but mysterious guest had departed

In answer to the question, "Why are farmers so liable to rheumatism?" the *Science of Health says* Because they wear wet clothing, heat and suddenly chill the body, overeat after very hard work, and because they do not keep the skin in a vigorous, healthy condition If farmers would avoid suddenly cooling the body after great exertion, if they would be careful not to go with wet clothing and wet feet, and if they would not overeat when in an exhausted condition, and bathe daily, using much friction, they would have less rheumatism

REBUKE with soft words and arguments

Royalty's Vicissitudes.

THE UPS AND DOWNS OF THE MURAT FAMILY

A certain quiet, retired, elderly gentleman, with large black eyes and swarthy complexion, dressed in almost youthful costume, and always decorated with the cross of the Legion of Honor, has of late been missed by those who used to meet him in his daily walk on the Paris boulevards Few who thus passed him were aware that he was a prince, and that he was the last son of the "beau sabreur" of the First Empire, and the nephew of the great Napoleon himself The Bonaparte family in all its branches, has been remarkable for many things, in nothing more so than in the strange and often sudden vicissitudes of fortune that its scions have undergone It would be hard to name a single child or grandchild of the Sieur Charles Bonaparte and his wife Letitia, who has led other than a troubled and uncertain career, and not the least stormy and changing was the life of *Prince Lucien Murat, who died a* few weeks ago at Paris The world tossed him about from luxury to want, and from want to prosperity again, and he, like his dashing, big-hearted, vain, and valiant father, was certainly a favorite shuttlecock of Fate.

Joachim Murat's career affords material for a story-book as entertaining as that of Whittington, Lord-Mayor of London, or of Prince Caniche When he had married Caroline Bonaparte, and gloried in the title of "King of the Two Sicilies," and was holding an amusing extravagant and gorgeous state at Naples, the "beau sabreur" never forgot his humble origin, and no doubt the better enjoyed his brief season of royal power, by the contrast which the memory of his hard-working boy-hood provoked In one of the royal reception rooms, visitors were surprised to see, lying on a velvet cushion covered with a glass case, an old, worn, postillion's whip, and, when, King Joachim remarked their expression of astonishment, he would toss his head merrily and exclaim, "That is what I came from!" From the cozy little Provencal inn where his father offered entertainment to man and beast, where he himself used to deal out the "wine of the country" *and the cheap omelets, and* where, a little later, he acted as a postilion to local diligences, to legal rank and power, was certainly a transition to be proud of and boasted of, and we may be sure that the rollicking, great-voiced Joachim never failed, when occasion offered, to point the moral of his rise He was as vain, too, of being the husband of the lovely Caroline Cæsar's favorite sister, as of being the occupant of a throne contended for by Spain, Austria, and France, for many a century

But Joachim had his ups and downs, like all the brothers in-law of the "Corsican orge" After Waterloo even his brisk logs scarcely saved him from a dire fate at Naples, and his fickle subjects, after having almost worshipped him for his generosity, his free ways with everybody, his dazzling showiness, burly good-nature, would probably have shot him at the nearest corner, had he not made haste to get out of their clutches That was, indeed, *his fate at last, for,* when he returned with a band of bravos to retake Naples, he was caught and executed with short shrift He left two healthy boys to run the gauntlet of a world that delighted to make sport of all whose blood had a Bonapartist mixture The elder, Achille, who was rather fondly spoken of by the Parisians as "le Gros Achille," was as well known at all the lounging-places of the Capitol a few years ago, as the padded and painted "diamond Duke" of Brunswick, or at that wonderful octogenarian fop, Auber, a great, lazy, good-natured old fellow, who kept clear of politics, and ate prodigiously, and consorted generally with everybody that liked good living, the drama, and the siren cocotterie of Paris The other Lucien, had a far rougher experience Bandied about from place to place with his exiled mother, he seized the idea of making free America his home, and the first thing he knew, he was shipwrecked on the Spanish coast, to be there clapped into prison by the jealous Bourbon, as the son of a usurper of a Bourbon throne As soon as he was released, he came to the United States, studied law, and put out his sign But nobody wanted a prince for a lawyer, and he would have starved if it had not been for his energetic English wife, who opened a young ladies, boarding-school. As soon as the Revolution of 1848 once more opened the portals of France to the exiled Bonapartes, Lucien returned, to become a deputy, then, under his cousin, the Prince-President, an embassador He had his share of the good things of the Second Empire, but relapsed into obscurity *when the sun of* the empire set again at Sedan, enjoying, however, something of ease in his later days, and finally dying at a good old age, in his bed Happily for him, the foes of the Napoleons were not in the least afraid of the Murats, and while other scions of the adventurous house have been refused home on their native soil, the harmless Lucien, like the fat and jovial Achille, was able to feast on the sweetnesses of Parisian life to the end—*Appleton's Journal*

United States Treasury.

The end of the fiscal year for the U S Treasury makes a comparison with a year ago interesting. The public debt was reduced during the year $24,371,391, against $39,281,121 during the fiscal year ending July 1, 1877 The coin balance of the Treasury $197,415,132, against $115,122,743 then, or, less coin-certificates issued to the owners of coin left for safe keeping with the Treasury, $151,585,532, against $73,549,873 on July 1, 1877 The legal-tender note circulation was $346,681,016 (which, in view of recent legislation must be excepted as the minimum for the future), against $359,764,332, a year before The fractional currency was reduced during the year from $20 403,137 to $16,547,760, and the silver coin outstanding was increased from $33,088,813 to $39,057,083 The special legal-tender note fund for the redemption of fractional currency, was filled up from $7,963,213 to $10,000,000 While the changes are for the most part satisfactory, they are not nearly so favorable as they might have been, or would have been *except for the* pernicious effect of the silver agitation on our credit, as shown by the return of bonds from Europe—a movement which was at flood-tide early in April The foreign trade of the country for the first eleven months of the fiscal year was *favorable* in a marvelous degree for the improvement of the Treasury finances The exports of domestic merchandise amounted to $647,948,000, while the imports of foreign goods were valued at $401,420,000, leaving an excess of $245,528,000, the excess for the corresponding time in the preceding fiscal year furnished the Treasury with an opportunity for putting the currency on a gold basis such as seldom comes even in the lifetime of a nation. As it was, it prevented the country from being well-nigh ruined by the blundering course of legislation on silver, and permitted the improvements noted.

AN Indiana man stopped his paper because it had not contained a circus advertisement for three years.

Can the Indian Be Civilized?

American people are apt to think that our civilization is a thing so simple in its character, so manifestly beneficial in its effects, that contact only is needed to *make the barbarian desirous of embracing it* Consequently, it is the opinion of a large class of citizens, that if the right course was taken with the Indian, he might soon be made a useful and educated member of society It is true that after two hundred years of labor and a vast expenditure of money the red man remains now as ignorant of the laws controlling a respectable white community, and as far from becoming a civilized being, as the day of the landing of the pilgrim fathers

A recent writer upon the Indian subject attempts to account for this First, the tribal relation yet in full force retards progress because it perpetuates barbarous customs As individuals, the red men are entirely different both mentally and morally from their white brethren, and the attempt to engraft the modes of thought of the latter upon natures so radically opposed, must be attended with the greatest difficulty The change must be made from the very beginning of things with them, and can only be the result of persistent individual effort, even if it is possible at all The idea which many have entertained of transforming in a few years a tribe of wandering nomads, accustomed to the greatest freedom of action, into a race of agriculturalists is a manifestly absurd one, since beside the entire change of habits, the very memory of their old barbarous traditions and customs must needs be swept away

The Indian has not the slightest idea of a definite law to control his actions He is entirely governed by his own passions, and his whole life has a tendency to increase their strength Indeed he does all that he can to brutalize himself, and boasts of his success as the white man boasts over difficulties overcome, that have laid in the way of his progress

Again, his religion is full of superstitious observances which do not tend to elevate him mentally and morally He does not seem to be capable of comprehending the tenets of Christianity, although expressing sometimes a willingness to receive them and be baptized He does not appear able to grasp the property idea, of earning and possessing individual wealth, which is one of the foundation stones of American civilization

The laborers in the Indian missions express a great deal of disappointment at the result of their work, claiming that as soon as their direct and personal influence is withdrawn, the converted savage slinks at once back into his former state of besotted ignorance, "the schools languish, the cultivated fields are abandoned," and nothing, or next to nothing remains of all the work that has been done Even the Indian youth who have been taken from their surroundings and given a college education, do not acquire permanent civilized habits which enable them to become influential educators in their tribes

These are all facts and discouraging ones, and yet they do not by any means prove that this people may not be civilized Generations of the influence of white persons of high moral character and steady purposes, fixed abodes and settled laws, a thorough training of the children in civilized customs and observances, the breaking up of the tribal relations, all of these things persevered in would settle the question of possible Indian civilization They have never been perseveringly tried The Indian policy has had but vague and unsatisfactory results, and it will continue to have until a decided change, inaugurating a better method of procedure, is begun and continued long enough to give time for new habits to take deep and permanent root among the whole race of savages—*Toledo Blade*

SEA-BEAN jewelry is becoming popular in the North These beans are found in quantities at Key West, and on this island also They are of a beautiful cherry-red color, with a deep black dividing line, and are susceptible of a very high polish They are, no doubt, misnamed sea-beans, and are probably floated to the gulf shores from more tropical climes, where they have floated down streams into the salt water, which hardens them A representative of a large jewelry firm in Baltimore is in the city with an order to purchase a couple of bushels of Galveston sea-beans—*Galveston (Texas) News*

THE Japanese, instead of spending their time in listening to a long sermon, march decorously to the temple where their priests are performing service, throw in a printed prayer and a little money, and go about their business with a self-satisfied conscience

Bonaparte's Manners.

"The "Recollections of the Marquis de Beauregard," a French nobleman of the last century, contains the following description of Bonaparte's manners.

Generally the speeches of Bonaparte were *lucid and sparkling,* they were concise, vigorous, full of power and sense, but wanting in feeling. The impression excited by this young man was a painful admiration, the mind was dazzled by the superiority of his talents, but the heart felt oppressed

There was not to be *found in him* any trace of that generous magnanimity that forestalls confidence, and forms the most beautiful feature in the character of heroes

Among the personages met in the different scenes just described, Bonaparte alone seemed to possess the habits and easy air given by frequenting society His smooth auburn hair was dressed in a queue, it was not powdered, and hung very low over his forehead and the sides of his face His eyes were red with fatigue.

He had the smooth, sallow coloring that physiologists state to belong to melancholy temperaments, and is, in their opinion, an index of the greatest powers of mind Lastly, as said before, he was quite destitute of gentleness of grace His actions and words always bore the impress of a harsh arrogance, making his superiority always felt, but by making others ill at ease

As he was going away, Marquis Henry somewhat happily expressed the painful feeling he had experienced "General," was his departing speech, "why cannot men love you as much as they are compelled to esteem and admire you?"

AN INTELLIGENT MARE—A liveryman on West Madison street, Chicago, says the *Times,* owns a mare which hates a policeman as the devil hates holy water, The animal is naturally vicious, but her particular dislike to the knights of the mace originated in this wise While being driven along State street, some two years ago, the mare *perceiving that the* lines were a little slack, made a sudden dash through the crowd into Madison street, knocking pedestrians right and left She encountered an obstacle in the shape of a big policeman, who applied his club to her "snoot" in a vigorous manner, causing her to sit down on her tail The intelligent beast seemed to notice that the chap who clubbed her wore blue clothes and brass buttons, and ever since then the sight of one of those fellows throws her into a rage, and she drops her head and goes for him. She has become so rabid of late that whenever she is taken out of the stable she imagines it is for the purpose of turning her loose after the police force, and as she darts away, she keeps her eyes peeled for the 'peelers" Her owner says she is getting so bad that he is afraid to hire her out to a stranger

A GOOD HORSE—"Wind," says an old horseman," is the grand secret of a fast horse. Good lungs will cover a multitude of faults, while on the other hand, perfection of shape and form are useless when the wind is out. The chest, therefore, in all cases, should be large and capacious In shape it may vary somewhat, according to the service to which the horse is to be put If he is apt to be kept for slow work and heavy drawing, the chest may be nearly circular in form, because this shape is one of strength and bulk, to receive and bear up against the pressure of the collar, while, at the same time, sufficient room is secured for that expansion of the lungs caused by slow, regular work But if the chest is circular, let it be at the same time deep, or else the lungs may be cramped A horse with a shallow chest is worthless for any purpose The rule then is this: For a draught horse, a circular but deep chest; but, as you pass through the different degrees of speed up to the racer and trotter, the chest will increase in depth, compared to its roundness, until, for the highest race of speed, you must take a chest as deep as a greyhound, and at the same time not lacking in strength."—*Prairie Farmer.*

A KENTUCKIAN wrote the following note to his local paper "Sir—I notice a few errors in the obituary of myself which appeared in your paper on Wednesday last I was born in Greenup county, not in Caldwell, and my retirement from business in 1860 was not owing to ill-health, but to a little trouble I had in connection with a horse. The cause of my death was not small-pox."

The higher up men go the more imperative becomes the necessity that they should live on, every high impulse, every feeling of self-esteem, every sense of dignity and worth, in mankind, calls out for immortality Do you say that calling out for it is not evidence of it?

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Paris Letter.

HOTEL DE L' ATHENEE, PARIS, }
JUNE 21, 1878. }

There is nothing serious in the violent writing of the reactionist press, which predicts like a weather almanac, terrible catastrophes for France about the autumnal equinox, because the nation has decided to govern by itself, rather than a right-divine king or emperor. The spectacle for even a stranger is still very painful to witness; defeated politicians in their rage denouncing their country before the world, as the responsible agent for the attempts on the life of the Emperor William. To find even a weak parallel, it would be necessary to go back to the days of the First Republic, to *emigres*, and the Duke of Brunswick's proclamation, refusing people the right to select the form of government that may please them best There is another explanation for this childish display of war paint and feathers Of the seventy-five Senators to be re-elected at the close of the year, forty belong to that group of reactionists, whose sole aim and labor have been to obstruct the settling down of the Republic, and prevent all reforms from being effected, so that the honor and glory of the ameliorations could not be carried to the credit of the present constitution As the parliament will be prorogued till October, the legal measures for the senatorial elections will allow the condemned no time for twelfth hour repentance The nation is more and more being attached to the Republic. The present intrigues are of no importance, it is a conspiracy of moribunds, and quite worthy of being set to *Mene Angot* music. There will be no more coups d' etat at home, the play is too perilous, and there will be no monarchial crusades on the part of Europe, against the most tranquil and prosperous portion of the continent—Republican France

Last Monday there were 199,000 visitors registered at the Exhibition, there would have been 15,000 more, only the supply of tickets ran short, an unpardonable negligence on the part of the public, to leave till their arrival at the Palace, the purchasing of their tickets, the consequence was, that many persons had to return to the city to purchase tickets The greatest number of visitors during 1867, was 172 000, and we are not yet in "the height of the season." Why this popular success? Because the native aristocracy and the monarchists, surly from being politically out in the cold, have taken the resolution to keep aloof from the Great Show. This is a perfect example of cutting off the nose to vex the face The immense crowd on Monday had room enough; they tramped, above all to the English section, where not being a Sunday, exhibits were no longer *en chemise*. The Canadian trophy, chronically on the point of being inaugurated, had gaping thousands, to admire the gigantic specimens of the Dominion's natural products, most effectively arranged, thanks to the excellent judgment and taste of those zealous officials, Professor Selwyn and Dr. May, whom I have to personally thank for their urbanity and painstaking readiness to communicate all required information. The enormous sections of woods call up California Big Tree reminiscences The blocks of coal, of plumbago, the monster apples, the seducing furs, etc, indicate that the Dominion flows with a peculiar, but valuable, milk and honey In the corners of this trophy court, are exhibits of Australian produce, wools, ores, woods, wines, preserves etc That of Victoria is not only striking from its look of robust plenty and richness, but also from its remarkable artistic arrangement, due to Mr. Savile Grant, member of the Australian Commission

The Prince of Wales, "multiplies himself" in the energetic assistance he lends to the administration of the exhibition A few hours after his arrival on Saturday last, he delivered an address to the assembled British class-jurors, preparatory to their commencing their associated work. He spoke well, and did not appear fatigued after his night journey; he seems to be at home on the road. His able right-hand man, Mr. Cunliffe Owen, had all papers etc ready the following Monday morning, at the Corps Legislatif, and meet their international colleagues, as invited. The English and American jurors were up to time, but not a French or an Italian juryman put in an appearance The Latin race seem to be weak in business punctuality.

General Grant left Paris last Friday for Brussels, where he will stay one day. On Sunday he will reach Hague where a reception will be given him. From the Hague he will go to Amsterdam, Hanover, Hamburg and Copenhagen, where he will be the guest of his brother-in-law, Minister Cramer. Thence he will go to Norway and Sweden, and then visit Russia, going by way of Stockholm and Helsingfors to St Petersburg. From Russia he will return through Austria, Bavaria, and Switzerland to Paris, which he expects to reach by the end of October. The General intends to spend the winter in Europe and to return to the United States by way of India next year

A meeting of American gentlemen took place at the Legation on Friday last for the purpose of discussing and determining upon a fit way of celebrating the coming anniversary of the Fourth of July. *It was decided that* the celebration should take the form of a *fete chamfetre* with music, dancing, and fireworks, to be held at the Pre Catalan, in the Bois de Boulogne A committee of five members was selected by ballot as follows: Dr. W. E. Johnson, Dr. T W Evans, Mr. James Phalen, Mr W Seligman, and Mr J H Harjes. The American Minister, Secretary Witt, the Consul-General, and Commissioner-General MacCormick, were added as honorary members.

LOUIS

HOW TO RISE IN THE WORLD.—In 1855 a young gentleman registered his name in the largest hotel in the city of Louisville, Ky. He had a pretty good wardrobe, such as young men usually have, including a gold watch and chain. He was in search of occupation At the expiration of two weeks he took an inventory of his personal effects. 'Out of money and no business" He had a brief interview with the proprietor of the hotel. His trunk of clothing was left as security for his board bill; he hypothecated his watch for the loan of ten dollars, and having kissed the tip end of his fingers to a kind and sympathetic landlord, he "went diving for the bottom" He found "bottom" on Water street, where a steamer was being discharged of cotton by Dutchmen, negroes and Yankees Having purchased a heavy pair of boots, a blue shirt and overalls, he commenced rolling and piling cotton at the rate of five cents per bale In three weeks he was promoted to the position of "maker," with a salary of *forty-five* dollars per month, and at the expiration of nine months he had a right to grow mellow over a salary of one hundred and twenty-five dollars per month. To-day this gentleman is one of the largest business operators in the city

"Is cheap rum poisoned?" asks the New York *World*. The fact that the editorial staff of the *World* is still alive, pretty strongly indicates that it is not.

Intelligence Items.

St. Petersburg has 68,000 houses

Americans consume twice as much salt as the British

The business firms of the Black Hills number 2,000

Sixty thousand troops are garrisoned in Paris at present

Barnum's circus recently took $98,000 in twenty-three days

This country used up 1,207,464 barrels of lager beer, last year

Tea chests, for use in China, are to be manufactured in Middleboro, Mass

The Greeks kept no cats They domesticated the weasel, and with it hunted vermin

The Lorillards pay the government $4,000,000 annually as a tax upon tobacco.

Queen Victoria has reigned forty-one years, only three years less than Queen Elizabeth.

London is to have a new bridge over the Thames to cost something like $10,000,000

America spends $700,000,000 annually on strong drinks, England, with 6,000,000 less of population, $765,000,000

America has sent over 400 missionaries to Turkey and spent $5,000,000 in efforts to convert the Turks to Christianity.

In and about Lyons, France, 200,000 women and girls work from eleven to thirteen hours a day for an average of forty cents

Between twenty and thirty persons have been arrested in various German towns for expressing regret at the failure of Nobeling to kill the emperor

There is a class of fifteen Indians at Hampton They have been studying there only a short time, but show good capacity They are from twenty to twenty six years old, and belong to the Arapahoe, Cheyenne and Kiowa tribes

There is an association in Paris of men who are called the "Guardian Angels." They frequent drinking places, but are *total abstinence men* Their vocations is to carry drunken men to their homes It is stated that they care for the money of the drunkards, and a case of dishonesty was never known They exact a small fee from the unfortunates whom they help

Gems of Thought.

Wherever man is, there is sorrow.

Not to have great griefs is not to have great manhood

The violet grows low and covers itself with its own tears, and of all flowers yields the sweetest fragrance. Such is humility.

Small beginnings lead to the mightiest consequences For those who desire to be good the great things to attend to are the little things

Charity is never lost, it may be of no service to those it is bestowed upon, yet it ever does a work of beauty and grace upon the giver's heart.

A great poet or painter has usually a life of suffering, for great thoughts and capabilities born to the ideal and beautiful come only through pain

Religion is a giant's heart and a giant's purpose put into every day life, broadening a man's shoulders and enlarging his purpose, making him wise beyond himself

Our innocent instincts and appetites, if not duly kept in subjection to reason and conscience, are capable of being abused to our serious injury, and eventually to our destruction —*Bush*

Truth from goodness is soft and gentle, falsehood from evil, is hard and fierce, hence the origin of hard and bitter speeches Goodness of disposition manifests itself by gentleness and sweetness, by gentleness, in that it is afraid to do hurt, and by sweetness, in that it loves to do good —*Swedenborg*

No thought, no word, no act of man ever dies. They are as immortal as his own soul. He will be sure to find them again somewhere. Somewhere in this world he will meet their fruits in part, somewhere in the future life he will meet their gathered harvests It may, and it may not, be a pleasant one to look upon

A correspondent wants to know if it is really true that car-wheels are made of paper We can assure him that it is. The paper is subject to enormous pressure and inclosed between thin plates of iron. Such wheels are found to have extraordinary elasticity and endurance, and are coming to be much used, not only in this country but in Europe The latest novelty in use for paper appears to be for chimney-pots. They are made in Breslau, and are light and durable Before the paper pulp *is molded and compressed* into the required shape it is treated with chemicals which render it non-inflammable Specimens of the paper and cloth made from the California cactus were recently exhibited before the Maryland Academy of Sciences The cactus grows abundantly in many of the Western States and Territories, and it is found on arid soil where nothing can be cultivated. The success that has been met with in making paper from this plant is so marked that the business will probably be attempted on a large scale.—*Chicago Ledger*.

THE PHONOGRAPH —*The following description* of the machine will be found interesting An iron base, one foot by two in size, has at each end an iron rest In these rests lie an axle On the axle is a cylinder, the surface of which is cut into a fine screw *The cylinder is turned* by a handle About opposite the middle point of the cylinder, and fastened to the base, is a post, attached to which is the vibrator This last consists of *a funnel*-shaped mouth-piece, at the smaller end of which is *a diaphragm* On the under side of the diaphragm is a needle The vibrator is so adjusted that when one speaks into it the point of the needle, which of course follows the diaphragm, indents a sheet of foil spread upon the screw-faced cylinder When a person has spoken into the vibrator, and the foil has been indented, a funnel of the ordinary trade size is held over the vibrator The cylinder is turned back, and instead of the vibrator indenting the foil, the indented foil is made to vibrate the diaphragm. The sounds thus reproduced are magnified by the funnel, and made audable—*Chicago Ledger*

Two brothers lived in a village in Jersey. They were twins, and their extraordinary resemblance to each other caused many queer mistakes The following story is told of them An Irishman was offended by one of the brothers, and was a long time watching his opportunity for revenge The twins were constantly together, and, although Pat was pretty well able to manage one, he considered that the whipping of both together was a luxury he could *not* afford to indulge in At last, however, he met one of them alone, but was not quite sure that he had the right man He determined to inquire into the matter "Is that you?" said he, "or are you only your brother?" The fellow, taking in the situation, answered, "Oh, I'm only my brother." "Then it's well for you it isn't yourself that's in it," said Pat, as he walked off with a clear conscience.

Flirting.

I was spending a few weeks at a country hotel in a beautiful country town, to be near my dear old friend, Mrs Morton. Besides being dear and old, she was very odd, and always invited her friends to be her guests by paying their bills at the hotel next door to her She said she couldn't bear to have folks see her eat, and if strangers were in the house at night, she lay awake fearing they would have fits One old gentleman did, and frightened her nearly out of her senses

I always spent the time between meals and the evenings in her large, low, homelike parlor, and then betook myself to my cosey room at Mr. Harriman's.

One day so many gentlemen appeared at the table where only maiden ladies and a few summer boarders were usually seen, that I inquired the cause from my pretty next neighbor, who, with her equally pretty cousin, was staying with her grandparents at the house

"Why, it's court-week," said Miss Netty "Isn't it lovely to see so many nice-looking men at the table? I told Molly that if we didn't daily take our walks abroad to keep up our knowledge, we should be calling gentlemen Miss and Mrs by the time winter set in I thought when that one young man appeared with that last invoice of old maids, that I could realize the feeling of the women of Fayal—isn't it?—who treasure their men as precious jewels, and run and hold umbrellas over them to protect them from the rays of the burning sun"

I laughed at Miss Netty's nonsense, and took *a survey of the gentlemen* One handsome man of about thirty, who sat opposite to us, particularly attracted my attention. He had a very merry face, and a mischievous look about the eyes.

He soon began to make conversation with the young ladies, and seemed especially amused with Miss Netty

"I've found out his name," said Netty to me the next day "It is Moore, not Tom Moore, nor Rory O'Moore, but W H Moore, Esq. Don't you think he is elegant?"

"He is certainly very handsome," said I "Be careful, my dear, don't flirt, nor be flirted with"

"Mercy!" said Netty, with a very innocent air, "I never did such a thing in my life! Why, I don't know how How do you do it?"

I couldn't help laughing at the little hypocrite

"Don't ask me," said I. "I never heard of such a thing when I was young; I was married before it was in fashion."

"I really feel aggrieved," said Netty "Here, Molly, just think—Mrs Morrison accuses me of flirting. Did you ever hear of such a thing?"

"Yes, I have," said Molly "Why, Mrs Morrison, that poor young man that was here before the lawyers came—Mr. Goodrich, you know—is brought nearly to the grave by this wicked girl

"'The cat doth play,
And after slay,'

is all I can think of She used to walk these piazzas by moonlight with him, and every beam and plank has listened to his vows, and hers, too, I've no doubt He used to brush the early dew to get ferns for her, and the long illness of the little Harrimans will testify to the amount of beautifully-poisoned candy he brought her.

"She has his photograph in every position known to the modern photographer stuck in her looking glass, with a date on the back of each, and that young man has at least a baker's dozen of rosebuds—only of rosebuds.

"Poor fellow! he thinks he's the only man in the world when Netty looks at him—at least, he did before Moore came, and he's the nicer of the two, *I* think"

"So don't I," said Netty.

As I was only in the hotel at mealtimes, I saw very little of my neighbors Miss Netty prepared Mr Moore's salad every day, and he cracked nuts for her He always wore a little flower in his button-hold now-a-days, and she one at her throat

One day he said at dinner that pale blue was his favorite color, and at tea the young lady appeared in *a dainty blue* muslin.

"My thanks," said Mr Moore, looking admiringly at her and bowing

The girl blushed and brightened, and I thought I had misjudged her Perhaps she had a true *regard for the handsome* young man, and if he was in love with her, why, that was all right

One day I missed Mr Goodrich at dinner

"He has gone," said Molly, with a very sober face "I never felt so sorry for anybody in my life He seemed to care so much for Netty, and she snubbed him shamefully after Mr Moore came At first, she tried to make him like her, and she tried very hard

"Mr Moore was away for a day or two, and she began to walk and talk with him again. Last night he offered himself, and she refused him She says he said some very rude things to her But I don't blame him one bit, for I think she was all in the wrong I don't believe Mr Moore means to offer himself to her, I think he is only flirting. I don't half like him"

"And do you never flirt?" I asked, looking at the bright young face before me

"No, I never do," said Molly "Netty seems to get plenty of fun out of it, but I love my dear self-respect better than fun and excitement; and besides," said the girl, with a proud look in her eyes, "I never want any man to say, 'I used to flirt with that girl, *and she has worn my* flowers, and let me say spooney things to her, and I could have married her it I had wanted her!' No, I'll save all my sentiment for the man I fall in love with, and that will never be with a flirting man I hate them—every one of them

"And I'm afraid, too," she added, "that Netty is laying up pain for herself, for I don't believe Mr Moore cares a bit for her"

The next day was the last court-day, and several of the ladies went into the court-room Molly told me at night that in the morning Netty had put a rosebud in Mr Moore's button-hole, and that he had kissed the flower as he walked off

"After we were seated," said Molly, "Netty wrote on a card and passed it to him—'Why so pensive? Of whom are you thinking?' And he immediately scribbled on the card, 'Of Mrs Moore,' and sent a photograph of a pretty lady with a little boy by her side.

"Oh," said Molly, "Netty was so taken aback! She said he was only making fun, she knew But it is really true that he is married. He declared he was so *surprised when Netty said she didn't believe it* He said he had shown his wife's *picture to her grandmother*, and he was not so conceited as to suppose she cared to know anything about him and his affairs Then he went on in a provoking way, *and said he* should call sometimes when he was in town, and he should tell his wife how kind she had been to him, and how pleasant she had made his stay, and that it was a pity his bachelor brother had not been in his place Then he shook hands very coolly and pleasantly before us all, and said good-by, just as he would have said *good-morning* at breakfast, and away he went"

Netty tried to be merry as ever, but Miss Kendrick, whose sharp eyes had seen through all, *frowned on her*, and Miss Susan Kendrick, and Miss Jemima Kendrick, taking their cue from "sister," frowned too.

Mrs Emerson said she was glad Mr. Moore had given that little flirt a lesson, though far be it from her to approve of Mr Moore's conduct, and Netty was very unhappy, and longed to go home, away from all these "horrid people" Let us hope she has profited by her mortifying experience —*Youths' Companion*.

Presence of Mind.

ANECDOTE OF FREDERICK THE GREAT

Once upon a time, so runs the most authentic story, one of the Great Frederick's favorite chaplains was taken from him by the hand of death The peculiar qualities in the deceased ecclesiastic had not been more his devout piety and heartfelt reverence than his known courage in danger and presence of mind in seasons of astoundment. Said the great king

"Ah me! where shall I find another man so truly devout and so conscientiously devoted to his religious duty, who will at the same time possess such wonderous presence of mind? Ah! good Father Isaac's wits were never wanting"

At length, however, a candidate was recommended to his favorable consideration—a man known to be pious and devout, and against whom no breath of scandal had ever been turned

"But what is his courage?" demanded Frederick "What would he do in a moment of mortal terror which had burst unexpectedly over his head?"

The proposer shook his head He could not say

"Ha!" cried the king, we will try him Look ye He shall preach in your chapel *next Sunday afternoon, and I will be* there But he is to have no sermon prepared I will, myself when I enter the chapel, place in his hand a sealed packet, within which he will find the text, and from that text he will preach his sermon

The ecclesiastic was consulted, and readily consented to the proposition The eventful day arrived, and the clergyman entered the chapel, and as he passed up the centre aisle, an officer in gaudy uniform—aid-de-camp of the king, put a sealed paper into his hand, at the same time whispering, *"From his majesty!"*

The clergyman ascended to the pulpit—read the Scriptures—gave out the two hymns—made an appropriate prayer, in which the king was recognized without fulsomeness—and then he arose and broke the seal of the missive he had received, and found—*it blank!* Not a word, nor a pen-mark appeared With a calm smile the clergyman cast his eyes over the congregation, and then said.

"Brethren and Sisters,—here is nothing" And he held up the paper to show that it was blank "Blessed is he whom nothing can annoy whom nothing can make afraid, or swerve from his duty We read that God made from nothing all things! And yet look at the stupendous majesty of His infinite creation!"

And thereupon, the candidate went on with a powerful and eloquent discourse on the wonders and beauties of creation.

Suffice it is to say that Frederick bestowed upon him the vacant chaplaincy, and that in time he came to be the king's chief confidant and spiritual adviser—*N. Y Ledger*.

The Folly of King Killing.

The attempted assassination of Emperor William by Dr Nobeling calls attention anew to the most foolish of crimes and the most criminal of follies—namely, King killing or political assassination Leaving on one side the sin and the crime of murder, the whole history of the human race shows that King killing has been a folly and a mistake Even when it has succeeded in its murderous object, and the victim of the insane passion has been killed, it is found that his spirit, embittered and intensified, lives on The revolutionist has got rid of King Log, but has found King Stork in his place The well-known instance of Cæsar is a case in point! What did the aristocrats and reactionists gain by his murder? Nothing. The little finger of Augustus and his successors was weightier than the loins of the divine Julius In the present case the attempted assassination of the Emperor must react against not only the revolutionists but even against the growth of popular liberty Those who would ordinarily be on the side of freedom will be compelled, for fear that their action might be misinterpreted into an indorsement of the schemes of murder, to take refuge in the conservative camp Personal loyalty will be intensified and fewer attempts will be made to meet the popular wants. No party can prevent fools and criminals from allying themselves with it, and from compromising, as far as their follies and their crimes can do so, the cause which they pretend to have at heart, but the popular party in Germany cannot do itself a greater service than not only to disavow all overt acts of assassination, but to condemn in its newspapers, at its meetings, and from its professional chairs the doctrine that King killing at the *caprice of private parties can under any* circumstances be justified The crime of attempted assassination in the present case is peculiarly dastardly and foolish, because Emperor William is not a mere vulgar usurper, but the legitimate occu*pant of a throne to* which he and his great Ministers have added glory.—*Exchange*

Soap Making.

In the first place we save none but hard-wood ashes, that our lye may be strong and good, otherwise soap making will very likely prove troublesome, if not an absolute failure Our soap grease is generally a variety of odds and ends—scraps from the lard frying, rinds from ham and shoulders, with an occasional bone thrown in, which will not injure the soap—the marrow makes excellent soap grease, while a small proportion of bone itself is not deleterious, but helps to give "body," along with whatever drippings of lard or tallow we may have not fit for other purposes The whole will make excellent soap if only kept clean and free from taint or mould When soap making day arrives, have your soap kettle, if you have not a furnace, set upon stones, and build a fire under it Start your fire with chips or small sticks, it you like, but have a large chunk or block for your main fire It is not necessary to get it wholly under the kettle, but close up at one side This will give you what is very essential, a steady heat, that you may not have to run every five minutes to fish out the blaze from under the kettle, to keep the contents from running overboard Take a pailful or two of the first lye that has dripped through your leach, which should be *strong enough* to bear up an egg, and boil, stirring frequently, till the grease, scraps, etc, are mostly eaten up, then fill up with the weaker lye, boil a few moments longer, and your soap is made. In regard to leaching the ashes, the leach should be good, the ashes well packed, and the water added slowly, a pailful at a time, a day or two before the lye is needed —*Cor Farmer's Advocate*

JONES was always complaining of his wife's memory. "She never can remember anything," said poor Jones, "it's awful" "My wife was just as bad," remarked Brown, "till I found out a capital recipe" "What is it?" asked Jones, eagerly "Why," said Brown, "whenever there's anything particular I want the missus to remember, I write it down on a slip of paper, and gum it on the looking-glass. See?" Jones is now a contented man.

Humorous.

WHEN is a lamp liable to be angry? When it is put out

"I'M a 'tickler friend to you," as the snuff said to the nose.

OF what trade is a clergyman at a wedding? A join-*her*

WHY is the letter B like a hot fire? Because it makes oil boil

POOR Charles who has lately been splitting with laughter, has been spliced by the parson

EDGAR FAWCETT wishes that "man could make love like a bird." He does, Edgar, he does, like a goose.

SINGULAR.—An observer remarked, the other day, "It is a singular dispensation of Providence that whenever our river is muddy, our milk and beer is also muddy"

"GEORGE has had a great many pull-backs in life," said the young wife to her lady friend. And when the friend said, "Yes, I saw him with one yesterday," the young wife didn't know what she meant by it

A Strong Company.

HOW THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK ACQUIRED A CASH CAPITAL OF $10,000,000 MORE THAN THE BANK OF ENGLAND

Perhaps there is not in the world a city where more people invest in mines, real estate and life insurance for its size than San Francisco A certain old gambler, in whose ears the cry "King wins, queen loses Last turn, gentlemen," was still ringing, being once asked to insure his life, replied, "I'll be doggoned if I ever play in any game where I have to die to win" They say that Californians are all, more or less, gamblers Yet it is safe to assert that forty-nine out of every fifty of our better class of citizens are insured in some one or other of our numerous life insurance companies.

As a type of the better class of mutual life insurance companies doing business in our city, the writer has taken for his model, not the foot of Hercules, but the head of Hercules—the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, the oldest and most respectable company of them all The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York first commenced business in our State in 1850 Up to 1874 everything went pleasantly The company never disputed a claim that was shown to be just and right. The rule was, and is, to give the benefit of any doubt which might exist to the claimant, even in cases which might be successfully resisted, and the result of this liberal and equitable method of doing business was to make it the most popular of all the life insurance companies on this coast

In 1874, with the mistaken idea that some legislation was needed in the interest of prospective policyholders and ignoring the interests of some 25,000 existing policies in the State, the Legislature of the State of California passed the act which it was utterly impossible for the Mutual Life to comply with without a violation of the original charter, which would have worked to the injury of its hosts of policyholders here and in other States of the Union The principal clause objected to was one making the General Agent directly responsible for all the acts of his subordinates, without allowing him to rigidly prescribe their duties The result of the passage of this act was that all the large Eastern companies left our State The Mutual Life, however, in order to guard the interests of its policyholders in California retained the office in this city, and although unable to comply with the law without injustice to itself, and consequently unable to obtain new business through the exertions of A B Forbes, General Manager of the Pacific Coast, and his assistants, no loss whatever occurred to the policyholders from the action of the company Like many other laws passed by the California Legislature, this insurance law of 1874 was found to do more injury than good, and the last Legislature modified it to such an extent that the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York can, under its charter, comply with it, and it has once more resumed business It is the first company to return under the new act, and no doubt the other Eastern companies will follow During the four years that Mr. Forbes has conducted the business for the benefit of the policyholders all claims for death and for matured endowments have been paid, orders for cash values and paid up policies attended to and all the business pertaining to such matters was regularly carried on free of cost to the claimants During the four years of the legal prohibition the company has paid through its agents for death claims on the Pacific coast over

ONE MILLION DOLLARS,

besides paying for matured and discounted endowments over $900,000 Policies were not allowed to lapse through any want of agency facilities, and yet the company was debarred from receiving one cent in new business Some of the smaller companies complied with the law, but inserted in their policies a clause which literally amounted to beating a certain old gentleman around the bush Since the year 1849 the company has paid on the Pacific coast, and chiefly in the State of California, 670 claims, amounting to $2,590,000 in all, a clear proof that the modification of the law, which allowed it to do business among us once more, was a wise and just one The list of members of the company living on the Pacific coast, who have died, and the claims upon whose policies have been paid, shows that they assured pay to the company for the past four years' premiums, amounting to $362,741 36, and that the company paid back to the heirs $70,500 09 in dividends alone, making the actual cost of insurance, $1,194,824 70, only $286,248 07 The policies with premiums paid range, on the Pacific coast, from $1,000 up to $20,000, which is the limit of the company

THE RISE OF MUTUAL INSURANCE IN AMERICA

May be dated from February, 1842 The English life insurance companies were then transacting a large and profitable business in New York. The premiums they charged were higher than those charged by the same companies in England. In a word, the English companies thought that the risk was additional when taken in the United States, and the rates were so exorbitant that not only were their own policyholders complaining, but their business was necessarily restricted A few gentlemen met together somewhere in February of that year, and determined to organize American life insurance on the basis of a purely mutual company, the purpose being that the company should be conducted solely in the interests of its policyholders, to whom in their collective capacity should belong all the assets, all the profits to be divided among them, and no stockholders be *allowed to control the company* or to take any portion of its surplus. They had no money, and it can now be said with pride this company, organized without capital, has now a capital over $10,000,000 greater than that of the Bank of England, and is an institution with the largest cash assets of any in the world The Bank of England has a capital of $73,765,000, estimating one pound sterling as $5 of our money, while the capital of the Mutual Life, with its humble beginning, is now $85,000,000 In comparing this American company with the British life insurance companies, we find that the oldest and largest of the latter, which has been in existence for 113 years, has only a capital of 23,000,000, against the $85,000,000 of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York

The great success of the company is owing to the fact that its President, Frederick S Winston, and its Vice-President, Richard A McCurdy, have been unceasing in their devotion to its interests The former gentleman's name has been indissolubly connected with the progress of mutual life insurance in America for over a quarter of a century, and to his personal attention to every detail the wonderful success of the company is due Of late years he has found an able confrere in Richard A. McCurdy, who has also been connected with the company for many years The principal features of the management of the Mutual Life are, that it has no premium notes, no loans upon collaterals, no railroad stock or bonds, nor speculative property in any form The greatest care is exercised in the selection of lives, and none but sound, *healthy persons* are knowingly accepted, and finally, the cost of insurance is cheapened to such a degree that a large surplus is returned to the policyholder

The failure of several of the insurance companies established during the grand and glorious period of inflation alarmed quite a number of people The principle, however, is sound The failure of those companies was due solely to their being started with heavy expenses in such numbers as to render a profitable business impossible The Darwinian theory of the survival of the fittest wiped them out of existence But these failures never injured the established mutual life insurance companies any more than the failure of a rotten savings bank prevented men from lodging their cash in the Nevada Bank.

In view of the fact that the exiled life insurance companies of the East are coming back to once more resume business in our midst, the foregoing sketch of the largest and oldest of them all will be read with no little interest.—*San Francisco Post*

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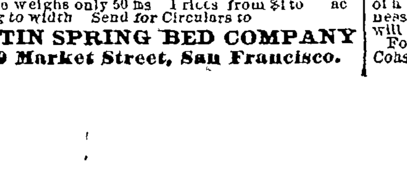

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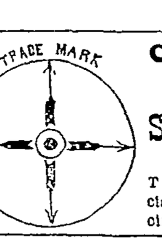

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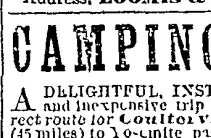

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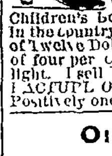

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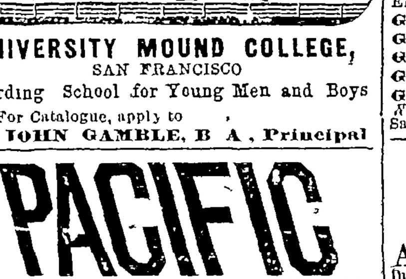

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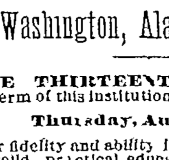

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Business Suits made to order, in 24 hours, from	$20
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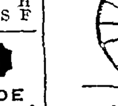

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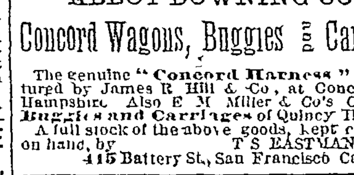

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Concord Wagons, Buggies and Carriages.

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Get the Best!
TURBINE WINDMILL
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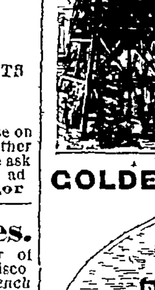

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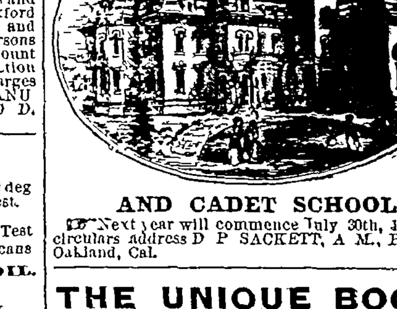

AND CADET SCHOOL.

Next year will commence July 30th, 1878 For circulars address D P SACKETT, A M., Principal, Oakland, Cal.

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Ask your Grocer for it and take no other as it is best Soap for family use Each bar weighs one full pound We are also sole agents for the Pacific Coast for CUDDELL TOILET SOAPS These Toilet Soaps are better than any imported Remember the name, EMPEROR SAVON

Gillet's Cream Dry Hop Yeast, warranted to please.
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(A Preparatory School to the University)

A FIRST CLASS BOARDING SCHOOL, ESTABLISHED in the interests of higher education, and in contrast to the cramming system of the small colleges and military academies of the State The next term will commence July 24th. Examination of candidates for admission, July 22d and 23d. By request, instructions have been provided during the summer months for students preparing for the August examinations at the University For catalogues or particulars, address JOHN F BURRIS, Berkeley, California.

NOTE.—We desire to call special attention to the organization of our Grammar Department, separate from the academical, and solicit the patronage of parents and guardians of small boys.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE HOTEL,
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THIS old and popular hotel has for a quarter of a century catered to the wants of the public. THOS. BRYAN, an old Californian and an experienced gentleman conducts the house, which is a sufficient guarantee that

Comfort, Good Living, Cleanliness

And the general welfare of guests will be accorded to all The table will be furnished with the best the market affords. Gentlemanly and obliging clerks and careful waiters in attendance This house is the most centrally located of any in the city Street cars pass the door every two minutes The hotel coach will carry passengers to and from the house free of charge. Prices from $1 50 to $2 50 per day

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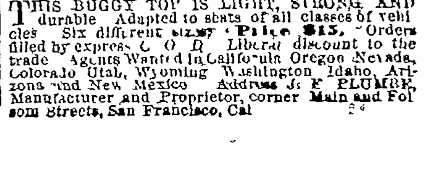
PATENT ADJUSTABLE BUGGY TOP.



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TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

Stage Stock Stolen.

It is reported that the stage stock at two stations on the Montana line north of Pleasant valley were run off by Indians last night.

HELENA, M. T, Aug. 20.—Indians last night, stole the stock from Pine Buttes and Spring Hill station, a few miles north of Pleasant valley. They are also said to have stolen a band of horses from a ranch near Spring Hill, supposed to be Bannocks, from Idaho They will probably pass through Yellowstone park.

Freighters Killed.

SALT LAKE, Aug. 20—A letter received at Oneida, Idaho, the terminus of the Utah Northern Railroad, says the Indians attacked Skelton, McCaleb and party, freighters, numbering 14 men, on the 10th, near Salmon City, Idaho, and killed McCaleb. From Saturday morning until Monday noon the Indians, numbering about 30, kept up the firing. The freighters used flour as a breastwork and fought them off Lieut. Wilson, with 25 men, reached the freighters Tuesday evening, and will escort the train to Round valley. Only three yoke of cattle were killed. Fears are entertrined for other parties on the road Skelton's train was loaded at the terminus of the Utah Northern for the Yankee Fork mines on the head of Salmon river. McCaleb, the person killed, was partner of Col Shoup, a merchant at Salmon City.

Closing Out the Indian War.

MALHEUR AGENCY, Oregon, Aug 18, via BAKER CITY, Aug. 20—Intelligence received to-day indicates the presence of Natches' band of hostiles, about 76 in all, at or near Stein mountain. Messengers furnished by Oits, the surrendered Piute cdief, have been dispatched to find and bring this party in, and Piute prisoners now at the agency will be removed to Camp Harney in a few days, and probably there detained until again placed under the missionary influence of a modern Indian agent. It is fondly hoped that these Indians may either be removed to Indian Territory or with all other agency Indians be turned over to army officers, who will certainly prefer fair dealing to fighting. Public feeling is so strong against these Indians on account of their depredations this season, that the men whose friends have been murdered and property destroyed, will not hesitate to kill a Piute at sight when off the reservation.

Death of Capt. Keeny.

Capt. Keeny, of Keen's Snake river ferry, an old coaster who spent the summer alone at a ranch on Willow creek, guarding property against Indians, was found dead yesterday evening accidently shot His pistol having evidently fallen from a hostler to the ground, going off and the ball striking him in the groin. From the appearance of the ground for several rods, Capt. Keeny had suffered terribly before relieved by death The body had lain several days when found.

The Crazy Potter Witness.

NEW YORK, Aug 18.—About 9 o'clock this evening, John A. Leet registered at the Astor House and was assigned a room on the third floor. About half an hour after going to the room the loud report of a pistol was heard from Leet's room, and the crashing of a bullet through the door accompanied by loud cries from the room. Several officers were summoned and burst in the door and immediately a bullet came whizzing past them and the party inside slammed the door in their faces Another attempt by the officers to get in was met by another bullet, but both shots fortunately missed. The officers then made a combined rush and overpowered Leet before he could again fire. Leet was a witness before the Potter investigating committee last week. He was terribly excited and said there was a conspiracy to kill him, and he meant to kill the first man who entered the room He fired, he said in self defense. He was taken to the city hall police station and locked up. He swore at every one, and denounced all as a band of conspirators In conversation with a reporter he said he was satisfied he had been shadowed for days past by a fellow who wanted to put him out of the way on account of tes timony he gave before the Potter committee, as they fear he may tell some more. He said he carried a private memorandum book with him containing some additional startling testimony, and it was the book they were after. He went in search of some one to protect him, and called this morning at the Sun office to see Mr Gibson but he was not in He then got Col. Pelton's address, and also Manton Marble's He took a street car, but the conductor took him beyond Gramercy Park, his destination, which confirmed his suppositions A visit was paid Gov. Tilden, but he was absent Leet then wrote the following "I am pursued by assassins or poisoners and cannot find my friend."

NEW YORK, Aug 19—John E Leet was brought before Judge Flanner of the Tombs police court this morning, on a charge made by an officer of disorderly conduct, and before the magistrate could interrogate him he waved his arms in a declamatory form and turning round toward the audience launched vigorous invective in denunciation of his enemies He protested there was a conspiracy to immure him in a foul and loathsome dungeon where he could not be heard from again under form of star chamber proceedings. With extravagant gesticulation he cried aloud, "Is there no person here to protect me?" The magistrate decided to commit him to the charge of of the commissioners of charity and correction with a view to examination

Grant and Key.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—The Post this morning publishes a statement that Assistant Postmaster-General Tyner, in conversation with some personal friend on his recent trip to Europe, remarked that he had conversed with several leaders of the Grant movement, and that they are in dead earnest in pushing Gen. Grant for the presidency He says that choice of a man for the second place on the ticket had embarrassed the Grant managers a good deal, until the name of Gen. Key was suggested, when it was adopted at once.

Execution of Hoedel.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—The Tribune's Berlin special says of the execution of Hoedel: He received the announcement at first stolidly, but afterward betrayed great agitation. Some difficulty had been experienced in obtaining an executioner. It is reported that the man who at last accepted the task is a respectable butcher of Berlin When conducted to the place of execution Hoedel trembled, and his countenance was ashy The business was quickly done He was made to kneel down. The executioner raised an immense double handed sword and the head fell upon the scaffold The reported executioner refused any reward,

Hoedel, when informed that his execution was fixed upon, became deathly pale He wished to plead for pardon, but recovered composure when told this was useless He then asked for wine for supper, and drank to the commune and leader of the social democracy When the sentence was read on the scaffold he spat disdainfully and cried "Bravo!" He refused the ministrations of the chaplain, declaring them useless, as it would take years to convert him Fifty persons, including officials, judges, police, and twelve citizens, attended the execution which is generally approved Official notice of the execution had been posted throughout the city as a warning It required but a single stroke of the ax to decapitate Hoedel The remains were immediately buried.

Leet's Insanity

NEW YORK, Aug 20—The journals have the following details of Leet's insanity While in the court room he said, "Oh, it is terrible, terrible!" (walking excitedly up and down the corridor) "how so many men with decent faces can keep me away from the only man who can save me," referring apparently to Tilden 'There's an honest man somewhere, I know there is, but I can't find him," said Leet, weeping He was put in a cell occupied by Tweed He will neither eat nor drink anything that was offered him, he declared unless it is in some very public place. This is necessary, he thinks, because only in a public place can his enemies be prevented from poisoning his food.

Butler's Speech to Working Men

NEW YORK, Aug 20.—Gen. Butler addressed a meeting of several hundred workingmen this afternoon. He said there never had been a fair decision in this country or within the last generation between capital and enterprise, nor between enterprise and labor, for the reason that most of the money invested in enterprise was borrowed capital and must pay a large interest, and then when that interest had to be got again it had to be got of labor. The whole legislation of this country during the past sixteen yaars has been in favor of money and men of money. Let all property be taxed just once and no more, then the taxes would grow less He suggested as a remedy for over production caused by the extensive use of machinery, cutting down the labor to one hour per day if necessary Shun any man who speaks of the destruction of property, for destrnction of property is the destruction of so much labor. Don't send any man to congress who shall vote that a man with capital doing of good of his kind shall have a better opportunity in society than a man who works 8 or 10 hours a day Elect men only who would work for the workingmen.

Yellow Fever

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 18—Total cases to date, 975; new cases for the week, 509, total deaths, 266, deaths for week, 140 The Howard Association, in view of the wide spread sickness and distress therefrom which prevails in this city, have determined to extend such measures of relief as the generosity of their fellow citizens will enable them to do They publish an appeal to the citizens of New Orleans stating that they have not a dollar in their treasury.

The last report from point Eads shows 34 yellow fever cases, 15 convalescent; total death, six.

In response to an appeal yesterday, the Howard Association sent twelve more yellow fever nurses to Grenada

MEMPHIS, Aug 19.—A special from Grenada to-night, 18th, says there has been 65 deaths to date, 100 sick at present; new cases yesterday 15; people dying to-day without an attendant; relief is greatly needed.

VICKSBURG, Aug 18—The health officer reports 48 cases yellow fever under treatment at seven o'clock last night estimated new cases at between 14 and 20, some cases appeared in the northeastern part of the city; no deaths reported to-day.

MEMPHIS, Aug 19.—Up to noon 8 new cases were reported at the office of the board of health Of these six are within the infected district, one near the Charleston depot and one Henry Schultz at 19 West court street. In addition to the above, one death and one new case is reported in Chelsea, an indication that the fever is spreading A citizens committee is actively employed in getting citizens to remove to camp Joe. Williams, south of the city and a train will leave at this P M with 200 families who wish to flee from the plague, but are unwilling to go into common encampment. These persons will camp out at points along the railroad

NEW ORLEANS, Aug 20—Forty or fifty applications per day are made to the Howard association, and officers report donations coming in liberally for use in caring for the indigent sick.

Four nurses sent by the Howard association have the fever.

At Ocean Springs one death is reported

At Vicksburg the health officer is unable to give official figures, but estimates a hundred and inceasing rapidly Four interments to-day from yellow fever. Eighteen deaths to date. The city council abolished the quarantine this evening

At Grenada the mortality is terrible The scenes cannot be described Dr. Mandeville, an experienced yellow fever physician, says he never saw anything that would begin to compare with it, that it is fearful beyond description. The total number of deaths is over 70 with no abatement and no hopeful cases reported Several deaths just reported It seems that none are to be spared

BOSTON, Aug 12— The following dispatch was received here this morning.

MEMPHIS, TENN, Aug. 20

To Mayor Pierce:—We are sadly afflicted and unable to supply the wants of our poor. Can Boston help us?

G R. FLIPPEN, Mayor.
W. C. YOUNG, M C

A reply was forwarded at once by the mayor authorizing the mayor of Memphis to draw on him at sight for $1,500 A meeting of citizens is called at the mayor's office at noon to-morrow when active measures will be taken to relieve the distress

GRENADA MISS., Aug. 19—The agent of the Howard association of New Orleans reports from here as follows The epidemic, considering the size of the town, appears to be most malignant and fatal that has ever been known in this country, and this after only nine days The fever is unabated and unchecked the great want is for nurses and money to pay them, for there have been persons here sick for long periods without a single attendant.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 21.—New cases 107, deaths 40.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20—The register and receiver at Jackson, Miss, telegraphs the commissioner of the general land office that there is great excitement in Jackson People are fleeing in all directions The board of health advise all to leave There are 160 cases in Vicksburg and 20 in Canton. The fever is liable to appear at any moment then escape from the city would be impossible, as rigid quarantine will be established against Jackson "What shall we do?" The following answer has been sent "You may close the office and leave the city when it becomes necessary by local regulations or by actual visitation of the city by fever."

VICKSBURG, Aug. 20—It is estimated that 209 cases of yellow fever are under treatment, 12 deaths the past 24 hours The Masons of the city have made a general appeal to the brethren of the order for relief for the sick and destitute of the city.

To Parents and Pupils.

The University of Washington Territory, located at Seattle, with its corps of six instructors, is fully prepared to give the following.

Instruction through the Freshman Year of a full College Course.

A Three Years' Scientific Course.

A Two Years' Normal Course.

A Complete Course in Book-Keeping.

Pupils not fully prepared for any course may receive a thorough drill in the common branches. Vocal and instrumental music, painting, drawing and telegraphing taught in connection with the University. For catalogue or admission address the President.

A. J. ANDERSON

THE boats of the O. S N. Company are carrying down the Columbia, daily, an average of 200 tons of grain and wool.

THE steamer Olympia made a trip around to Portland and back, during the past week.

GENERAL Howard has returned to Vancouver.

☞ The National Gold Medal was awarded to Bradley & Rulofson for the best Photographs in the United States, and the Vienna Medal for the best in the world 429 Montogomery Street, San Francisco

Liver is King.

A Remarkable Result.

It makes no difference how many Physicians, or how much medicine you have tried, it is now an established fact that German Syrup is the only remedy which has given complete satisfaction in severe cases of Lung Diseases It is true there are yet thousands of persons who are predisposed to Throat and Lung Affections, Consumption, Asthma, Severe Colds settled on the Breast, Phneumonia, Whooping Cough, &c, who have no personal knowledge of Boschee's German Syrup To such we would say that 50,000 dozen were sold last year without one complaint Consumptives try just one bottle Regular size 75 cents Sold by all Druggists in America

The Crust of Tartar.

Speedily leaves the surface of teeth upon which the cleansing and preservative influence of SOZODONT is daily exerted No form of decay can infest a set of "ivories" upon which it is used It has, moreover, a most refreshing effect upon the mouth, in which it leaves a very agreeable taste, besides rendering the breath fragrant If the mouth be rinsed with it after smoking, the taste of the tobacco is entirely dissipated As an auxiliary to personal comeliness it cannot too highly be extolled Sold by druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HOW IS THIS FOR LOW?

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO GET BARGAINS in Furniture at Chilberg's As he is closing out his stock of Furniture he sells
Walnut Extension tables at $1 65 per foot
Large Arm Cane-seated rocking chairs $3 50.
Nurse chairs, cane bottom $2 50
Walnut Brace arm chairs $1 75.
" " cottage " $2 35
" " " " $2
Maple cane Chairs from $1 10 to $1 90
Wooden seat Chairs 90 cts
Child's high " cane bottom $1 35
" rockers " wooden " $1 25.
Walnut Stools 24 in high $1 65
Oak " 18 in " $1 15
And every thing else in proportion Call soon and examine his stock before it is all gone
He has two new American Sewing Machines which he will sell at cost price.
Don't forget the place at
ISAAC CHILBERG'S

A. FARQUHAR

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS
HARDWARE, WILLOW WARE,
CUTLERY, CROCKERY, STONE
WARE, PAINTS & OILS,
WINDOW GLASS,
FLOUR, MIDDLINGS, BRAN,
SHORTS, FEED CORN MEAL OIL CAKE
MEAL, CHOPPED FEED, CHOPPED
BARLEY, WHEAT, OATS,
BALED HAY, AND
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

☞ GOODS DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY ☜

On Seventh & Adams Sts, Olympia, W. T

NATHAN S. PORTER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC & CONVEYANCER

OLYMPIA, W T.

NEE ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF'S SALE

In the District Court of the Second Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Olympia, for the Counties of Thurston Mason, Chehalis and Lewis

Jno C Schaefler, *Plaintiff*,

vs

N H Bloomfield, *Defendant*

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to and by virtue of a decree and order of sale issued on the 2nd day of July, 1878, by the Clerk of the above named District Court, to me directed and delivered, I have levied upon and taken into execution the following described real estate, viz. The South East quarter of Section (14) fourteen, in Township (13) thirteen North Range (1) one West, in Lewis county, Washington Territory, and on the 24th day of August 1878 at 2 o'clock P M, of said day at the Court house door, in Lewis county, W T, I will sell the said real estate to satisfy a judgment of $215, gold coin, and for interest and costs and increased costs, rendered against the above named defendant and in favor of the above named Plaintiff.

H C SHOREY,
Sheriff of Lewis county, W T

July 26, 4 w

THE P. S. T. CO.'S

STEAMER

MESSENGER,

CAPT. J. G. PARKER,

Leaves Olympia for Seattle and way ports on **Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays** at 7 o'clock, A M.

FURNITURE

Ware Rooms.

On and after July 1st, 1878,

J. C. HORR,

Will, in addition to his present large and well selected stock of

FURNITURE,

WALL PAPER, CARPETS,

Curled Wool and Spring

MATTRESSES,

Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of

UNDERTAKER'S GOODS.

ALSO READY MADE

Coffins & Caskets,

ALL SIZES AND PRICES

OPPOSITION TO IMPOSITION

All who want to purchase XXX Oregon City or Lincoln Mills XXX Flour, Bran, Chicken wheat, Cracked wheat oats or Chopped Feed will do well to call at J C Horr's where he can buy

TEN PER CENT CHEAPER,

Than any other house in Olympia.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

—o—

A. L. FRANCIS,

Manufacturer's agent for Pianos and Organs and representing the best Music house in San Francisco, selling only the genuine manufacturer's instruments

AGENT FOR

DECKER & SON'S PIANOS;

PACKARD, PRINCE AND SMITH'S

AMERICAN ORGANS;

SOLE AGENT FOR HEMME AND LONG'S

UPRIGHT PIANOS.

—o—

Pianos sold for fifteen dollars per month
Organs sold for ten dollars per month Old instruments taken for part payment
We carry no stock and pay no rent, therefore can afford to sell at lower figures than any house on the coast Do not purchase until you get our prices
Cheap pianos sold for ($275)
First Class pianos for $400 to $550
Organ from $50 to $300

—o—

MANUFACTURER'S AGENT FOR

The New Home Sewing Machine, WITH HALL TREADLE.

I sell no Bogus Instruments Pianos tuned, action repaired and regulated by the year for eight dollars

Address, A L FRANCIS,
Portland, Oregon, or San Francisco, California
Jan 16, wkly

WOODRUFF & VAN EPPS,

Successors to A. J. Burr & Co.,

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS,

AND DEALERS IN

CIGARS & TOBACCO,

FANCY GOODS,

NOVELTIES, SHEET MUSIC &

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c

BOOKS.

We have a carefully selected library of Story Books, History, Travels and Adventure, Poems, Novels and a large stock of School Books always on hand

STATIONERY.

The latest styles of Fancy Papeteries in boxes Letter Note, Foolscap, Legal Cap, Bill Cap, Letter and Note Heads and Mourning Paper. All grades and prices Marriage Certificates, Blank Books, etc

MUSIC.

We are Agents for the WEBER, Stone, Steadman, Sherman & Hyde, Mansfeldt & Notni, and other Pianos, and the Standard and the Estey Organs all of which we sell on the installment plan, thereby placing them in reach of all We also have a large assortment of Musical Instruments, such as Violins, Banjos, Guitars, etc We are agents for Sherman & Hyde, San Francisco, and G. Schirmer, New York, therefore we are enabled to procure almost any piece of music published

CIGARS & TOBACCO.

We carry the finest branns of Tobacco and Cigars to be found in the city Call for the Professor Morse or Mermaid Cigars, of which we are Sole Agents in Olympia

MISCELLANEOUS.

A large and well selected stock of Holiday Goods, Toys, Cuttlery, plated or solid Gold and Silver Jewelry, Watches, etc, in fact we carry every thing to be found in a first-class Book and Stationery Store
Orders by mail, no matter how small, will be promptly attended to
Give us a call.

Post Office Building,

MAIN ST., OLYMPIA, W. T.

June 14, 1878 tf.

THOMAS M. REED,

TERRITORIAL AUDITOR.

—o—

Office Masonic Hall Entrance from East end of building.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

L. D. W. SHELTON,

SURVEYOR.

Timber Cruising a Specialty.

REFERENCES GIVEN.

☞ A specialty made of locating either timber or agricultural land Address Olympia

C. R. TALCOTT.

—o—

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

AND DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, Silverware, Cutlery, Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes Notions, &c., &c.

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

Singer Sewing MACHINE,

The STANDARD MACHINE of the world, over 280,000 of these popular machines sold by the Company in 1877 Machines sold on note and lease plans Needles, Oils and Attachments for all Machines

C R TALCOTT
Olympia, W. T. No 19-tf

SEATTLE STONE YARD.

—o—

JOHN KEENEN,

WORKER IN MARBLE MONUMENTS

—o—

HEADSTONE & TOMBS

☞ Also furnishes Stone for Building Purposes Cemetery Work of all kinds executed All orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed Persons living at a distance by sending a description of what they wish, can have Designs, Prices, etc, sent to them to choose from

Shop on Crawford and Harrington's Wharf Seattle, W. T.

OLYMPIA DRAY COMPANY.

This company is prepared to execute all orders for hauling merchandise, lumber, hay, grain, brick, sand, etc, in any part of the city or vicinity. It is well supplied with heavy trucks and such facilities as will enable it, in speedy and expeditious manner to move heavy castings, iron safes, &c., at short notice, and upon reasonable terms
Drays can be obtained at any hour of the day or night, and without extra charge
Teams sent to the country on short notice, and upon the most reasonable terms
Among the many good things possessed by the Olympia Dray and Truck Company, is their

CITY EXPRESS,

On the arrival of steamers, teams and drays will always be on the wharf, in readiness for speedy transmission of freight or baggage to any part of the city or Tumwater

JAMES BOWLIN, Proprietor

C. B. MANN

— KEEPS —

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

PERFUMERY, TOILET GOODS AND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF LAMP CHIMNEYS.

GARDEN SEEDS

SUCH AS LETTUCE, ONIONS, CABBAGE, RADDISH, BEET, &c

2ND GRADE OF SULPHUR,

SALTS, COPPEAS, SALT-PETRE,

Good for Stock in the Spring

PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY,

TURPENTINE AND RUBBER PAINT

Castor Oil

FOR AXLE GREASE

ALWAYS ON HAND

"Centennial Heave Remedy"

FOR COUGHS AND HEAVES IN HORSES

Eagle Brand of Condensed Milk.

Fishing Tackle,

HOOKS, SNELLS, LINES, &c

Compounding Prescriptions

MADE A SPECIALTY AT THE

PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

CITY MARKET,

D. J. CHAMBERS & SON, Prop'S.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

LIVE STOCK

Fresh Meats and Vegetables.
Barrelled Beef and Pork
Smoked Meats & Small Goods,
Sugar Cured Hams and
Breakfast Bacon, Pure Leaf Lard

(put up on the premises)

FRESH SAUSAGES DAILY

and Every class of Goods belonging to our business.

All Orders Promptly Attended

READ! READ! READ!

—O—

ABOUT TO MAKE A CHANGE IN OUR busines, We offer our entire Stock of

DRY GOODS,
TRIMMINGS, &
NOTIONS, &c., &c.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Come early and secure bargains

T N. FORD & CO

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NEW GOODS

FOR

SPRING & SUMMER

AT

E. N. OUIMETTE'S

Where you will find a fresh stock of

DOMESTICS,
DRESS GOODS,
CASSIMERES,
FLANNELS,
SHAWLS,
SKIRTS,
LININ GOODS,
WHITE GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES
QUILTS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
VEILINGS,
BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS
HANDKERCHIEFS,
CORSETS,
NOTIONS,
LACES,
HATS,
BONNETS,
FRAMES,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,

Hats and Bonnets made and trimmed to order.

Also, Gents' Furnishing of all kinds. Such as

WHITE SHIRTS,
COLORED SHIRTS,
UNDER SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
CUFFS,
COLLARS,
BOOTS,
HATS, &c.

Pants of Oregon made Casimre

NEW STORE.

JOSEPH CHILBERG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN CHOICE

GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONERY,
CIGARS, and TOBACCO,
FLOUR and FEED, &c,

He would be pleased to have his old friends and a great many new ones call and examine his new stock of

CHOICE GOODS,

Which he will sell at the very lowest rates

California Crackers received fresh by every steamer.

He keeps constantly on hand a large supply of

GROUND BARLEY,

for Logging Camps, also

Flour, Wheat, Oats and Bran.

☞ Highest price paid for Country Produce

Give him a call and be convinced of his

BED ROCK PRICES.

Feed Store Corner Fourth & Columbia Street.
Grocery Store Corner Fifth and Main
Feb 1, tf

SAMUEL G. WARD.

DEALER IN

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

Crockery,
Glassware, and
Silver-plated Ware,
and Wooden Ware,
Tobacco and Cigars.

—o—

AGENT FOR

WHITE'S SHUTTLE

SEWING MACHINES.

☞ All Goods Delivered

Olympia, W T April 25,-w-tf

FARMER'S MARKET.

THE PUGET SOUND FARMERS' CO-OPERative Association has purchased the Market on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, Olympia formerly owned by Halzeman & Co, and will hereafter be ready to supply the public with the best of

Meats, Vegetables,

FRUITS, PRODUCE, ETC

STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER FROM THE Hon Judge of the Probate Court of Pacific county of Washington Territory, dated July 21, 1878 I will sell on the 31st day of August next, 1878 at Public Auction, 40 acres of land belonging to the Estate of Neils Olofsan, deceased, described as follows, to wit the south west quarter of the south west quarter of section 0 in township 10 north of range No 8 west of Willamette meridian. Sale to commence at one o'clock P M, on the premises Terms cash

SAML E BARR,
Administrator

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HOLIDAY STOCK

The largest and most attractive stock of

NOTIONS, TOYS & HOLIDAY GOODS

ught to the place are now offered for sale at the

OLYMPIA

BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

Keep constantly on hand

SCHOOL BOOKS

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS

STATIONERY, TOYS,

Musical Instruments, &c.

Wall Paper in Great Variety.

PRINTING PAPER, FLAT CAP

AND DRAWING PAPER,

Constantly on Hand.

☞ We are Agents for M Gray of San Francisco, the largest Music Store on the Pacific coast Any instrument required—from a simple whistle to a piano—ordered upon short notice We have samples of organs and pianos now on exhibition at our store

HAND MADE HARNESS.

I. B. EASTMAN,

TUMWATER, W T

THE PROPRIETOR HAS REFITTED HIS old stand for the purpose of receiving his new stock of goods from San Francisco He intends to reduce the prices in all kinds of Harness and Saddles in his line of business
no 21-tf

L. A. TREEN

MANUFACTURER OF GENTS'

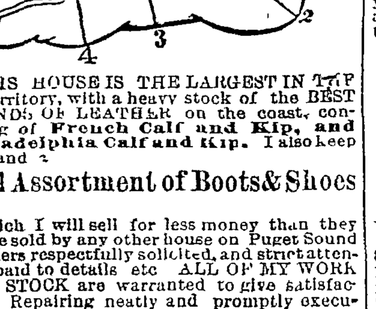
FINE CALFKIP & STOGA BOOTS,

Olympia, W. T.

OF EVERY VARIETY, ALSO

Ladies' and Misses

Boots & Shoes of Every Style



THIS HOUSE IS THE LARGEST IN THE territory, with a heavy stock of the BEST BRANDS OF LEATHER on the coast, consisting of **French Calf and Kip, and Philadelphia Calf and Kip.** I also keep on hand a

Full Assortment of Boots & Shoes

Which I will sell for less money than they can be sold by any other house on Puget Sound
Orders respectfully solicited, and strict attention paid to details etc ALL OF MY WORK AND STOCK are warranted to give satisfaction Repairing neatly and promptly executed
Thankful for the very liberal patronage extended to me for the past ten years, I hope for a continuance of the same

GO TO BNJ. VINCENT,

For the Finest Varieties of

CUSTOM MADE BOOTS & SHOES

LATEST STYLES

OF

Boots & Shoes Made to Order.

All Work

WARRANTED and SATISFACtion Guaranteed

☞ MANUFACTURER of Custom Made boots and shoes, either wholesale or retail The best of French stock and oak tan sole leather used and all work warranted

☞ Also agent for the Weed Family Favorite Sewing Machine, for perfection, durability and cheapness unrivalled Orders from every where solicited

MAIN STREET, OLYMPIA,
Next to Transcript Office

Northern Pacific Railroad

Pacific Division

IS NOW COMPLETED FROM

COLUMBA RIVER

TO

Kalama & Tacoma the Terminus

Tacoma to Wilkeson

(COAL MINES)

MAIL LINE TRAINS

DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

GOING NORTH		GOING SOUTH
Kalama - - 11.20 A M	—	Tacoma - - 7.00 A M
Tenino - - 3 30 P M	—	Tenino - - 8 45 "
Tacoma - - 5 20 "	—	Kalama - - 12 30 P M

PUYALLUP TRAINS.

LEAVE		ARRIVE
Tacoma - - 6 45 A M	—	Wilkeson - - 9 00 A M
Wilkeson - 3 30 P. M	—	Tacoma - - 5 50 P M

CONNECTIONS,

At **Tacoma** with Pacific Mail Steamships for Victoria and San Francisco, and with Sound Steamers for Seattle, Olympia and all points on Puget Sound

At **Lake View** with stage for Steilacoom

At **Tenino** with the **Olympia-Tenino Railroad** for Olympia

At **Kalama** with O S N. Co's Boats for all points on the Columbia River

At **Portland** on wednesday and Saturday at 6 A M with steamers for Port Townsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, west Minister and Fraser River

Through tickets for sale at the principal offices of the Company, and at the office of the O S N Co, in Portland, Oregon to Victoria and Seattle, and via P M S S Co, Steamships from Tacoma and O S N Cos and P C S S. Co's Steamships from Portland to San Francisco

Through tickets to Portland, Oregon, for sale at Victoria, Seattle Tacoma and Tenino

SAM'L A BLACK,
General Superintendent.
W WAYNE VOGDES
Genl Ticket Agent

NOTICE.

To all whom it may concern:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, ON the 6th day of June A D 1878, my wife Antonia Mauermann, left my bed and board without just cause, and against my will, and I hereby notify all persons, that I will not be responsible for any debts or contracts made by her, after the date hereof
Dated at Chehalis, Lewis Co, W T, this 8th day of June, A D 1878

JOSEF MAUERMANN JR.
No. 24.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

In the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the Territory of Washington holding terms at Olympia, for the counties of Thurston, Lewis, Mason and Chehalis

John L. Gallup, Executor of the will of Margaret Gallup, deceased, *Plaintiff*

vs.

Auton Hilak, Fransiska Hilak and John Drabek, *Defendants*

Action brought in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at Olympia, for the counties of Thurston, Mason, Lewis and Chehalis, and complaint filed in the County of Thurston, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court

To Anton Hilak, Fransiska Hilak and John Drabek, *Defendants*

IN THE NAME OF THE UNITED STATES of America, you and each of you, are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at Olympia, in Thurston county, for the counties of Lewis, Mason, Chehalis and Thurston, and to answer the complaint filed therein within forty days—or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint

The said action is brought to recover a judgment against you and each of you for the sum of one thousand dollars in gold coin of the United States of America, and one and one-half per cent per month interest thereon in like gold coin, from the 23d day of May, A D 1878, due upon your promissory note dated June 24th, 1876, and payable on or before June 20th, 1877, and to foreclose a mortgage, on certain premises described in the complaint herein filed, that was given to Margaret Gallup, deceased, in her lifetime, and on the 24th day of July, A D 1876, to secure the payment of the said promissory note and interest, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required, the plaintiff will cause your default to be entered and thereafter will apply to the court for the judgment prayed for in the complaint filed herein

Witness ROGER S GREENE, Esquire, Judge of the said District Court, and the Seal of the said Court this 15th day of August, A D, 1878.

{SEAL}

R G O'BRIEN, Clerk.

Frank Clark, Attorney for Plaintiff

NOTICE.

In the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at Olympia, for the counties of Thurston, Lewis, Mason and Chehalis

Vienna Ellen Doyle *Plaintiff*

vs.

Edward L. Doyle *Defendant*

Action brought in the district court of the Second Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at Olympia, for the counties of Thurston, Mason, Lewis and Chehalis and complaint filed in the county of Thurston, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court

To Edward L. Doyle *Defendant.*

IN THE NAME OF THE UNITED STATES of America, you are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff in the district court of the Second Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at Olympia in Thurston County, for the counties of Lewis, Mason, Chehalis and Thurston—and to answer the complaint filed therein (a copy of which accompanies this summons) within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service,) after the service on you of this summons—if served within this county, or if served out of this county, but within the Second Judicial District, within thirty days, or if served out of said district and within said Territory then within forty days and if served by publication, then within sixty days from the date of this summons—or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of said Court dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between you and the said plaintiff, and to obtain the custody of the said minor child, Charles Fredrick Doyle, as more fully set out in said complaint, and for costs of said suit; and you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief therein demanded

Witness ROGERS GREENE, Esquire, Judge of the said District Court, and the Seal of said Court, this 21st day of August A D 1878

{SEAL}

R. G O'BRIEN, Clerk

John B and J S Allen, Attys for Plaintiff

NOTICE

To all whom it may concern

WHEREAS THE COMMISSIONER OF THE General Land Office, in letter dated July 8th 1874, ordered that the lands in township 15 North, Range 1 West, in the district of lands for sale at Olympia, W T, should be withheld "from disposal as agricultural lands until the nonmineral character thereof shall have been fully established" And, whereas, WILLIAM F. YANTIS of Lewis county, W. T., who made homestead entry for land in said Township and Range viz; S½ of NW¼ of Sec 27—now makes application to make his final entry of said land, and has filed in this office his affidavit declaring that there is not within the limits of said land to his knowledge, any coal or other valuable mineral deposit, and tha said land is essentially nonmineral land

Now, therefore, in accordance with instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, it is ordered tha testimony touching the character of said described land shall be taken before the Register and Receiver of the United States District Land Office at their office in Olympia, W. T, on the 16th day of August A. D 1878, beginning at 10 o'clock A. M., at which place and time all persons having interest in the matter of the character of the above described land are required to appear and there and then to present such evidence as may serve to fully establish the character of said tract of land

Given under our hand, at the United States District Land Office at Olympia, W. T, this 6th day of July A. D, 1878

J T BROWN, Register
R. G STUART, Receiver.

SHERIFF'S SALE,

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT, OF WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
Holding terms at Olympia, Thurston County.

James Delgarduo,

vs

O Roland

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to, and by virtue of an Execution issued on the 22nd day of June, 1878, by the Clerk of the above described District Court, to me directed and delivered, I have levied on and taken into Execution the following described Real Estate, viz the NW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of Section 13, and E½ of SE¼ of Section 14, and the NW¼ of Section 17, and the NE¼ of Section 18, Township 18 N, Range One West, which on the 10th day of August, 1878, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the door of the Court House, of Thurston county, W T, I will sell the said real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy a judgment of $65 40-100, gold coin, and for costs rendered against the above named Defendant and in favor of the above named Plaintiff

WILLIAM BILLINGS,
Sheriff of Thurston County, W T

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON TERRITORY.
Holding terms at Olympia, Thurston County

W. I. C. Neate,

vs

O Rowland.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That pursuant to, and by virtue of an Execution issued by the Clerk of the above described court, to me directed and delivered, I have levied on and taken into execution the following described real estate, viz: the NW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of Sec. 13, and E½ of SE¼ of Sec 14, and the NW¼ of Sec 17, and the NE¼ of Sec 18, Township 18 North Range 1 West, and on the 10th day of August 1878 at 1 o'clock P. M at the door of the court house, of Thurston county, W. T., I will sell said real estate to satisfy a judgment rendered in the above entitled court and cause, for the sum of $37,49, and for interest, costs and increased costs

WILLIAM BILLINGS,
Sheriff of Thurston County, W. T,

EIGHT PER CENT., TWENTY-FIVE YEAR COUNTY BONDS.

TO CAPITALISTS.

THE THURSTON COUNTY RAILROAD Construction Company solicit bids for seventy-five thousand (75,000) dollars of Thurston County Bonds, made payable to bearer in twenty-five (25) years, but redeemable at the call of the county after ten (10) years from date of issue and bearing interest at the rate of eight (8) per cent per annum

These bonds are issued in denominations of one thousand ($1,000) dollars; five hundred ($500) dollars, and one hundred ($100) dollars, to the amount of twenty-five thousand ($25,000) dollars in each denomination with interest coupons payable on the first day of January of each and every year

The Company desire to place these bonds prior to September 1st, so those desiring to invest will govern themselves accordingly

For further information apply to the undersigned at Olympia, Washington Territory.

J. P. JUDSON.
E N OUIMETTE.
Committe.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, AT the annual session of the stockholders of the Thurston County Railroad Construction Company on Monday next, the polls will be open from 10 o'clock until 12 o'clock A M The election will be held at the office of J. P. Judson, President

L. P VENEN, Secretary,

Olympia, Aug, 2, 1878